

APPENDIX H

WATER WELL SURVEY PROGRAM

Water Well Survey Program Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project, Kingston, Ontario

Final Report September 7, 2012



Kingston Solar LP

Project No. 12-6428

Submitted by

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Attention:Mr. Simon KimSenior Manager, Solar Business Development

Water Well Survey Program Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project

Dear Mr. Kim:

Dillon Consulting Limited is pleased to provide Kingston Solar LP with the results of the water well survey program that was conducted between May and July, 2012. This report presents the results of the investigation and outlines recommended mitigation, monitoring and contingency plans for the construction and operation phases of the Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project as it pertains to the protection of well water quality.

Should you have any questions or comments, please contact the undersigned at your convenience.

Yours sincerely,

DILLON CONSULTING LIMITED

Darin Burr, M.Sc., P.Geo. for Michael Enright, B.Sc. Project Manager

DTB:enh Encl.

Our File: 12-6428

Dillon Consulting Limited

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1. INTRODUCTION

Dillon Consulting Limited (Dillon) was retained by Kingston Solar LP to conduct a private water well survey for the Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project (referred herein as the "Project"). The purpose of the survey was to obtain background information on the use of local aquifers as a potable water supply, and to assess groundwater quality conditions prior to site construction. This information will be used as input into a future monitoring and contingency program that would be enacted during construction and operation of the Project. Implementation of a groundwater monitoring and contingency program is a requirement of the Renewable Energy Approval (REA) process for sites that have been identified as "sensitive areas." Recently completed source protection mapping conducted under the *Clean Water Act* has identified much of the lands within the proposed Project as having high groundwater vulnerability. High vulnerability areas are considered to be sensitive areas.

1.1 Objectives and Work Scope

The scope of work was detailed in our May 17, 2012 proposal and was based on discussions with Kingston Solar LP and the Eastern Regional office of the Ontario Ministry of the Environment (MOE). A summary of the work activities completed are as follows:

- review of available information on the area hydrogeology and an inventory of properties that may use the local aquifer as their water supply;
- consultation with the MOE and the local Conservation Authority on the study work scope;
- identification of select property owners for participation in the sampling program and notification of these residences;
- collection of untreated well water samples at participating addresses and submission of the samples to an analytical laboratory for testing; water samples were tested for general potability requirements including general chemistry, nutrients, select metals and bacteria;
- completion of a homeowner survey to provide knowledge on well construction, water quality/quantity characteristics and location of potential nearby activities (septic systems, fuel storage etc.) that may pose a groundwater quality threat to the groundwater supply;
- provision of the chemical testing results to homeowners via individual letters;
- reviewing the existing Draft Construction Plan Report and the Draft Design and Operations Report and providing recommendations for additional mitigative actions to reduce the risk of groundwater quality impacts during construction and operation of the proposed solar facility

- recommending a contingency program to respond to any future complaints regarding well water impacts during construction and operation; and,
- submission of a report to Kingston Solar LP documenting the results.

1.2 Report Organization

This report is divided into several sections. **Section 1** introduces the study and outlines the work scope and objectives. **Section 2** summarizes background information on the Project and describes the groundwater resources and hydrogeology of the area. Study methodologies are presented in **Section 3**. The results of the private well testing and residential survey are presented in **Section 4** and discussed in **Section 5**. A proposed monitoring and contingency program is outlined in **Section 6**, followed by the study conclusions in **Section 7**.

1.3 Initial Disclaimer and Limiting Conditions

This report was prepared by Dillon Consulting Limited for the sole benefit of Kingston Solar LP. The conclusions reflect Dillon's best judgment in light of the information available to Dillon at the time of the report's preparation. Any use which a third party makes of this report or any reliance on or decisions made based on it are the responsibilities of such said third parties. Dillon accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.

2. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 **Project Description**

The proposed 100 MW (megawatt) Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project is located in eastern Ontario within the municipal boundaries of the City of Kingston and Loyalist Township (see **Figure 1** for Project location). The Project covers an area of approximately 261 ha, and is bounded by Quabbin Road to the north, Mud Lake Road/County Road 19 to the west, MacDonald Cartier Freeway (Highway 401) to the south and Highway 38 to the east. As outlined in the REA application (AMEC, 2012), the Project will consist of approximately 426,000 photovoltaic (PV) panels (arranged in approximately 1 MW blocks consisting of 4,260 PV panels each), inverter stations and transformers, a substation and an adjacent switchyard, a collector system of underground and/or overhead power lines and access roads. Temporary Project components that will be developed during the construction phase include laydown and storage areas, and access roadways. The proposed locations of the temporary and permanent infrastructure, as provided to Dillon by Kingston Solar LP, are reprinted in **Appendix A**.

2.2 Geological Setting

The proposed development is located in the physiographic area referred to as the Napanee Plain (Chapman and Putnam, 1984). This region is characterized by a flat to undulatory plain of exposed to shallow buried limestone bedrock. Provincial geological mapping (OGS, 1984) indicates that the limestone consists of the Paleozoic-age Gull River Formation which is dominant in the Kingston area (see **Figure 2**). This bedrock consists primarily of dolomitic limestone with minor interbedded shale. Underlying the Gull River Formation is arkosic sandstones, siltstone and shale of the Shadow Lake Formation; however, this unit is not present in all locations. Underling the Paleozoic-aged rocks is Precambrian-aged igneous and metamorphic bedrock. Water well records indicate that the Gull River Formation is >30 m thick in the Project area, and therefore the majority of wells in the area are expected to be completed in this formation. Overburden geological mapping (OGS, 1984) indicates that the surficial geology consists primarily of thin (<1 m) to absent glacial till that overlies the limestone bedrock. In some low lying areas, there are sporadic occurrences of laminated clays and silts that may attain thickness of a few metres. As shown in **Figure 2**, most of the Project area is located in areas of shallow to absent soils, however, thicker clay and silt deposits may be found in solar infrastructure areas P6A, P2 and P12.

2.3 Hydrogeology and Groundwater Flow

Aquifer Characteristics

The main aquifer in the Project area is the limestone bedrock. This aquifer is heavily fractured as a result of isostatic rebound, weathering and tectonic forces. In general, the amount of fractures will decrease with depth. Recharge to shallow water wells that tap the top portion of the bedrock aquifer will be from infiltrating precipitation that falls directly over the surrounding area. As a result of the unconfined nature of the fractured rock aquifer, recharge via an increase in aquifer storage is expected to be rapid following precipitation events. Recharge to deeper fractures that are intercepted by drilled wells will partially be from further upgradient locations. Shallow dug or blasted wells will likely recharge the quickest following precipitation events; however, they will also be more susceptible to water quantity problems during dry conditions. A water budget analysis (XCG, 2008) undertaken as part of the *Clean Water Act* (CWA) Assessment Report estimated an average groundwater recharge rate of 150 mm for the Millhaven Creek subwatershed, which encompasses the northern portions of the Project area. The estimated long-term average annual precipitation for the Millhaven subwatershed is 957 mm, of which 548 mm is lost to evapotranspiration (XCG, 2008).

Groundwater Flow

Groundwater flow directions in the shallow fractured rock aquifer are expected to be strongly influenced by local topography. Groundwater will be directed from areas of local topographic highs towards low lying areas such as creeks, lakes and wetlands. Deeper in the aquifer, groundwater flow directions are expected to be similar to the regional trend of a dominant southward flow towards Lake Ontario. Overall, shallow groundwater flow is expected to be influenced by local topography, while drilled wells, which often tap deeper water bearing horizons, will be subject to more regional flow conditions which may differ from the local topography. It is noted that most of the wells identified in the Ontario Water Well Record are drilled, and there is little information on shallow dug wells, even though survey results presented herein suggest that almost half of the wells in the area are of the dug/blasted type.

Estimation of groundwater flow directions in the Project area was based on a review of topographical information (MNR, 2012) and analysis of the mapped potentiometric surface. The potentiometric surface elevations were calculated as part of the Groundwater Vulnerability Assessment Report

(Dillon, 2008) and are based on data from the Ontario Water Well Records, processed following MOE protocols that were used in the Provincial regional groundwater studies. Topographic contours are most useful in estimating groundwater flow conditions for shallow dug or blasted wells, as flow in these wells will generally be from areas of high ground elevation to low elevation. Potentiometric surface contours, which primarily reflect conditions in drilled wells in the area, can be used to estimate general deeper regional groundwater flow directions. Note that the identified flow directions are very approximate considering the inaccuracies inherent to the well record database and the data interpolation methods. The actual direction of groundwater flow will depend upon local conditions such as actual well location, depth of well, depth of water table and properties of the fractures that are intercepted in each well. Figure 3 shows the topographic contours (yellow contours) and the footprint of the proposed development areas within the Project. Arrows showing the estimated direction of groundwater flow based on the calculated potentiometric surface (shown as black lines) are presented. Based on this interpretation, shallow groundwater flow in the western portion of the development (infrastructure areas P19 to P23) is expected to be towards Odessa Lake; however, some flow in the southern portions of this area, including infrastructure area P24 may be southwards. Estimated groundwater flow near infrastructure areas P7-P10, P11A is expected to be northwest towards Odessa Lake. Shallow groundwater flow in infrastructure areas P1, P2, P3, P4, P6A, P12 and P14 is expected to be predominantly southeast, south or southwest. However groundwater flow near shallow wells may be more influenced by local topographic conditions resulting in deviations from the estimated regional flow directions. In these situations, shallow flow directions are potentially towards local creeks. For example, shallow groundwater flow directions near the northern portion of infrastructure area P12 maybe northward towards a tributary in this area; even though the regional groundwater flow conditions suggest a southerly component of flow. Groundwater flow rates within the aquifer are expected to be highly variable and are therefore difficult to predict. Nevertheless, rates between centimetres to metres per day can be expected in fractured limestone aquifers.

Aquifer Vulnerability

Recently completed hydrogeological mapping performed by the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority (CRCA) indicates a large portion of the Cataraqui watershed, including the majority of the Project lands, has having a high aquifer vulnerability. The aquifer vulnerability map is reprinted in **Appendix A**, and was produced as part of technical studies required under the *Clean Water Act* (CWA). The CWA, and the associated regulations, define high vulnerability aquifers, as "*an aquifer* on which external sources have or are likely to have a significant adverse effect, and include the land above the aquifer." In practice, high vulnerability aquifers are sensitive to contamination from land uses that may pose a risk of release of chemicals to the ground surface. High vulnerability aquifers often lack thick deposits of lower permeability surface units (such as clay, silt etc.) that would inhibit transportation of the chemicals from the surface into the aquifer.

2.4 Potable Water Use of Groundwater

The proposed Project is located in rural portions of the City of Kingston and Loyalist Township that are not municipally serviced. Potable water is supplied mainly by privately owned water wells that tap into the underlying limestone bedrock aquifer. Based on an air photo analysis of the number of developed properties within the study area, it is estimated that there are approximately 120 residences, farms or businesses within 500 m of the development that use groundwater as the potable water resource. The approximate locations of these wells, based on available information, are presented in **Figure 3**. Based on our review of the water well records and from survey information obtained from property owners during this investigation, both blasted and drilled wells exist.

No records of large water users that would require a permit to take water for groundwater use were identified in the immediate vicinity of the proposed Project. In addition, no municipal water supply wellhead protection areas are located within the Project area, based on our review of the most recent source protection mapping.

Based on the unconfined nature of the aquifer, lack of low permeability material overlying the bedrock, and the dominance of fractures near surface, it is expected that groundwater quality, and therefore raw water quality, will be sensitive to nearby land use activities that may potentially discharge chemicals, nutrients or animal/human waste to the subsurface.

3. STUDY METHODOLOGY

Investigative methodologies used during this study are presented in this section.

3.1 Consultation with Regulatory Officials

Prior to implementing the field work program, study team members consulted with the MOE and the local conservation authority (Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority) for their input. A summary of the consultation efforts is presented below.

Ontario Ministry of the Environment

Dillon contacted the MOE Eastern Regional Office via email on May 1, 2012, to inquire about methodologies and protocols associated with assessing potential groundwater impacts from solar installations. Mr. Frank Crossley, Senior Hydrogeologist, responded to Dillon via email on May 2, 2012, and provided guidance on the required assessment program. Mr. Crossley stated that if the project was located within an area classified as "environmentally sensitive," a groundwater monitoring program should be implemented prior to commencement of the construction phase of the project. The Ministry stated that the Eastern Region Groundwater Unit recommends that the monitoring program could consist of either: a) monitoring of a select number of existing private wells in the area, or b) proponent develop a monitoring network through the construction of new monitoring wells that collect water that is representative of the nearby wells. All collected water samples are to be analyzed by a qualified laboratory for general potability ("subdivision suite"). MOE provided a list of the recommended analysis parameters. Furthermore, MOE stated that following completion of the study, a report, including a contingency plan, be prepared by a qualified person, and submitted to the ministry. A copy of the correspondence between Dillon and the MOE is presented in **Appendix A**.

Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority

Mr. A. José De Armas of Kingston Solar LP, and Mr. Darin Burr of Dillon, met with Conservation Authority staff on June 1, 2012. Mr. Rob McRae, Source Protection Manager of the Cataraqui Source Protection Area and Mr. John C. Williamson, Source Protection Committee Chair, were in attendance. The purpose of the meeting was to present the scope and schedule of the proposed monitoring program, and to answer questions that the Conservation Authority may have regarding the project.

3.2 Public Communications

Prior to collection of the well water samples, a public communication program was developed through consultation with Kingston Solar LP. The communication program consisted of the following elements:

- issuance of project notification letters to select residences that were identified for participation in the survey; letters were hand delivered to individual mailboxes on June 1, 2012;
- contacting of homeowners by telephone, and scheduling of water sampling; questions on the water sampling program were also answered as needed; and,
- Provision of water quality testing results to homeowners.

Information that was developed as part of the communication program is presented in **Appendix B**.

3.3 Well Water Sampling and Resident Survey

Implementation of the well water sampling program was conducted between June 11, 2012 and July 4, 2012. The sampling program was designed to collect a representative number of water well samples over the geographic area that covers the majority of proposed major development sites. Selection of the residents to sample was based on several factors including proximity of the well to the proposed development area and position of the well relative to the estimated local groundwater flow direction. Preference was given to those wells located topographically downgradient and within 500 m of proposed major development areas. Where more than one well was present in a given direction (common condition along Mud Lake Road and Unity Road), the well closest to the proposed development was chosen for sampling. It should be noted that the ability to sample all selected properties relied on the willingness and/or availability of the homeowner to participate in the survey. Overall, 60 addresses were contacted and 32 addresses were available for sampling.

Sample Collection

Well water samples were collected following standard industry protocols and were analyzed for bacteria, alkalinity, ammonia, nitrate, nitrite, calcium, chloride, colour, conductivity, DOC, hardness, iron, magnesium, manganese, pH, potassium, sodium, sulphate, TDS and turbidity, as recommended by the MOE. Water samples were collected from each house participating in the groundwater study and placed immediately on ice. Where a treatment system was present (e.g., sediment filter, UV

light, or water softener etc.), an attempt was made to collect the sample prior to treatment. When collecting a sample from a water faucet, any garden hose, aerator, or spray-type attachment was removed and the surface of the tap cleaned with diluted bleach placed on a clean paper towel. The water was allowed to run for a minimum of five minutes prior to sample collection.

Samples were submitted to Exova laboratory in Kingston within 24 hours of collection, with the exception of samples collected on the weekend that were submitted directly to the Ottawa Exova laboratory within 48 hours of collection.

Overall, 32 properties were sampled, with one quality assurance/quality control duplicate sample obtained. Additionally, 19 locations were re-sampled to confirm detections of coliform and/or *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) bacteria. Four additional property owners were visited, but samples were not collected as the property did not use a well (e.g., cistern only). Eleven properties were contacted and declined to participate in the sampling program.

The majority of water samples were collected by Dillon staff between June 11 and June 16, 2012, with additional follow-up samples collected on July 4, 2012.

Sampling Survey

At the time of sample collection, property owners were asked to complete an information survey which included a series of questions covering topics related to their well. Topics covered included water quality and quantity, frequency of water testing, water use, etc. The level of completion of each survey varied considerably, depending on the amount of time the residence owner had occupied the dwelling and depending on the residents' knowledge of their water system. The survey form is reprinted in **Appendix C**.

Sampling Results Notification

The laboratory reports are presented in **Appendix E**. Bacteriological testing results including total coliform, and *E*. *Coli* were provided by the laboratory within two business days of sample collection. Where contact could be made, owners of wells where *E*. *Coli* was detected at concentrations significantly exceeding the Ontario Drinking Water Standards, were notified by telephone upon receipt of the laboratory report. At the completion of the study, the analytical reports were mailed to each sampling participant. A letter was provided with the reports identifying exceedances of the

health and non-health related Ontario Drinking Water Standards for the tested parameters. An example homeowner report is presented in **Appendix B**.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control

Quality Assurance and Quality Control was conducted for the field work, laboratory analysis and reporting elements of the project.

Quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) procedures were implemented in the field and by the laboratory to demonstrate that the data generated was of a level of quality suitable for its intended purposes. Field QA/QC procedures included the collection of field duplicate samples, the use of new sampling equipment and/or appropriate equipment cleaning procedures, proper sample containment, preservation, handling and transportation and adherence to published standards for field methodologies. Laboratory QA/QC procedures included the use of an accredited laboratory, the use of detection limits appropriate for the required evaluation, the use of acceptable laboratory methods, analysis of laboratory blank and spike samples and laboratory reference standards. The results of the QA/QC program are presented in **Appendix D**. Overall, the results of the testing are deemed to be representative of site conditions.

4. STUDY RESULTS

4.1 Residential Sampling

A summary of the results of the well sampling are tabulated below. A detailed list of property owners that were contacted is presented in **Table 1** (following report text). The location of addresses contacted and those that were sampled are presented in **Figure 3**.

| Category | # of Addresses |
|---|----------------|
| Initial Target for Properties to be Contacted/Wells sampled | 50 |
| Number of Addresses Contacted | 60 |
| Number of Samples Obtained | 32 |
| Addresses where well not present/not used | 4 |
| Addresses that could not be reached/unavailable | 13 |
| Addresses that declined sampling | 11 |

The target number of sampled wells was 50; however, after contacting 60 properties, 32 addresses were available to be sampled. The remaining 28 properties that were contacted could not be sampled either because the owner declined sampling, was not home/unavailable for sampling, or did not use

a well for their potable water supply. One property was not sampled as the well was recharged by rainwater that discharged into the well from the adjacent building's eaves trough. The water quality in this well was not considered representative of natural groundwater conditions.

4.2 Homeowner Survey

A summary of the survey results are tabulated below.

| Category | Results * | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Number of Residence who completed survey | 32 (100%) | | | |
| Well Type | | | | |
| Number of dug wells | 15 (50% of total) | | | |
| Reported minimum, maximum and median depth of wells | 3 m, 8 m, 6 m | | | |
| Number of drilled wells | 13 (44% of total) | | | |
| Reported minimum, maximum and median depth of wells | 8 m, 30 m, 18 m | | | |
| Number of shore wells | 2 (6% of total) | | | |
| Wells of unknown construction | 2 | | | |
| Water Quantity Comments | | | | |
| Dug Wells - Reported number of wells where water quantity has been | 9 out of 15 | | | |
| restricted from time to time, well has gone dry, or water has been trucked in | (60% of reported total) | | | |

| Category | Results* | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Drilled Wells - Reported number of wells where water quantity has been | 3 out of 12 | | | |
| restricted from time to time, well has gone dry, or water has been trucked in | (25% of reported total) | | | |
| Water Quality Comments | | | | |
| Dug Wells | | | | |
| - sulphur odour and/or taste or other smell | 8 out of 12 (66%) | | | |
| - occasional discolouration | 1 out of 13 (8%) | | | |
| - iron problems | 0 out of 12 (0%) | | | |
| - no problems reported | 3 out of 12 (25%) | | | |
| Drilled Wells | | | | |
| - sulphur odour and/or taste | 6 out of 12 (50%) | | | |
| - occasional discolouration | 0 out of 12 (0%) | | | |
| - iron problems | 4 out of 12 (33%) | | | |
| - no problems reported | 5 out of 12 (42%) | | | |

* % based only on those surveys that reported for question

Overall, the survey indicates that there are a large number of dug or blasted wells in the area. This information is in contrast to the MOE water well information system which indicates that only drilled wells are located near the Project. This discrepancy suggests that many of the dug wells in the area of the Project have not been registered in the provincial database or have been incorrectly registered as being drilled. In general, the survey indicates that many of the dug and/or blasted wells appear susceptible to low water yield problems, especially during times of drought. Homeowners with drilled wells reported fewer water quantity problems. The median depth of the reported well depths was 6 m for dug wells and 18 m for drilled wells.

With respect to water quality in terms of taste and odour, a majority of the residences reported sulphur odour/taste problems. These problems appear to be most reported for dug wells (66%) than drilled wells (50%). No problems were reported for 25% of the dug wells and 42% of the drilled wells. Iron problems are most predominantly reported by owners of drilled wells (33%) than dug wells (0%).

It is also noted that some owners of shore wells reported discolouration from time to time, especially in the spring or late summer, which is expected considering shore wells will be heavily influenced by conditions within the surface water body that they draw from.

4.3 Water Quality Testing Results

Water quality testing results are presented in **Table 2** (following text). Graphical plots of the data are presented in **Appendix D**. A summary of the main observations from the water quality tests are presented below. Results are grouped by well type (dug/blasted and drilled).

| SUMMARY OF WATER QUALITY TESTING | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Dug/Blasted* Wells | | Drilled Wells | | | | |
| Parameter | Units | Range/(median) | exceeding ODWS | Range/(median) | exceeding ODWS | | | |
| Microbiology | | | | | | | | |
| E. Coli | cts/100m l | 0 – 12 (0) | 27% | 0-342 (0) | 33% | | | |
| Total Coliform | cts/100m l | 0 – 260 (18) | 80% | 0 - 1900 (14) | 58% | | | |
| General Chemistry | | | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity | mg/L | 99 - 373 (289) | 0% | 213 – 375 (266) | 0% | | | |
| Chloride | mg/L | 1 – 330 (10) | 6% | 4 - 364 (85) | 25% | | | |
| Colour | TCU | 2 – 13 (5) | 50% | 2 - 30 (6) | 50% | | | |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | mg/L | 1.3 – 5.2 (2.7) | 6% | 1.4 – 7.4 (2.7) | 8% | | | |
| Nitrite | mg/L | < 0.1 - < 0.1 | 0% | < 0.1 - < 0.1 | 0% | | | |
| | C | (<0.1) | | (<0.1) | | | | |
| Nitrate | mg/L | 0 - 1.45 (0) | 0% | 0.22 - 3.64 (0.45) | 0% | | | |
| Sulphate | mg/L | 7 – 57 (26) | 0% | 9 - 68 (26) | 0% | | | |
| TDS | mg/L | 211 - 1050 (422) | 25% | 318 - 1200 (490) | 50% | | | |
| Turbidity | mg/L | 0.1 – 1.2 (0.4) | 0% | 0.2 - 8.4 (0.9) | 17% | | | |
| Hardness | mg/L | 111 - 370 (320) | 100% | 204 - 546 (270) | 100% | | | |
| Sodium | mg/L | 3 – 190 (15) | 0% | 3 - 219 (42) | 17% | | | |
| Iron | mg/L | 0-0.26 (0.02) | 6% | 0.08 - 2.09 (0.4) | 42% | | | |
| Manganese | mg/L | 0-0.15 (0) | 19% | 0.01 – 0.54 (0.01) | 8% | | | |

*Shore wells not included;

ODWS: Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June 2003, Revised, 2006

Key observations from this comparison are as follows:

- bacteria were detected in approximately 80% of the wells, with *E. Coli* detected in 33% of drilled wells and 27% of dug/blasted wells; both dug/blasted and drilled wells appear susceptible to bacteria contamination;
- nitrates were not detected in any of the wells above the ODWS;
- well water is hard, with the greatest hardness and total dissolved solids being in drilled wells; drilled wells are more prone to high iron content (63% of wells) and high manganese (17% of wells) compared with dug/blasted wells;
- sodium and chloride concentrations above ODWS are common, especially in drilled wells; the origin of the sodium and chloride is expected to be predominantly natural; however, contamination from water softeners (elevated sodium) or road salt is possible for some situations; and,
- raw water turbidity is generally within ODWS for most wells.

5. **DISCUSSION**

5.1 Vulnerability of Private Well Supply

Residences, businesses and farms in the vicinity of the Project use groundwater as their water supply. In most cases, the wells are also used for potable purposes, with some exceptions (such as irrigation use only). The utilized fractured limestone aquifer can be considered as unconfined, and in most areas, is not overlain by protective low permeability deposits. Furthermore, survey results indicate that many of the wells are of the dug/blasted type and will therefore be recharged by shallow groundwater. As a result of all these factors, the wells in the area of the Project are deemed to be susceptible to contamination from land use activities that would discharge chemicals to the ground surface or potentially increase suspended solids that would enter into the aquifer via shallow fractures. Susceptibility of the well to contamination will depend on individual well construction such as placement and condition of annular seals, and proximity of the well to the source of contamination.

As is evident by the water quality testing, many of the wells show evidence of contamination from human or animal source bacteria. Approximately 27% of the dug wells and 33% of the drilled wells contained *E. Coli*. The data supports the conclusion that the wells are in a vulnerable aquifer and well water is susceptible to contamination from surface activities. Common sources of bacterial contamination in rural areas include discharges from septic systems and the storage/application of agricultural source material (e.g., manure fertlizer, barnyards etc.).

5.2 Assessment of Water Quality Impacts from proposed Project Activities

An assessment of potential water quality impacts from the proposed Project was performed for both the construction and operation/maintenance project aspects. A detailed assessment of potential negative effects, mitigation strategies, monitoring plan and contingency measures is presented in the Draft Design and Operations Report (AMEC, 2012a) and the Draft Construction Plan Report (AMEC, 2012b). A review of particular Project related activities that may pose a risk to groundwater and an assessment of the significance of these risks is discussed in the sections below.

5.2.1 Design and Operation Activities

PV Panel Foundation Supports

The design of the solar installation will involve the construction of numerous solar panel support foundations that will extend to, or be embedded into, the limestone bedrock. Conservation Authority staff stated that some members of the local Source Protection Committee are concerned that the placement of foundations may increase the vulnerability of the aquifer. The expressed concern is that the placement of closely set support columns or foundation support anchors (depending on construction design chosen) may increase fracturing of the shallow bedrock, and that these fractures may enhance contaminant migration into the subsurface.

Dillon assessed this concern through the review of geological information and the preliminary design plans of the foundation footings supplied by Kingston Solar LP (reprinted in **Appendix A**). Design plans indicate that three potential types of footing supports are being considered. Kingston Solar LP stated that the type of foundation used will be decided by the contractor. The three potential foundations types are as follows.

Foundation Option 1: Overburden will be excavated to bedrock and the rock surface leveled with lean concrete prior to the placement of a concrete pad foundation. The foundation will be backfilled with compacted fill.

Foundation Option 2: Concrete foundation will be fastened to the bedrock surface with four anchors at each corner of the foundation. The annular space around the anchors and the bedrock would be filled with lean concrete.

Foundation Option 3: Asteel support post will be embedded into the bedrock. The post would penetrate the top 2 m of the bedrock, and will be cemented in place with grout.

Analysis of the potential impacts to groundwater quality was performed by considering whether the foundation design would increase the vulnerability of the aquifer compared with pre-existing conditions. For Option 1, the removal of the soil to the bedrock would cause a temporary increase in vulnerability, as the overburden provided a partial level of protection, albeit small because of its

limited thickness. The increase in aquifer vulnerability would be mitigated by backfilling of the excavation with compacted fill. Option 2 involves the installation of foundation anchors into the top portion of the bedrock surface, which could cause additional fracturing. Since the design requires that the cavities in the bedrock surface be filled with neat concrete, many of the shallow fractures would likely be sealed. Option 3 involves drilling/blasting a hole into the bedrock, which could cause additional fracturing along the edges of the hole. The risk of these fractures posing as potential groundwater flow pathways is deemed low as the hole is filled with grout that would seal the fractures. Regardless of the foundation option chosen, the risk of significantly increasing the vulnerability of the aquifer is deemed low when considering that the portion of the bedrock aquifer (top 2 m) that is affected during foundation construction is already heavily fractured. While it is reasonable to assume that the construction of the foundation may introduce new fractures, the incremental effect of these fractures on the vulnerability of the aquifer is considered small. Furthermore, considering that the operation of the solar installation will not involve the use of chemicals, pesticides or fuels, the potential incremental increase in fractures of the top portion of the bedrock surface will not result in an increased risk of groundwater contamination.

Sewage Disposal – Operations Building

The operations building will include a septic tank for holding of sanitary wastes from the washrooms and kitchen. Wastes will be removed by a licensed waste hauler. The septic tank will be equipped with a monitoring system and high level alarm. Considering that there is no potable water wells within 100 m of the proposed operations building, impacts to neighbouring water supplies from accidentals leaks/spills from the holding tank is not anticipated.

Waste Generation

The Draft Design and Operations Report (AMEC, 2012a) states that no significant quantities of wastes will be generated. Waste materials would be primarily limited to materials generated during maintenance activities such as batteries and minor amounts of domestic waste. For these wastes, a site-specific waste collection and disposal management plan will be implemented during operation. No adverse impacts are expected to nearby potable water supplies based on waste generation activities at the facility.

Storm Water Management

Increased sediment loading to the shallow portions of the aquifer as a result of erosion and runoff is identified as a potential concern if no mitigative actions are taken. As a result of the shallow fractured rock aquifer, potable wells in close proximity (< 100 m) to areas of erosion and sediment laden storm water may be susceptible to turbidity impact. A Draft Stormwater Management (SWM) Plan (AMEC, 2012c) has been developed for runoff control for the project. As part of this plan, mitigative actions have been identified to improve the quality of stormwater runoff by the inclusion of grassed filter strips. Areas under and within the panel array blocks will be seeded with grass that will also act as filter strips to improve run-off quality. The Draft Design and Operations Report also includes regular monitoring of the drainage system to ensure that erosion is not occurring and to mitigate detected issues in a timely manner. Once the mitigative actions identified in these reports are applied, together with implementation of additional mitigation actions recommended in **Section 5.2.2** of the current report, no significant potential for impacts to nearby water wells from storm water management are expected.

Contamination from Chemical/Fuel Usage/Accidental Releases

With the exception of transformer oil fluids associated with the substation, bulk storage of fuels or chemicals will not occur. Mitigative strategies identified in the Draft Design and Operations report include: a) implementation of an Emergency Response and Communications Plan to minimize spill impact and b) provision of secondary containment for the substation transformer that will allow detection of leaks. Once the mitigative actions are applied, no significant impacts to nearby potable water wells are identified.

Cleaning of the PV modules may be occasionally required. Cleaning will use potable water from off-site sources and not use chemical cleaners. As a result, no potential effects to groundwater are identified.

Weed control will be limited to removal of noxious weeds by manual or other means. No widespread application of herbicides is planned. Overall, no impacts to nearby potable water wells from weed control are identified.

5.2.2 Construction Activities

Impacts from Accidental Fuel Spillage/Releases from Equipment

Mitigative actions to prevent adverse impacts from accidental fuel spillage from equipment will be identified in the Construction and Emergency Response and Communication Plan. This plan will be implemented by the contractor as part of the construction contract (AMEC, 2012b). This plan requires that spills are cleaned up in an effective and timely manner. Procedures to ensure appropriate storage/handling/transportation of wastes generated during construction will be detailed in a Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Waste Management Plan (AMEC, 2012b).

In addition to the identified mitigative measures, we recommend no equipment refueling, or vehicle/equipment/machinery storage to occur within 100 m of a potable water well

Impacts from Stormwater Run-off

Potential water quality impacts could occur from increased erosion and sediment loading to temporary drainage areas during construction where bedrock is shallow, or excavation activities expose bedrock surfaces. Sediment containing runoff may potentially enter fractures, and could cause turbidity problems to wells in close proximity to the construction zone. The Draft Construction Plan Report (AMEC, 2012b) identifies an erosion and sediment control program that will be implemented to alleviate run-off related issues during construction.

In addition to the identified mitigative measures, we recommend that temporary stockpiles of soil not be placed within 100 m of water wells. Furthermore, run-off water should not be allowed to pond within 100 m of water well.

Impacts to Bedrock from Foundation Construction

The construction method that will be used to anchor the foundations of the PV module panels will be selected by the contractor. Should controlled blasting be selected as a construction option, it is recommended that this method not be used within 100 m of a water well. Blasting near water wells could result in opening new fractures in the bedrock, and change groundwater flow patterns to the well, resulting in potential changes to well yield and/or quality.

Waste Generation

As stated in the Draft Construction Plan Report, minor quantities of waste materials will be generated during construction such as packaging, pallets and scrap metal. Quantities of non-hazardous wastes and domestic waste will be removed to a licensed landfill. Minor amounts of hazardous waste that are generated by construction equipment maintenance will be stored in a secured area and removed by a licensed waste contractor. Washroom facilities for the construction crews will be portable and wastes removed by a licensed waste hauler. As a result of these mitigative actions, no potential negative effects to water wells from waste generation during construction is identified.

6. PROPOSED MONITORING AND CONTINGENCY PROGRAM

The following monitoring and contingency program is identified during the construction and operation phases of the Project. This program is specific to addressing potential impacts associated with groundwater quality to the nearby water wells. Additional information on mitigative and monitoring activities is presented in the Draft Design and Operations Report (AMEC, 2012a) and the Draft Construction Plan Report (AMEC, 2012b).

6.1 Construction Phase

The following monitoring program is recommended during construction:

- implementation of all monitoring and reporting activities identified in the Draft Construction Plan Report (AMEC, 2012b);
- ongoing monitoring of runoff conditions should be performed to ensure that runoff water not be allowed to pond within 100 m of nearby private wells;
- well water samples should be taken from all private wells located within 100 m of the active construction area. Samples should be analyzed for the same parameters as obtained during the baseline sampling program (conducted summer, 2012); analytical results should be provided to the homeowner; and,
- a qualified person should assess the sampling results to determine if there is evidence of unacceptable water quality degradation from construction activities; should such conditions exist, Kingston Solar LP should implement the protocols listed below under the Complaint Resolution and Contingency Plan.

6.2 **Operations Phase**

The need and extent of monitoring during operation will be based on further consultation with the MOE. It is our understanding the MOE (Approvals) has recently required groundwater monitoring programs to be implemented as a condition of approval on some large-scale solar projects in Ontario (e.g., Grand Renewal Energy Park – solar component). For the Grand Renewal Energy Park (Solar), the required monitoring program includes the installation of monitoring wells upgradient and downgradient of the solar installations, and monitoring of water quality and water levels for two years following construction. Monitoring of residential wells in the immediate vicinity of the solar infrastructure is also required.

6.3 Complaint Resolution and Contingency Plan

In the event that a complaint arises during the construction or operation of the Kingston Solar LP facility, it is recommended that the following contingency plan be implemented. This plan is based on input from the Eastern Regional MOE Office. We recommend that the contingency plan be adaptive in nature, as the course of action will depend upon the specific situation and severity of the identified issue. As a minimum, the contingency plan will include the following:

- a water sample will be obtained from the well water in question and submitted as "high priority" to a qualified laboratory; the data will be assessed by a qualified person, and if the problem is to be related to construction or operation activities at the site, then bottled water will be immediately provided to the impacted party;
- the MOE will be notified of any complaints and provided with an action plan to address these complaints; the action plan will be based on the nature and severity of the complaint; discussions will be held with MOE staff to confirm the appropriate frequency and duration of water quality testing for the affected well;
- implementation of the agreed upon monitoring program will occur and the results will be provided to the homeowner and the MOE; and,
- depending upon the outcome of the investigation, an alternate water supply will be provided to the affected property owner, as required.

7. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The following conclusions are made based on the results of this study.

- The proposed Project site is located in an area of high aquifer vulnerability. The MOE requires that as part of the REA approval, solar projects located in sensitive groundwater environments undergo a groundwater assessment. This assessment includes sampling a select number of private wells in the proposed area of the Project and developing a contingency program to address any future groundwater complaints from adjacent water users.
- 2) To address the requirements of the MOE, a water well sampling program was implemented. Design of the program was based on consultation with the MOE Eastern Regional office. The Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority was also consulted regarding the program. The sampling program focused on taking raw water quality samples from a select number of private wells that are within 500 m of the proposed Project area. This information was collected to assess the baseline groundwater conditions prior to construction.
- 3) A total of 60 addresses were contacted by letter, telephone or in person to request participation in the sampling program. Of the 60 contacted addresses, samples were collected from 32 addresses. The remaining 28 properties contacted could not be sampled because they either declined sampling, were not home/unavailable for sampling, or did not use a well for their potable water supply. Collected water samples were tested for general chemistry, select metals and bacteria and the results compared to the Ontario Drinking Water Standards. A homeowner survey was also completed at the time of the water sampling.
- 4) Raw water quality testing results indicated that the groundwater conditions are susceptible to contamination from land use activities. Approximately 80% of the tested wells contained bacterial contamination in excess of the Ontario Drinking Water Standards. Elevated hardness, iron, chloride and sodium were also detected; however, many of these parameters are expected to have a natural origin.

- 5) An assessment of water quality risk from the construction and operation of the Project was performed. Assessed activities included construction of foundation supports, sewage disposal, waste generation, stormwater management and chemical/fuel management. Mitigative actions previously outlined in the Draft Design and Operations Report (AMEC, 2012a) and the Draft Construction Plan Report (AMEC, 2012b) were highlighted. Additional mitigation actions specific to the protection of water wells were identified. The most significant risk identified was the potential introduction of sediment into the shallow fractures of the bedrock during construction as a result of storm runoff. The risk relates to potential increasing of turbidity in wells that are close (within 100 m) of the construction zone. Identified mitigative actions to reduce this risk (beyond those identified in the Construction Report) include restricting temporary stockpiling of soils and not allowing runoff water to pond within 100 m of water wells.
- 6) Based on the results of this assessment, a monitoring and contingency program was developed. The monitoring program should follow those activities outlined in the Draft Construction Plan Report and Draft Design and Operations Report such as monitoring for erosion. The monitoring program should include water quality testing of water wells that are in close proximity (within 100 m) of the construction activities during the active construction phases. The need for long term operational monitoring will be based on future consultation with the MOE.
- 7) A contingency program is identified for any well water complaints that may arise during the construction and operation of the facility. This contingency program includes notification and reporting requirements, assessment of the complaint by a qualified engineer or geoscientist, and the requirement to provide a temporary source of potable water to the complainant should the solar facility be identified as the cause of the well water quality issue.

8. LIMITATIONS

This report was prepared exclusively for the purposes, project and site location outlined in the report. The report is based on information provided to, or obtained by Dillon Consulting Limited (Dillon) as indicated in the report, and applies solely to site conditions existing at the time of the site investigation.

This report was prepared by Dillon for the sole benefit of Kingston Solar LP. The material in the report reflects Dillon's best judgment in light of the information available to Dillon at the time of preparation. Any use which a third party (i.e., a party other than our Client) makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions made based on it, are the responsibilities of such third parties. Dillon accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.

9. **REFERENCES**

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FIGURES



KINGSTON SOLAR LP

WATER WELL SAMPLING PROGRAM

PROJECT LOCATION FIGURE 1 HIGHWAYS ARTERIAL ROADS ARTERIAL ROADS I LEASED PROPERTIES WOODED AREA WATERBODY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES



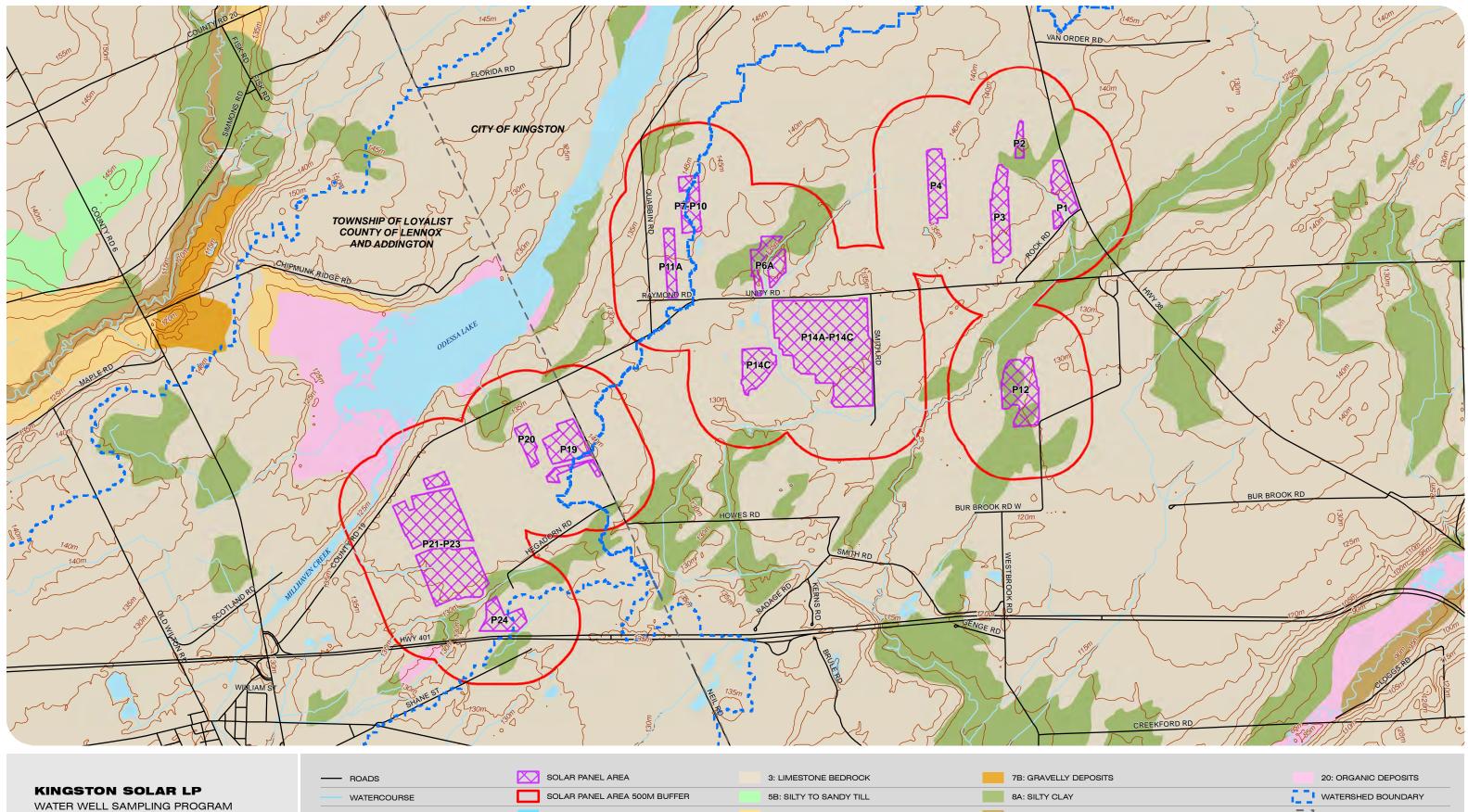
MAP DRAWING INFORMATION: DATA PROVIDED BY MNR

MAP CREATED BY: PFM MAP CHECKED BY: DB MAP PROJECTION: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18N

G:\GIS\126428 Kingston Solar\GIS Data\Design\Mxd Name: Figure 1 - Key Plan.mxd



PROJECT: 12-6428 STATUS: FINAL DATE: 07/24/12



| ROADS | SOLAR PANEL AREA | 3: LIMESTONE BEDROCK | 7B: GRAVELLY DEPOSITS |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| WATERCOURSE | SOLAR PANEL AREA 500M BUFFER | 5B: SILTY TO SANDY TILL | 8A: SILTY CLAY |
| TOPOGRAPHY (MASL) | WATERBODY | 7A: SANDY DEPOSITS | 19: MODERN ALLUVIAL E |

DILLON

SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

FIGURE 2

MAP DRAWING INFORMATION: DATA PROVIDED BY MNR

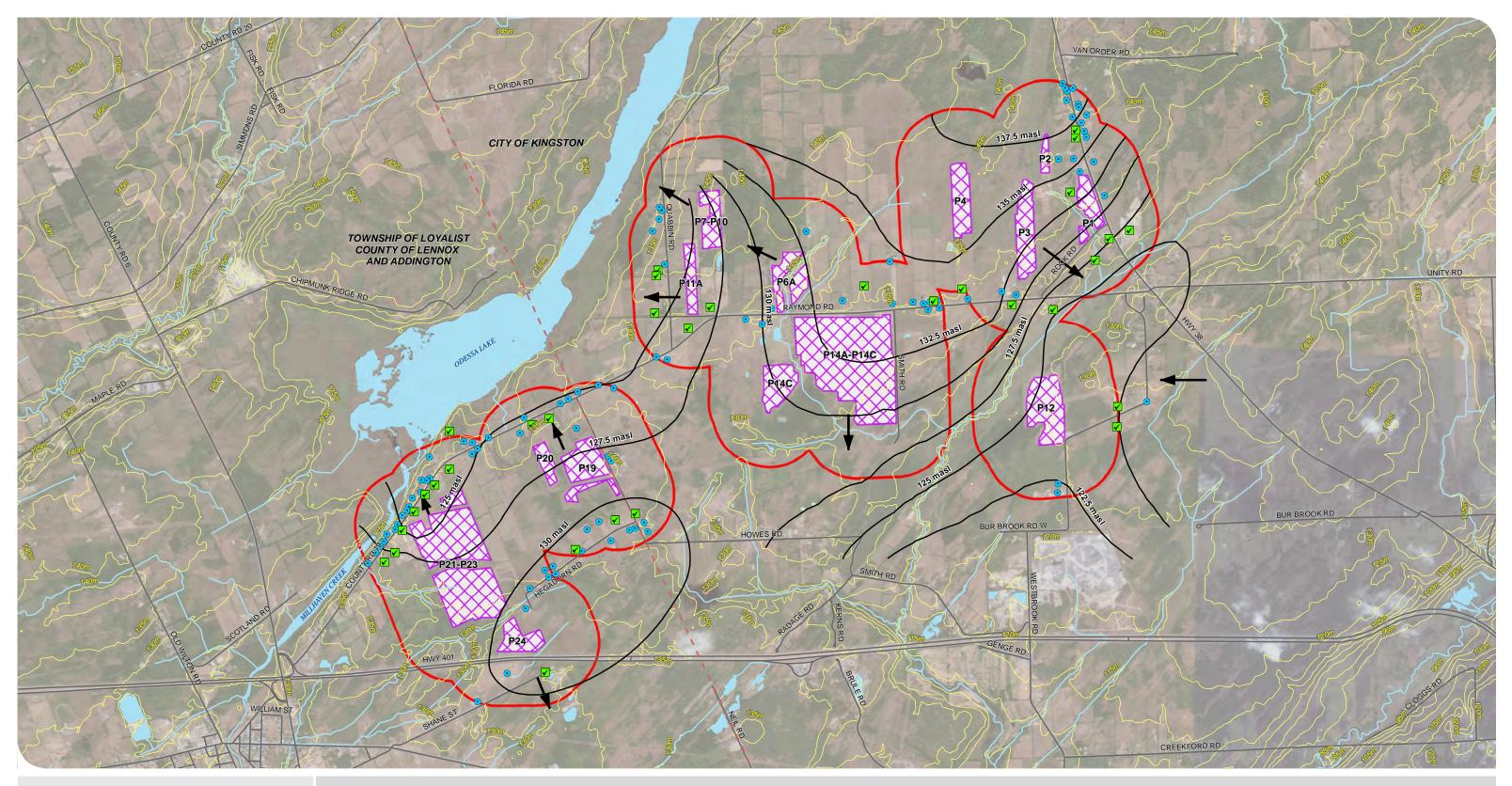
MAP CREATED BY: PFM MAP CHECKED BY: DB MAP PROJECTION: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18N

0 0.25 0.5 1 km

SCALE 1:33,000

DEPOSITS

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| KINGSTON SOLAR LP |
|-----------------------------|
| WATER WELL SAMPLING PROGRAM |

PRIVATE WELL SAMPLING LOCATIONS FIGURE 3



• OTHER POTENTIAL WELL LOCATION (NOT SAMPLED)

ESTIMATED DEEP GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION

VELL SAMPLED

MAP DRAWING INFORMATION: DATA PROVIDED BY MNR

WATERCOURSE

----- ROADS

MAP CREATED BY: PFM MAP CHECKED BY: DB MAP PROJECTION: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18N

0 0.25 0.5

SCALE 1:33,000

* FROM GROUNDWATER VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT REPORT (DILLON, 2008)

----- ESTIMATED POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE ELEVATION *

1 km

| ТОРОДВАРНУ | WATERBODY |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| SOLAR AREA | MUNICIPAL BOUNDARY |
| SOLAR PANEL 500M BUFFER | |
| | |
| | |

G:\GIS\126428 Kingston Solar\GIS Data\Design\Mxd\Revised Report\ Name: Figure 3 - Private Well Sampling Locations (Public).mxd

TABLES

Table 1: Sampling Program Kingston Solar LP, Kingston, Ontario

| Site No.# | Current Status |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Sampled |
| 2 | Sampled |
| 3 | Sampled |
| 4 | Sampled |
| 7 | Sampled |
| <u> </u> | Sampled |
| 13 | Sampled Sampled |
| 17 | Sampled |
| 19 | Sampled |
| 23 | Sampled |
| 25 | Sampled |
| 26 | Sampled |
| 29 | Sampled |
| | Sampled |
| 32 | Sampled |
| 33 | Sampled |
| 34 | Sampled |
| <u>35</u> 37 | Sampled Sampled |
| 38 | Sampled |
| 40 | Sampled |
| 41 | Sampled |
| 45 | Sampled |
| 46 | Sampled |
| 47 | Sampled |
| 48 | Sampled |
| 49 | Sampled |
| 50 | Sampled |
| 66 | Sampled |
| 67 | Sampled |
| <u>68</u> 22 | Sampled Sampled |
| 8 | No Sample Taken - no well |
| 31 | No Sample Taken - no well |
| | |
| 39 | No Sample Taken - no well |
| 42 | No Sample Taken - no well |
| 5 | Attempted - Not available |
| 11 | Attempted - Not available |
| 18 | Attempted - Not available |
| 20 | Attempted - Not available |
| 36 | Attempted - Not available |
| 44 | Attempted - Not available |
| 60 | Attempted - Not available |
| 61 | Attempted - Not available |
| 62 | Attempted - Not available |
| 63 | Attempted - Not available |
| 69 | Attempted - Not available |
| 70 | Attempted - Not available |
| 4 | Declined |
| 6 | Declined |
| 9 | Declined |
| 12 | Declined |
| 16 | Declined |
| 21 | Declined |
| 24 | Declined |
| 28 | Declined |
| 43 | Declined |
| 64 | Declined |
| 65 | Declined |

| Site | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 10 | 13 | 14 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| Address | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab ID | Ontario | | Method | 964807 | 963966 | 964470 | 964122 | 964468 | 964651 | 964078 |
| Sample Date | Drinking Water | Units | Detection | 16-Jun-12 | 11-Jun-12 | 13-Jun-12 | 12-Jun-12 | 13-Jun-12 | 14-Jun-12 | 13-Jun-12 |
| Solar Area | Standard | | Limint | P7 & P11 | P7 & P11 | P7 & P11 | P4 | P1 | P2 | P3 |
| Well position relative to panels | otandara | | | downgradient | downgradient | downgradient | cross gradient | dowgradient | upgradient | downgradient |
| Well Depth (m) | | | | 8 | 7.62 | 3.7 | 5.2 | unknown | ~30 | unknown |
| Construction | | | | dug | dug | dug | dug | unknown | drilled | drilled |
| Microbiological | | | | | • | • | • | | | |
| Sample ID: | | | | 964665 | 964289 | 969339 | 969340 | 964074 | 969346 | 969350 -a |
| Sample Date: | | | | 16-Jun-12 | 15-Jun-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 13-Jun-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 |
| E. Coli | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | <2*** | 0 | 0/0** |
| Total Coliforms | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 0 | 230 | 32 | 144 | <2*** | 6 | 2/0** |
| General Chemistry & Inorganics | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 30-500 (OG) | mg/L | 5 | 284 | 292 | 330 | 277 | 237 | 335 | 375 |
| Chloride | 250 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 14 | 6 | 196 | 17 | 36 | 340 | 348 |
| Colour | 5 (AO) | TCU | 2 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 14 | 2 | 4 |
| Conductivity | NV | uS/cm | 5 | 621 | 566 | 1300 | 587 | 565 | 1810 | 1840 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 5 (AO) | mg/L | 0.5 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 1.9 |
| N-NH3 (Ammonia) | NV | mg/L | 0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.13 |
| N-NO2 (Nitrite) | 1 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| N-NO3 (Nitrate) | 10 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | 1.11 | 0.36 | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.22 |
| рН | 6.5 - 8.5 (OG) | NV | NV | 7.88 | 7.83 | 7.92 | 8.02 | 7.92 | 7.97 | 7.85 |
| Sulphate | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 3 | 24 | 18 | 45 | 16 | 10 | 68 | 50 |
| Total Dissolved Solids (COND - CALC) | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 404 | 368 | 845 | 382 | 367 | 1180 | 1200 |
| Turbidity | 5 (AO) | NTU | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 80-100 (OG) | mg/L | 1 | <1 | 272 | 345 | 257 | 238 | 383 | 546 |
| Calcium | NV | mg/L | 1 | <1 | 86 | 105 | 83 | 79 | 112 | 138 |
| Magnesium | NV | mg/L | 1 | <1 | 14 | 20 | 12 | 10 | 25 | 49 |
| Potassium | NV | mg/L | 1 | <1 | <1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 6 |
| Sodium | 200 (AO) | mg/L | 2 | 146 | 8 | 121 | 16 | 22 | 210 | 160 |
| Iron | 0.3 (AO) | mg/L | 0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.44 | 0.08 |
| Manganese | 0.05 (AO) | mg/L | 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | 0.03 | <0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes

Analyzed by Health Unit; ** - duplicate.

ODWS Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June 2003 (revised 2006): Operational Guidelines (OG); Aesthetic Objecctive (AO)

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC)

0.09 Value exceeds ODWS

n/a not available; *** - detection limit exceeds ODWS

| Site | | | | 17 | 19 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 25 | 26 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Address | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab ID | Ontario | | Method | 964808 | 963970 | 963969 | 963971 | 963972 | 964124 | 964467 |
| Sample Date | Drinking Water | Units | Detection | 16-Jun-12 | 11-Jun-12 | 11-Jun-12 | 11-Jun-12 | 11-Jun-12 | 12-Jun-12 | 13-Jun-12 |
| Solar Area | Standard | | Limint | P19 & P20 | P19 & P20 | P21 to P24 |
| Well position relative to panels | otandara | | | downgradient |
| Well Depth (m) | | | | 30 | 7.3 | unknown | 6 | 6 | 30 | 7.3 |
| Construction | | | | drilled | dug | Shore Well | dug | dug | drilled | dug |
| Microbiological | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sample ID: | | | | 964666 | 964667 | 964292 | 964293 | n/a | 969580 | 969340 |
| Sample Date: | | | | 16-Jun-12 | 16-Jun-12 | 15-Jun-12 | 15-Jun-12 | n/a | 5-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 |
| E. Coli | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 0 | n/a | 100 | 0 |
| Total Coliforms | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 0 | 6 | 550 | 0 | n/a | 1000 | 2 |
| General Chemistry & Inorganics | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 30-500 (OG) | mg/L | 5 | 266 | 239 | 176 | 373 | 371 | 303 | 290 |
| Chloride | 250 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 132 | 3 | 18 | 6 | 6 | 207 | 1 |
| Colour | 5 (AO) | TCU | 2 | 8 | 4 | 40 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 3 |
| Conductivity | NV | uS/cm | 5 | 989 | 490 | 390 | 732 | 731 | 1360 | 554 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 5 (AO) | mg/L | 0.5 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 8.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.0 |
| N-NH3 (Ammonia) | NV | mg/L | 0.02 | 0.51 | <0.02 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 | <0.02 | 0.06 |
| N-NO2 (Nitrite) | 1 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| N-NO3 (Nitrate) | 10 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | 3.64 | <0.10 |
| рН | 6.5 - 8.5 (OG) | NV | NV | 7.99 | 7.89 | 7.90 | 7.63 | 7.71 | 8.13 | 7.93 |
| Sulphate | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 3 | 34 | 26 | 5 | 36 | 36 | 47 | 21 |
| Total Dissolved Solids (COND - CALC) | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 643 | 318 | 254 | 476 | 475 | 884 | 360 |
| Turbidity | 5 (AO) | NTU | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 0.4 |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 80-100 (OG) | mg/L | 1 | 276 | 246 | 158 | 341 | 349 | 349 | 284 |
| Calcium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 79 | 92 | 50 | 112 | 115 | 120 | 89 |
| Magnesium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 19 | 4 | 8 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 15 |
| Potassium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 10 | <1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| Sodium | 200 (AO) | mg/L | 2 | 66 | 3 | 12 | 16 | 15 | 131 | 10 |
| Iron | 0.3 (AO) | mg/L | 0.03 | 0.21 | <0.03 | 0.45 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.11 |
| Manganese | 0.05 (AO) | mg/L | 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | 0.09 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.05 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes

Analyzed by Health Unit; ** - duplicate.

ODWS Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June 2003 (revised 2006): Operational Guidelines (OG); Aesthetic Objecctive (AO)

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC)

0.09 Value exceeds ODWS

n/a not available; *** - detection limit exceeds ODWS

| Site | | | | 29 | 30 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 37 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Address | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab ID | Ontario | | Method | 964809 | 964079 | 964468 | 964655 | 963967 | 964125 | 964120 |
| Sample Date | Drinking | Units | Detection | 16-Jun-12 | 13-Jun-12 | 13-Jun-12 | 14-Jun-12 | 11-Jun-12 | 12-Jun-12 | 12-Jun-12 |
| Solar Area | Water Standard | | Limint | P21 to P24 | P12 | P19 & P20 | P1 | P1 | P2 | P21 to P24 |
| Well position relative to panels | Standard | | | cross gradient | upgradient | downgradient | downgradient | downgradient | downgradient | downgradient |
| Well Depth (m) | | | | 3 | 6 to 11 | 3 | 21 | 6 | 11 | unknown |
| Construction | | | | shore well | drilled | dug | drilled | dug | drilled | dug |
| Microbiological | | | | | | | | - | | - |
| Sample ID: | | | | 964668 | 969341 | 969343 | n/a | 964290 | 969352 | 969344 |
| Sample Date: | I | | | 16-Jun-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 6-Jun-12 | 15-Jun-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 |
| E. Coli | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 78 | 0/0** | 0 | 0* | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Coliforms | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 420 | 0/0** | 60 | 5* | 81 | 0 | 1 |
| General Chemistry & Inorganics | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 30-500 (OG) | mg/L | 5 | 174 | 240 | 224 | 213 | 265 | 216 | 287 |
| Chloride | 250 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 17 | 4 | 1 | 62 | 330 | 20 | 2 |
| Colour | 5 (AO) | TCU | 2 | 58 | 6 | 13 | 30 | 5 | 21 | 2 |
| Conductivity | NV | uS/cm | 5 | 386 | 496 | 429 | 620 | 1620 | 489 | 563 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 5 (AO) | mg/L | 0.5 | 8.4 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 7.4 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 1.7 |
| N-NH3 (Ammonia) | NV | mg/L | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.14 | <0.02 | 0.06 | 0.03 |
| N-NO2 (Nitrite) | 1 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| N-NO3 (Nitrate) | 10 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.49 | <0.10 | 0.57 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| рН | 6.5 - 8.5 (OG) | NV | NV | 8.05 | 7.97 | 7.68 | 8.10 | 7.72 | 8.09 | 8.10 |
| Sulphate | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 3 | 4 | 24 | 7 | 11 | 57 | 13 | 22 |
| Total Dissolved Solids (COND - CALC) | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 251 | 322 | 279 | 403 | 1050 | 318 | 366 |
| Turbidity | 5 (AO) | NTU | 0.1 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 6.8 | 0.6 |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 80-100 (OG) | mg/L | 1 | 153 | 233 | 229 | 204 | 344 | 216 | 302 |
| Calcium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 54 | 78 | 82 | 67 | 123 | 75 | 98 |
| Magnesium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 14 |
| Potassium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 2 |
| Sodium | 200 (AO) | mg/L | 2 | 12 | 3 | <2 | 37 | 190 | 12 | 4 |
| Iron | 0.3 (AO) | mg/L | 0.03 | 1.13 | 1.51 | 0.26 | 0.37 | <0.03 | 2.09 | 0.15 |
| Manganese | 0.05 (AO) | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | <0.01 | 0.54 | 0.08 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes

Analyzed by Health Unit; ** - duplicate.

ODWS Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June 2003 (revised 2006): Operational Guidelines (OG); Aesthetic Objecctive (AO)

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC)

0.09 Value exceeds ODWS

n/a not available; *** - detection limit exceeds ODWS

| Site | | | | 38 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Address | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab ID | Ontario | | Method | 964810 | 964652 | 964123 | 963968 | 964121 | 964126 | 964811 |
| Sample Date | Drinking Water | Units | Detection | 16-Jun-12 | 14-Jun-12 | 12-Jun-12 | 11-Jun-12 | 12-Jun-12 | 12-Jun-12 | 16-Jun-12 |
| Solar Area | Standard | | Limint | P4 | P21 to P24 | P21 to P24 | P19 & P20 | P19 & P20 | P7 & P11 | P7 & P11 |
| Well position relative to panels | otandara | | | downgradient | cross gradient | downgradient | downgradient | downgradient | downgradient | downgradient |
| Well Depth (m) | | | | unknown | 27 | unknown | 9 to 12 | 11 | 23 | 6.5 |
| Construction | | | | dug | drilled | unknown | drilled | drilled | drilled | dug |
| Microbiological | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sample ID: | | | | 964669 | 969348 | 969353 | 964291 | 969354 | 969580 | 964670 |
| Sample Date: | | | | 16-Jun-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 15-Jun-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 16-Jun-12 |
| E. Coli | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 342 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Total Coliforms | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 260 | 14 | 2 | 1900 | 14 | 19 | 50 |
| General Chemistry & Inorganics | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 30-500 (OG) | mg/L | 5 | 369 | 264 | 431 | 231 | 267 | 276 | 361 |
| Chloride | 250 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 22 | 7 | 590 | 19 | 5 | 109 | 16 |
| Colour | 5 (AO) | TCU | 2 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 6 |
| Conductivity | NV | uS/cm | 5 | 784 | 571 | 2900 | 531 | 544 | 889 | 792 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 5 (AO) | mg/L | 0.5 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 4.9 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.0 |
| N-NH3 (Ammonia) | NV | mg/L | 0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | 0.05 | <0.02 | 0.17 | <0.02 | 0.03 |
| N-NO2 (Nitrite) | 1 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| N-NO3 (Nitrate) | 10 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | 0.31 | 0.45 | <0.10 | 0.91 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| рН | 6.5 - 8.5 (OG) | NV | NV | 8.00 | 7.99 | 7.98 | 7.83 | 8.10 | 8.03 | 7.92 |
| Sulphate | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 3 | 27 | 32 | 73 | 23 | 23 | 9 | 51 |
| Total Dissolved Solids (COND - CALC) | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 510 | 371 | 1880 | 345 | 354 | 578 | 515 |
| Turbidity | 5 (AO) | NTU | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 8.1 | 0.2 | 8.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 80-100 (OG) | mg/L | 1 | 332 | 263 | 386 | 232 | 254 | 321 | 370 |
| Calcium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 118 | 79 | 125 | 83 | 77 | 104 | 117 |
| Magnesium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 9 | 16 | 18 | 6 | 15 | 15 | 19 |
| Potassium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 5 | <1 | <1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| Sodium | 200 (AO) | mg/L | 2 | 29 | 8 | 388 | 12 | 11 | 47 | 15 |
| Iron | 0.3 (AO) | mg/L | 0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | 1.07 | <0.03 | 0.98 | <0.03 | 0.08 |
| Manganese | 0.05 (AO) | mg/L | 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | 1.41 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | 0.02 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes

Analyzed by Health Unit; ** - duplicate.

ODWS Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June 2003 (revised 2006): Operational Guidelines (OG); Aesthetic Objecctive (AO)

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC)

0.09 Value exceeds ODWS

n/a not available; *** - detection limit exceeds ODWS

| Site | | | | 49 | 50 | 66 | 67 | 68 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| Address | | | | | | | | |
| Lab ID | Ontario | | Method | 964077 | 964076 | 964653 | 964654 | 964812 |
| Sample Date | Drinking Water | Units | Detection | 13-Jun-12 | 13-Jun-12 | 14-Jun-12 | 14-Jun-12 | 16-Jun-12 |
| Solar Area | Standard | | Limint | P21 to P24 | P14 | P3 | P2 | P12 |
| Well position relative to panels | otandara | | | downgradient | upgradient | downgradient | upgradient | upgradient |
| Well Depth (m) | | | | >3 | unknown | unknown | 14 | 10 |
| Construction | | | | dug | dug | dug | drilled | drilled |
| Microbiological | - | | | - | | | | |
| Sample ID: | | | | 969345 | 969347 | 969356 | 969355 | 964671 |
| Sample Date: | | | | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 4-Jul-12 | 16-Jun-12 |
| E. Coli | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Coliforms | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| General Chemistry & Inorganics | | | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 30-500 (OG) | mg/L | 5 | 275 | 335 | 99 | 326 | 223 |
| Chloride | 250 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 36 | 5 | 25 | 364 | 24 |
| Colour | 5 (AO) | TCU | 2 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 8 |
| Conductivity | NV | uS/cm | 5 | 677 | 681 | 325 | 1830 | 510 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 5 (AO) | mg/L | 0.5 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| N-NH3 (Ammonia) | NV | mg/L | 0.02 | <0.02 | 0.04 | <0.02 | <0.02 | 0.02 |
| N-NO2 (Nitrite) | 1 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| N-NO3 (Nitrate) | 10 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | 1.45 | 0.31 | 0.27 | 0.40 | <0.10 |
| рН | 6.5 - 8.5 (OG) | NV | NV | 8.00 | 7.96 | 8.11 | 7.98 | 8.30 |
| Sulphate | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 3 | 30 | 37 | 21 | 29 | 10 |
| Total Dissolved Solids (COND - CALC) | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 440 | 443 | 211 | 1190 | 332 |
| Turbidity | 5 (AO) | NTU | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 80-100 (OG) | mg/L | 1 | 320 | 325 | 111 | 356 | <1 |
| Calcium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 100 | 97 | 33 | 121 | <1 |
| Magnesium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 17 | 20 | 7 | 13 | <1 |
| Potassium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 1 | <1 |
| Sodium | 200 (AO) | mg/L | 2 | 9 | 15 | 13 | 219 | 120 |
| Iron | 0.3 (AO) | mg/L | 0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | 0.11 | <0.03 | <0.03 |
| Manganese | 0.05 (AO) | mg/L | 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| | | | | | | | | |

Notes

Analyzed by Health Unit; ** - duplicate.

ODWS Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June 2003 (revised 2006): Operational Guidelines (OG); Aesthetic Objecctive (AO)

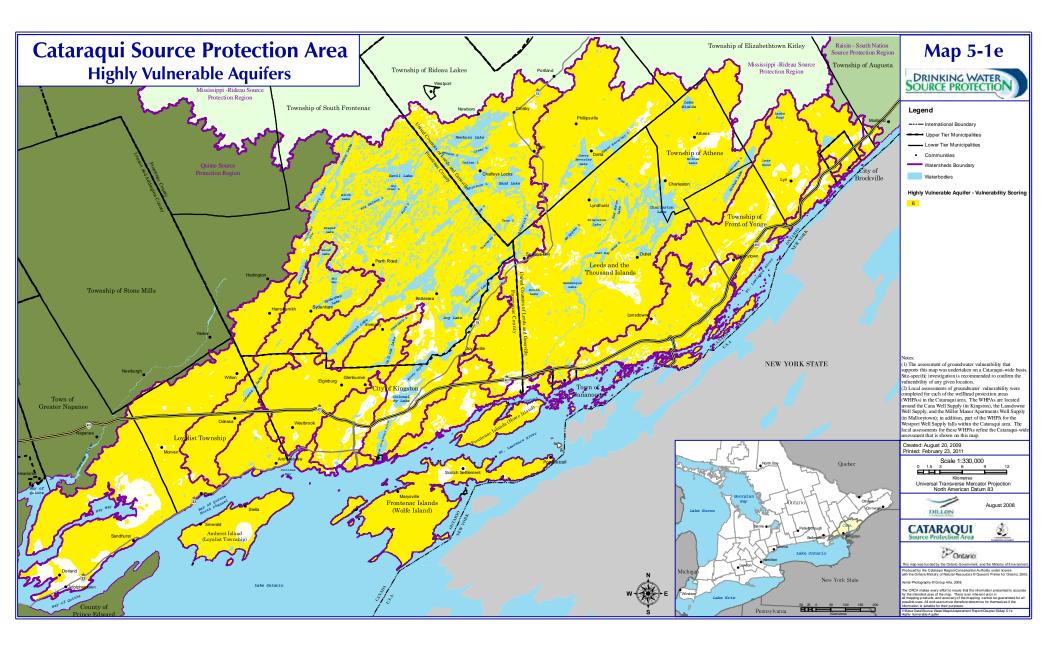
Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC)

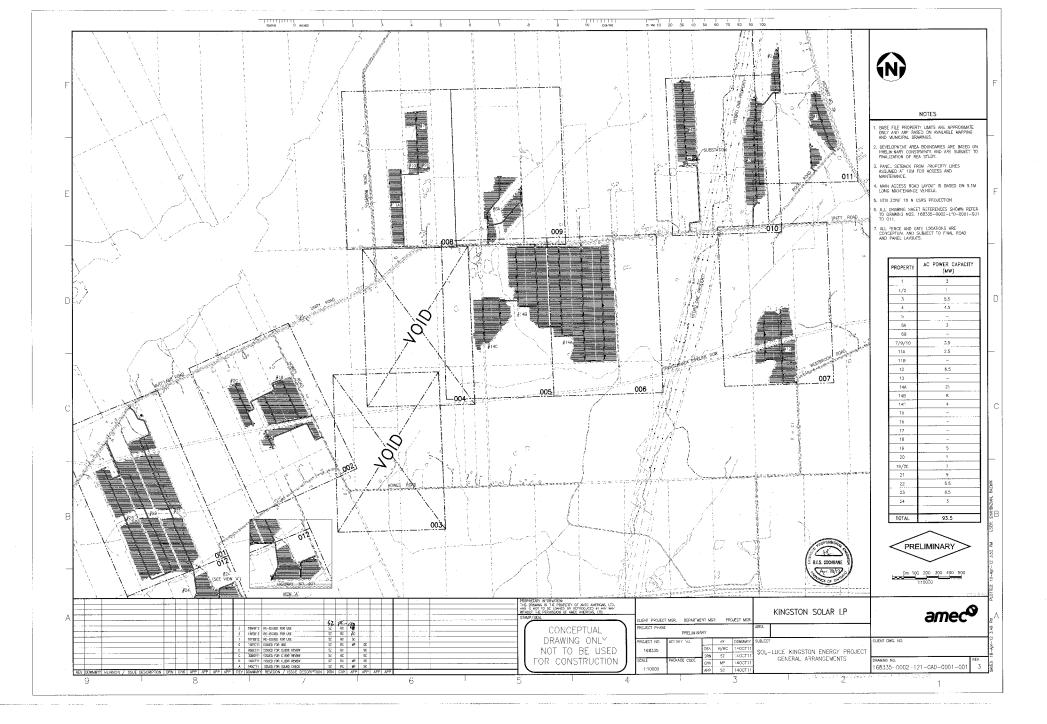
0.09 Value exceeds ODWS

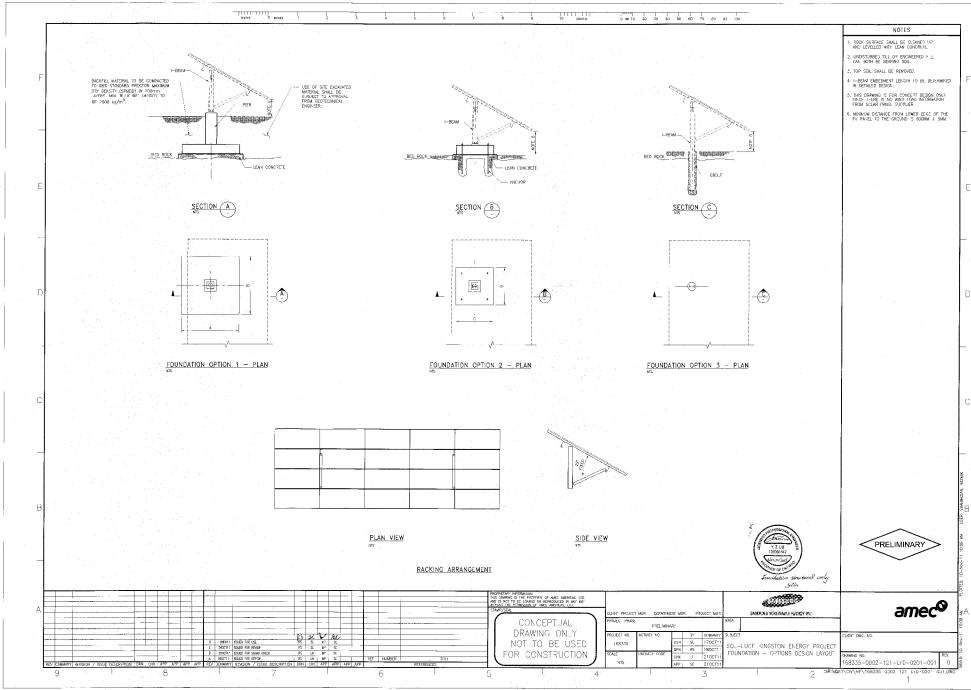
n/a not available; *** - detection limit exceeds ODWS

APPENDIX A

BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND REGULATORY CORRESPONDENCE







APPENDIX B

COMMUNICATIONS RECORD



Burr, Darin <dburr@dillon.ca>

RE: Kingston Solar Farm project

1 message

Crossley, Frank (ENE) <Frank.Crossley@ontario.ca> Wed, May 2, 2012 at 6:05 PM To: "Burr, Darin" <dburr@dillon.ca> Cc: "Taylor, Peter (ENE)" <Peter.G.Taylor@ontario.ca>, "Dobiech, Craig (ENE)" <Craig.Dobiech@ontario.ca>, "Arnott, David (ENE)" <David.Arnott@ontario.ca>, "Kaye, Brian (ENE)" <Brian.Kaye@ontario.ca>

Hello Darin

Thank you for your e-mail dated May 01, 2012 requesting a groundwater monitoring program at an upcoming proposed solar farm construction site by Samsung in the Kingston area (Unity Road & Mud Lake Road). If the proposed site is classified as an 'environmentally sensitive' site by a qualified person (P.Eng. or P.Geo.), then the Eastern Region Groundwater Unit recommends that a groundwater monitoring program be implemented prior to the commencement of the construction phase.

To this end, the Eastern Region Groundwater Unit recommends the following groundwater monitoring program:

- Contact all well owners within 500 metres of the site boundaries prior to the commencement of construction activities and seek permission to undertake a groundwater survey (if the number of well owners exceeds five then a representative number of well owners should be contacted). If permission is granted then:

- interview the residents regarding well construction, groundwater quality, groundwater quantity and well locations to establish a history of the water well.

- collect a water well sample from the well after allowing the distribution system to flow for approximately 5 minutes. The sample should be collected prior to any treatment systems ("raw").

- submit the water sample for analysis to a qualified laboratory. The analysis should be the "subdivision suite" (alkalinity, ammonia, bacteria, calcium, chloride, colour, conductivity, DOC, hardness, iron, magnesium, manganese, nitrite, nitrate, pH, potassium, sodium, sulphate, TDS and turbidity).

establish a contingency plan by a qualified person.

Conversely, a monitoring well network can be constructed. The monitoring wells must be representative of the nearby water wells (similar depths). Appropriate water samples shall be collected from the monitoring wells and submitted to a qualified laboratory for the above listed parameters ('subdivision suite'). A contingency plan shall be established by a qualified person.

The groundwater monitoring program should be conducted under the supervision of a qualified person (P.Eng. or P.Geo.). The survey information should be summarized in a report by a qualified person and a copy forwarded to this Ministry.

In the event that a complaint arises against the construction activities, the proponent should sample the complainant's well and appropriate monitoring well, if present. The water samples should be submitted as "high priority" to a qualified laboratory. If a problem is confirmed related to the construction activities at the site, then the proponent should immediately provide bottled water to the impacted party and implement their contingency plan. This Ministry should be notified of any complaints and the company's actions to address the complaints.

F. Crossley, P.Geo. Hydrogeologist Technical Support Eastern Region 1259 Gardiners Road, Unit 3 Kingston, Ontario K7P 3J6 (613)549-4000x2631 Sent: May 01, 2012 7:24 AM To: Crossley, Frank (ENE) Cc: Enright, Michael Subject: Kingston Solar Farm project

Frank, further to our phone discussion yesterday afternoon, I am sending you this email to request information on your groundwater monitoring requirements/advice for this project. Our client (Samsung) is proposing to construct a solar farm project on Mud Lake Road/Unity Road, north east of Kingston. A preliminary map of the proposed solar farm panel locations is attached. The specific questions that I have for the MOE are as follows

1) What size of buffer area should be used when identifying potential private wells to sample?

2) What is the recommended timing of the monitoring program relative to the construction date, and are there any ongoing monitoring requirements during operation?

3) What type of information is required to be collected in the monitoring program, and what is the recommended chemical suite for analysis?

- 4) What are the reporting requirements?
- 5) Are there any other hydrogeology related investigations/assessments that are required/recommended.

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Regards, Darin



Darin Burr, M.Sc., P.Geo Associate Dillon Consulting Limited 130 Dufferin Avenue Suite 1400 London, Ontario, N6A 5R2 T - 519.438.1288 ext. 1236 F - 519.672.8209 M - 519.520.4773 dburr@dillon.ca www.dillon.ca

Please consider the environment before printing this email

9th FI. 55 Standish Court, Mississauga, ON, L5R 4B2 TEL: 905-501-5658 FAX: 905-285-1852

Invitation to Participate in a Water Well Survey

Dear Resident:

As you may know, Kingston Solar LP is planning to develop a 100MW solar installation. The project to be known as the Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project will be located in both Loyalist Township and the City of Kingston. The project will require approval under Ontario Regulation 359/09 – Renewable Energy Approval (REA), which is being coordinated by the Ontario Ministry of Environment (MOE).

Under the guidance of the MOE, Kingston Solar LP has taken the initiative to conduct a background study of well water quality at a representative sample of properties within 500 m of the proposed solar farm. The purpose of the program is to gain a better understanding of the groundwater quality in your area. Your property has been selected as a potential site for the sampling program. Please note that this program is completely funded by Kingston Solar LP, and there is no cost to the homeowner.

In the next few weeks, a representative from our consulting firm, Dillon Consulting Limited (Dillon), will contact you regarding your interest in participating in the well water sampling program. The well water sampling program will involve taking a water sample from your water supply system at a point prior to treatment (i.e. prior to water passing through softeners, filters or disinfection equipment). The water sampling program will use existing taps and will not require alteration of the household plumbing. The water sample will be tested by a local laboratory for bacteriological parameters, metals and general chemistry. At the time of the visit, the Dillon representative will also ask you some questions about your well and your water quality. You will be provided with the laboratory results for your water sample once it has been received.

We would like to arrange for a brief meeting at your home to complete a questionnaire (approximate time is 30 minutes) and obtain a water sample for analysis, if permitted. Please contact Darin Burr at (888) 345-5668, ext. 1236 or email at dburr@dillon.ca to schedule an appointment at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

A. José De Armas Manager, Project Development

Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project MINUTES OF MEETING

| DATE: | June 1, 2012 | |
|-----------|--|--|
| TIME: | 9 am EST | |
| LOCATION: | Cataraqui Region Conserv | vation Authority Offices |
| PRESENT: | Rob McRae)John Williamson) |) Kingston Solar LP (Samsung)) Project Manager, Source Water Protection, CRCA) Chair, Cataraqui Source Protection Committee) Dillon Consulting Limited (Dillon) |
| FILE: | 12-6428 | |
| Action By | Item | |
| None | | eting would focus on the hydrogeologic aspects of the servation Authority had interests in other environmental be addressed separately. |
| None | aquifers, anticipated grou within 500 m of the proper conceptual drawings of t | information on the area hydrogeology, location of vulnerable indwater flow conditions, and locations of private water wells osed solar installations. Dillon also provided photographs and typical solar installation projects. Conceptual plans for the ject solar panel footings were shown. |
| None | well sampling locations a prior to construction. Dil the Ontario Ministry of t water sampling parameter nutrients. Program would Dillon stated that not all l sampled, and that as per | e of the survey work program, including the identified private and analytical testing suite, with all sampling to be completed lon stated that the testing program was based on direction from the Environment (MOE) Regional office in Kingston. Well rs included microbiology, general inorganics, select metals and d also include completing a questionnaire for each homeowner. homes that have wells within 500 m of the installations will be r MOE instructions, sampling will be from a representative located downgradient of the proposed solar installations |
| None | projects to the Cataraqui & the environment as a resu concern was the need to co- foundations, and whether Dillon and Samsung state of chemicals at the site, a construction and operatio holes is shallow (~ 2 m) fractured, therefore the bo | members of the public had expressed concerns with solar Source Protection Committee, with respect to potential risk to all of the prevalence of high vulnerability aquifers. Of special onstruct a large number of drill holes to support the solar panel r these holes would increase the vulnerability of the aquifer. ed that the risk to the aquifers is very low as there is no bulk use and environmental management plans will be followed during on of the facility. In addition, the depth of the foundation drill and that the area around the foundations is already highly preholes will not act as a preferential pathway for groundwater and to install foundation piles will be sealed with concrete. |

FINAL

| Action By | Item Furthermore, MOE requires the development and implementation of a contingency plan should there be complaints from local residences. The contingency plans will be identified in the survey report. |
|-----------|---|
| None | CRCA asked if the monitoring program will include the monitoring of private wells and/or the drilling of monitoring wells to allow monitoring of water levels and water quality during construction and site operations. CRCA suggests that data from this project could be used to address public concerns and for research purposes to examine if impacts from solar projects to groundwater are a concern. Samsung stated that at this time, the scope of the project will be based on the requirements of the MOE only. |
| Samsung | CRCA asked if the results of the study will be made available to the CRCA. Samsung stated that some of the data is confidential to the homeowners; however, Samsung will look into what information can be shared. |
| None | CRCA stated that the proposed Cataraqui Source Protection Plan does not address solar installations. CRCA is not aware of any documented concerns with solar farms as it relates to groundwater impacts. Nevertheless, CRCA does have the following main questions/concerns: What are the potential impacts during construction from erosion and sediment control? CRCA stated that this has been a concern with previous installation projects and recommended that the Samsung project include and implement a "top-notch" sediment control plan. What are the longer term water quantity impacts, and will the installation will change the water budget? Are there any long-term water quality issues from the breakdown of chemicals from the solar panels and mounting apparatus, and site maintenance? |
| | Samsung/Dillon stated that erosion and sediment control plans will be part of the REA submission. No long term quantity impacts are expected, as precipitation will drip off the sides of the panels near to where it would recharge during pre-construction conditions. Also, groundwater is not used at the site. No large quantities of chemicals will be present that would pose an environmental risk. Environmental management programs will be in place during construction to mitigate risks from construction vehicles (e.g., risks from fuel spills, leaks etc.). Panels are made primarily of silicon, and there is no identified or previously documented risk from breakdown of the panels. Trace metals are contained in the panels; however, the risk of impacts to groundwater is very low as metal containing components are covered with silicon, and metals, if exposed to the elements, are not readily soluble or mobile in groundwater. |

ERRORS AND/OR OMISSIONS

These minutes were prepared by Darin Burr who should be notified immediately of any errors and/or omissions.

DILLON CONSULTING LIMITED LONDON, ONTARIO

Other Distribution DTB/File

FINAL

EXAMPLE REPORT

July 24, 2012

Project # 12-6428-2000

•

Re: Private Well Water Quality Sample Results

Dear Mr. Norman

This letter presents the results of the laboratory analysis performed on an untreated water sample from your well that was collected at the above-mentioned location. Sampling was performed as part of a well water survey being conducted by Kingston Solar LP under the guidance of the Ontario Ministry of the Environment. Information obtained during the survey will be used to assess background water quality conditions in your area

The groundwater was analyzed for several parameters including bacteria, metals and general chemistry. The results of the analysis were compared to the *Ministry of the Environment's Ontario Drinking Water Standards* (ODWS) and are presented in the attached table and laboratory report. An information bulletin that describes the water quality standards for the tested parameters and an information bulletin from the local health department on how to interpret the bacteriological (E Coli and Total Coliform) results are also attached.

The results of the analysis indicate that the well water sample meets the ODWS for the measured parameters with the following exceptions:

- Health Related Total Coliforms
- Non-Health Related Total Dissolved Solids, Hardness

Thank you for participating in the well sampling program. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours sincerely,

DILLON CONSULTING LIMITED

Darin Burr, M.Sc., P.Geo. Hydrogeologist

Encls.

| Addres Lab ID Sample Date | Ontario 5 Drinking Water Standard | | Method Detection Limit | 964811 16-Jun-12 |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Microbiological | | | | |
| Sample ID: | | | | 964670 |
| Sample Date: | | | | 16-Jun-12 |
| E. Coli | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 0 |
| Total Coliforms | 0 (MAC) | cts/100ml | 0 | 50 |
| General Chemistry & Inorganics | | | | |
| Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 30-500 (OG) | mg/L | 5 | 361 |
| Chloride | 250 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 16 |
| Colour | 5 (AO) | TCU | 2 | 6 |
| Conductivity | NV | uS/cm | 5 | 792 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 5 (AO) | mg/L | 0.5 | 3.0 |
| N-NH3 (Ammonia) | NV | mg/L | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| N-NO2 (Nitrite) | 1 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 |
| N-NO3 (Nitrate) | 10 (MAC) | mg/L | 0.1 | <0.10 |
| рН | 6.5 - 8.5 (OG) | NV | NV | 7.92 |
| Sulphate | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 3 | 51 |
| Total Dissolved Solids (COND - CALC) | 500 (AO) | mg/L | 1 | 515 |
| Turbidity | 5 (AO) | NTU | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | 80-100 (OG) | mg/L | 1 | 370 |
| Calcium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 117 |
| Magnesium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 19 |
| Potassium | NV | mg/L | 1 | 3 |
| Sodium | 200 (AO) | mg/L | 2 | 15 |
| Iron | 0.3 (AO) | mg/L | 0.03 | 0.08 |
| Manganese | 0.05 (AO) | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.02 |

| N | otes |
|---|------|
|---|------|

| * | Analyzed by Health Unit; ** - duplicate. |
|------|---|
| ODWS | Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June 2003 (revised 2006): Operational Guidelines (OG); Aesthetic Objecctive (AO) |
| | Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) |
| 1000 | Value exceeds ODWS |
| n/a | not available; *** - detection limit exceeds ODWS |
| NV | no value |
| | |

| EXOV | ХОИА ОПАМА | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova | ≣ |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Client | Dillion Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, CN | | Report Number. Dete Submitted: | 1212164 2012-06-18 | |
| Attention: PO#: Involce to: | NBA 5R2 Mr. Cerin Burr Dillon Consulting (Limited (London) | Page 1 of 2 | uare reported: Project: COC #: | Z012-00-19 Kingston Solar 149773 | |

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to cali (613-727-5692).

Dear Dartn Burr:

Report Comments:

Dragana Dzeletovic Province 2012.06.19 10:55:47 04:90

Dragene Dzeletovic Acting Supervisor, Microbiology Exona (Ottawa) is certified and accredited for specific parameters by: CALA, Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (to ISO 17025), CMAF, Ontario Malatry of Agricultura, Food and Rural Malatry for tarm solls), Licensed by Ontario MOE for specific tarts in drinking water.

Please note: Field date, where presented on the report, has been provided by the client and is presented for informational purposes only.

| EXOVA OTTAWA | | | |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Client: | Ditton Cansulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 | Report Number: | 1212164 |
| | London, CN NGA 372 | Date Submitted: Date Reported: | 2012-06-18 2012-06-19 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | Project COC#: | Kingston Solar 149773 |
| ice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | | |

| Lab LD. Semple Metrix Sempler Type Sempling Date Samole LD. | eline | AC-0 | MC-0 |
|---|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| - 4 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 7 - 6 - 6 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 | Guld | N | N |
| | MRL Units | ct/100ml | ct/100ml |
| | INTEL | 0 | 0 |
| | Analyte | Escherichia Coli | Total Coliforms |

_

Guideline = cowscoc Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QAVOC information available on request.

146 Coloreade Rd. Unit 8, Ottawa, ON K2E 7Y1

Page 2 of 2

MFL = Method Reporting Limit, AO = Aesthelic Objective, OG = Operational Guideline, MAC = Maximum Acceptable Concentration, IMAC = Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration, STD = Standard, PWQO = Provincial Water Quelity Guideline, IPWQO = Interim Provincial Water Quelity Objective.

| EXOV | ΕΧΟΥΑ ΟΠΑΨΑ | <u>Certificate of Analysis</u> | | Exova 🟢 |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Client | Dillion Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON NBA 592 | | Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | 1212221 2012-05-18 2012-06-26 |
| Attention: PO#: Invoice to: | Attention: Mr. Darin Burr PO#: Invoice to: Ditton Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 4 | Project COC #: | Kingston Solar 149773 |

Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5632).

Report Comments:

APPROVAL:

10:20:44 -04

Lorra Wison Inorganic Laboratory Supervisor Exora (Ottawa) is certified and accredited for specific parameters by: CALA, Careedian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (to ISO 17025), OMAF, Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Runal Affaire(for farm solid), Licensed by Ontario MICE for specific tests in drinking verser.

Please note: Faild date, where presented on the report, has been provided by the client and is presented for informational purposes only.

EXOVA OTTAWA

Certificate of Analysis

Exova



Report Number: 121 Date Submitted: 201 Date Reported: 201 Project: King COC #: 149

er: 1212221 ad: 2012-06-18 d: 2012-06-26 Kingston Solar 149773

| Lab (D. Sample Mettric Sample Type Sample Dute Sample (D. | Guideline | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------|--------|--------------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| | Units | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | TCU | uS/cm | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | | mg/L | NTN | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | mg/L | ma/l |
| | 12 | 1 1 | 1 1 | ŝ | 1 | 2 | S | 0.5 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 1.00 | 3 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.03 | 1 | 1 | 0.01 | 2 | 0.02 |
| | Analyte | Hardness as CaCO3 | TDS (COND - CALC) | Alkalinity as CeCO3 | σ | Colour | Conductivity | DOC | N-NO2 | N-NO3 | Hq | SOM | Turbidity | Ca | Pe | ¥ | Mg | W | Na | N=NH3 |
| | Group | Calculations | | General Chemistry | | | | | | | | | | Metals | | | | | | Nutrients |

Guideline = * = Guideline Exceedence Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/OC information available on request.

MFL = Method Reporting Limit, AO = Aesthetic Objective, OG = Operational Guideline, MAC = Maximum Acceptable Concentration, IMAC = Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration, STD = Standard, PWQO = Provincial Water Quality Guideline, IPWOO = Interim Provincial Water Quality Objective.

Page 3 of 4

146 Colonnade Rd. Unit 8, Ottawa, ON K2E 7Y1

Water Quality Interpretation Information Sheet

Alkalinity as CaCO3 (inorganic)

Alkalinity is a measure of the resistance of water to the effects of acids added to water. The recommended range for alkalinity is 30 to 500 mg/L expressed as calcium carbonate. Water with low alkalinity may tend to accelerate natural corrosion leading to "red water" problems whereas high alkalinity waters may produce scale incrustations on utensils, service pipes and water heaters.

Ammonia (N-NH3)

This parameter is a nutrient related compound in water formed from the decay of organic material. It is not included in the Ontario Drinking Water Standards.

Calcium (Ca)

This parameter is natural in groundwater and is not included in the Ontario Drinking Water Standards.

Chloride (Cl)

Chloride is a common non-toxic material present in small amounts in drinking water and produces a detectable salty taste at the aesthetic objective level of 250 mg/L. Chloride is widely distributed in nature, generally as the sodium (NaCl), potassium (KCl) and calcium (CaCl₂) salts.

Colour (physical)

The aesthetic objective for colour in drinking water is 5 TCU (True Colour Units). Water can have a faint yellow/brown colour which is often caused by organic materials created by the decay of vegetation. Sometimes colour may be contributed to by iron and manganese compounds produced by processes occurring in natural sediments or in aquifers.

Conductivity

This parameter is not included in the Ontario Drinking Water Standards.

Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) (Organic)

The aesthetic objective for dissolved organic carbon (DOC) in drinking water is 5 mg/L. High DOC is an indicator of possible water quality deterioration during storage and distribution due to the carbon being a growth nutrient for bacteria. High DOC is also an indicator of potential chlorination by-product problems.

Escherichia Coli (E. coli)

Escherichia Coli should not be detected/present in any drinking water sample. *Escherichia Coli* is a fecal coliform and is present in fecal matter and prevalent in sewage, but is rapidly destroyed by chorine. It is a strong indicator of recent fecal pollution. Contamination with sewage as shown by positive E-coli tests would strongly suggest presence of pathogenic bacteria and viruses, as well as more chlorine resistant pathogens such as *Giardia* and *Cryptosporidum*, which are much more difficult to detect. *Please refer to Public Health Unit Information Sheet on "Disinfection of Wells" for further information on how to interpret your water quality results for E. Coli.*

Hardness as CaCO3

Hardness is caused by dissolved calcium and magnesium, and is expressed as the equivalent quantity of calcium carbonate. On heating, hard water has a tendency to form scale deposits and can form excessive scum with regular soaps. However, certain detergents are largely unaffected by hardness. Conversely, soft water may result in accelerated corrosion of water pipes. Hardness levels between 80 and 100 mg/L as calcium carbonate (CaCO₃) are considered to provide an acceptable balance between corrosion and incrustation. Water supplies with hardness greater than 200 mg/L are considered poor but tolerable. Hardness in excess of 500 mg/L in drinking water is unacceptable for most domestic purposes.

Iron (Fe)

Iron may be present in ground water as a result of mineral deposits and chemically reducing underground conditions. It may also be present in surface waters as a result of anaerobic decay in sediments and complex formation. The aesthetic objective for iron, set by appearance effects, in drinking water is 0.3 mg/L. Excessive levels of iron in drinking water supplies may impart a brownish colour to laundered goods, plumbing fixtures and the water itself; it may produce a bitter, astringent taste in water and beverages; and the precipitation of iron can also promote the growth of iron bacteria in plumbing.

Magnesium (Mg)

This parameter is natural occurring in groundwater as a result of dissolution of minerals in the rock and is not included in the Ontario Drinking Water Standards.

Manganese (Mn)

The colour related aesthetic objective for manganese in drinking water is 0.05 mg/L. Like iron, manganese is objectionable in water supplies because it stains laundry and fixtures black, and at excessive concentrations causes undesirable tastes in beverages. Manganese

is present in some groundwaters because of chemically reducing underground conditions coupled with presence of manganese mineral deposits. Manganese is also occasionally present, seasonally, in surface waters when anaerobic decay processes in sediments is occurring.

N-NO3 (Nitrate)

The maximum acceptable concentration of nitrates in drinking water is 10 mg/L nitrogen. Nitrates are present in water (particular groundwater) as a result of decay of plant or animal material, the use of agricultural fertilizers, domestic sewage or treated wastewater contamination, or geological formations containing soluble nitrogen compounds. There is a risk that babies and small children may suffer blood related problems (methaemoglobinaemia) with excess nitrate intake.

N-NO2 (Nitrite)

The maximum acceptable concentration of nitrite in drinking water is 1.0 mg/L as nitrogen. Nitrate may occur in groundwater, however, if chlorination is practiced, the nitrate will usually be oxidized to nitrate

pH (physical-chemical)

pH is a parameter that indicates the acidity of a water sample. The operational guideline recommended in drinking water is to maintain a pH between 6.5 and 8.5. The principal objective in controlling pH is to produce a water that is neither corrosive nor produces incrustation. At pH levels above 8.5, mineral incrustations and bitter tastes can occur. Corrosion is commonly associated with pH levels below 6.5 and elevated levels of certain undesirable chemical parameters may result from corrosion of specific types of pipe.

Potassium (K)

This parameter is naturally occurring in groundwater as a result of dissolution of minerals in the rock, and is not included in the Ontario Drinking Water Standards.

Sodium (inorganic)

The aesthetic objective for sodium in drinking water is 200 mg/L at which it can be detected by a salty taste. Sodium is not toxic. Consumption of sodium in excess of 10 grams per day by normal adults does not result in any apparent adverse health effects. In addition, the average intake of sodium from water is only a small fraction of that consumed in a normal diet. A maximum acceptable concentration for sodium in drinking water has, therefore, not been specified. Persons suffering from hypertension or congestive heart disease may require a sodium-restricted diet, in which case, the intake of sodium from drinking water could become significant. It is therefore recommended that the measurement of sodium levels be included in routine monitoring programs of water supplies. The local Medical Officer of Health should be notified when the sodium

concentration exceeds 20 mg/L, so that this information may be passed on to local physicians.

Softening using a domestic water softener increases the sodium level in drinking water and may contribute a significant percentage to the daily sodium intake for a consumer on a sodium restricted diet. It is recommended that a separate unsoftened supply be retained for cooking and drinking purposes.

Sulfate (SO4)

The aesthetic objective for sulfate in drinking water is 500 mg/L. At levels above this concentration, sulfate can have a laxative effect, however, regular users adapt to high levels of sulfate in drinking water and problems are usually only experienced by visitors and new consumers. The presence of sulfate in drinking water above 150 mg/L may result in noticeable taste. The taste threshold concentration, however, depends on the associated metals present in the water. High levels of sulfate may be associated with calcium, which is a major component of scale in boilers and heat exchangers. In addition, sulfate can be converted into sulfide by some anaerobic bacteria creating odour problems and potentially greatly accelerating corrosion.

Total Coliforms

Total Coliforms include a large number of non-disease-causing bacteria arising from soil and vegetation. The Ontario Drinking Water standard for Total Coliforms is "not detected". The presence of any total coliform bacteria in water leaving a treatment unit or in any treated water immediately following treatment signifies inadequate treatment. *Please refer to Public Health Unit Information Sheet on "Disinfection of Wells" for further information on how to interpret your water quality results for Total Coliform.*

Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)

The aesthetic objective for total dissolved solids in drinking water is 500 mg/L. The term "total dissolved solids" (TDS) refers mainly to the inorganic substances dissolved in water. The principal constituents of TDS are chloride, sulphates, calcium, magnesium and bicarbonates. The effects of TDS on drinking water quality depend on the levels of the individual components. Excessive hardness, taste, mineral deposition or corrosion are common properties of highly mineralized water. The palatability of drinking water with a TDS level less than 500 mg/L is generally considered to be good.

Turbidity

Control of turbidity in drinking-water systems is important for both health and aesthetic reasons. The substances and particles that cause turbidity can be responsible for significant interference with disinfection, can be a source of disease-causing organisms and can shield pathogenic organisms from the disinfection process.

Turbidity in excess of 5.0 NTU becomes visible to the naked eye and as such a majority of consumers may object to its presence. Therefore, an aesthetic objective of 5.0 NTU has been set for all waters at the point of consumption.

Information Sources

Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health. Disinfection of Wells bulletin, FS 040 04/04/06.

Ministry of the Environment, 2006. Technical Support Document for Ontario Drinking Water Standards, Objectives and Guidelines. File PIBS 4449e01



Disinfection of Wells

Estimate the quantity of water in the well, for each 100 gallons (450 litres) add sixteen ounces (455 mL) of household hypochlorite solution (household bleach).

Calculate the amount of bleach needed:

Example: 150 ft. well X 1.22 gal. per ft. = 183 gal. of water (1.83 X 16 oz. = 29 oz. approx.). Therefore we would use 29 oz. of bleach to disinfect.

After adding bleach, open all taps to run the water through your pressure system until you can taste and smell the chlorine. Close taps. Let the chlorine stand in the system for 12 hours (overnight). The next day run the water, but not into your septic system, until the taste or odour of chlorine has gone.

NOTE: As you are adding the chlorine to the well, use some of the solution to disinfect the top of the well and inside the casing.

After 48 hours, a sample of the water should be submitted to the Provincial Laboratory for examination. If satisfactory, submit a second sample one week after disinfecting the well. Should the report be unsatisfactory, contact a public health inspector at KFL&A Public Health for further information.

(See back of this page for interpretation)

This table will help you estimate the number of gallons per foot of water in the well.

| Inside Diameter | Gallons per foot of water in well |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2 inches (5.0 cm) | 0.14 (0.63 litres) |
| 4 inches (10.0 cm) | 0.53 (2.4 litres) |
| 5 inches (12.7 cm) | 0.86 (3.9 litres) |
| 6 inches (15.2 cm)* | 1.22 (5.5 litres) |
| 7 inches (17.7 cm) | 1.67 (7.5 litres) |
| 8 inches (20.0 cm) | 2.13 (9.6 litres) |
| 24 inches (60.0 cm) | 19.05 (86.6 litres) |
| 30 inches (76.0 cm) | 30.05 (136.0 litres) |

usual size of casing pipe for well

Add about 8 drops of liquid household bleach to 1 gallon (4.5 litres) of water. Stir it and let it sit for at least 15 minutes.

Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health

Kingston 221 Portsmouth Avenue Kingston, ON K7M IV5 Tel: 613-549-1232 1-800-267-7875 Fax: 613-549-7896

Сюуле PO'Box 59 14209 Highway 41 Cloyne, ON KOH IKO Tel: 613-336-8989 Fax: 613-336-0522

Napanee 41 Dundas Street Napanee, ON K7R 125 Tel: 613-354-3357 Fax: 354-6267

Sharbot Lake P.O. Box 149 1 30 Elizabeth Street Sharbot Lake, ON KOH 2P0 Tel: 6|3-279-2|5| Fax: 613-279-3997

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Working together for better health • www.kflapublichealth.ca

How to interpret your laboratory results

Total Coliforms:

- This group of bacteria is always present in animal wastes and sewage, but is also found in soil and on vegetation.
- The presence of these bacteria in your well is usually the result of soil run-off or septic tank seepage.

Escherichia Coli (E. coli):

- This bacteria is found only in the stomachs of people and animals.
- The presence of E. coli bacteria in your well is usually the result of recent sewage contamination from a nearby source.
- These bacteria are the ones that may cause disease.

Interpretation of laboratory results:

| TOTAL COLIFORMS | E. COLI | WHAT IT MEANS |
|-----------------|---------|--|
| 0 | 0 | Safe for drinking. Repeat samples may not show exactly the same results because bacteria are not distributed uniformly in water, contamination tends to enter intermittently and numbers can change during sample transit time. |
| 1 → 5 | 0 | Doubtful for a single sample, but safe for drinking if condition remains stable based on three samples. |
| 6 →>80 | 0 | Unsafe for drinking. Contamination is not likely to be of sewage origin unless far removed from the water source or unless there has been a delay in receipt of sample. Common with new wells before disinfection and shallow dug wells which are not properly sealed. |
| 1 → >80 | 1 → 60 | Unsafe for drinking. Pollution source may be some distance from the water source, or diluted with large volumes of pure water, or the sample may not have been received within 48 hours of being taken. Samples older than 48 hours cannot provide reliable results. |
| >80 | >60 | Unsafe for drinking. This water is contaminated and should not be used for drinking under any circumstances. Do not attempt to apply these standards and interpretations to surface waters used for swimming. |
| EST | | Unsafe for drinking. Number has been estimated due to some interference with the test. Exact number is not really critical, especially if in excess of limits shown above, for judging safety. |
| O/G | | Doubtful condition and not recommended for drinking. No coliform bacteria could be detected because of "overgrowth" by other bacteria. This condition frequently occurs with new wells, dug wells receiving soil drainage, or wells which have been idle for some time. Collect another sample and identify clearly "REPEAT SAMPLE". |

APPENDIX C

WELL USER SURVEY FORM

| WATER WELL SURVEY FORM Kingston Solar LP | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| PROPERTY LOCATION & USE | | | | | |
| Address (911 Number): | Municipality, Postal Code: | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Mailing Address (if different from above): | Municipality, Postal Code: | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| RESIDENT/OWNER INFORMATION | | | | | |
| Person Interviewed Resident | Address: | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Other | Telephone: | | | | |
| If Resident is not Owner, indicate Owner's name: | Address: | | | | |
| | Telephone: | | | | |
| Were there any previous owners? | If yes, please indicate previous owner's name(s): | | | | |
| Yes No | | | | | |
| WATER WELL CONSTRUCTION | Photos Taken | | | | |
| <i>Note:</i> All information below is to be provided by wel circumstances. | l owner or resident. Do not open the well under any | | | | |
| Number of wells on property (use one form per well on property): | Usage Activity (active, dormant): | | | | |
| MOE Well Number: | Well usage (e.g. domestic, irrigation, washing): | | | | |
| # (Not available) | | | | | |
| Well Type: | Date Installed: Name of Well Driller: | | | | |
| Drilled Dug N/A-Unknown | | | | | |
| Overburden Bedrock N/A-Unknown | Is driller's borehole record available (Yes/No)? | | | | |
| Well depth (ft/m): | Static water level (ft/m bgs): | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Casing material (steel, concrete): | Diameter of Well Casing (inches or mm): | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Screen presence, depth (open hole in bedrock): | Pump Type (submersible, jet, hand, etc.): | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Well Coordinates (GPS) | Screen presence, depth (open hole in bedrock): | | | | |
| Easting: | | | | | |
| Northing: | | | | | |
| Datum: | | | | | |
| WATER QUANTITY | | | | | |
| How many years has the interviewed person used the well? | How often does the well run dry (never, daily, weekly, monthly, annually, once)? | | | | |
| If so, what activity is associated with the well running dry (washing, irrigation, etc.)? | Is the well ever recharged by water truck (Yes/No)? | | | | |
| WATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS | Photos Taken | | | | |
| Indicate all applicable components below: | | | | | |
| U Water Softener Iron Filter | UV Other (specify) | | | | |
| Reverse Osmosis Sediment Filter | Chlorination Other (specify) | | | | |
| Well Vulnerability | Photos Taken | | | | |
| Direction of ground slope: | <i>Well head stick-up above ground (inches/centimetres):</i> | | | | |
| <i>Casing condition (cracks, decayed wood, holes, etc.):</i> | Drainage at wellhead (level, mound, even slope, inward ditch, pit?): | | | | |
| Condition of well lid (material, cracks, holes, rotted wood, insects, etc.): | Do livestock/pets have access to wellhead area?: | | | | |

| WATER QUALITY HISTORY | |
|---|--|
| Odour concerns/problems: | Taste concerns/problems: |
| Colour concerns/problems: | Staining of fixtures or laundry: |
| Encrustation at fixtures or pipes: | Is the water used for drinking by occupants? |
| Is there any history with illness associated with the water? Frequency? | Was the water tested for chemistry/microbiology by a laboratory and what were the results? |
| Has the water quality changed over time? | Additional comments by interviewed well user: |
| WATER SAMPLING RECORD | |
| Date and time of sample: | Sampling point: |
| Confirm sampling point is off-line from treatment systems (Yes/No): | Number of bottles: |
| Was the water sampled purged before sampling? | If sample water was purged, how much? vol (L) time (min) |

DRAFT PROPERTY SKETCH

Bring prepared background sketch prior to site visit. In the space provided below, indicate the following features:

Property boundary, houses and other buildings, well, septic tank, septic field, road, driveway, north arrow, distances between well and septic field, ground slope direction (downward), ditches, water pipe connections, fuel storage / heating oil tanks, and watercourses, ponds, lakes.

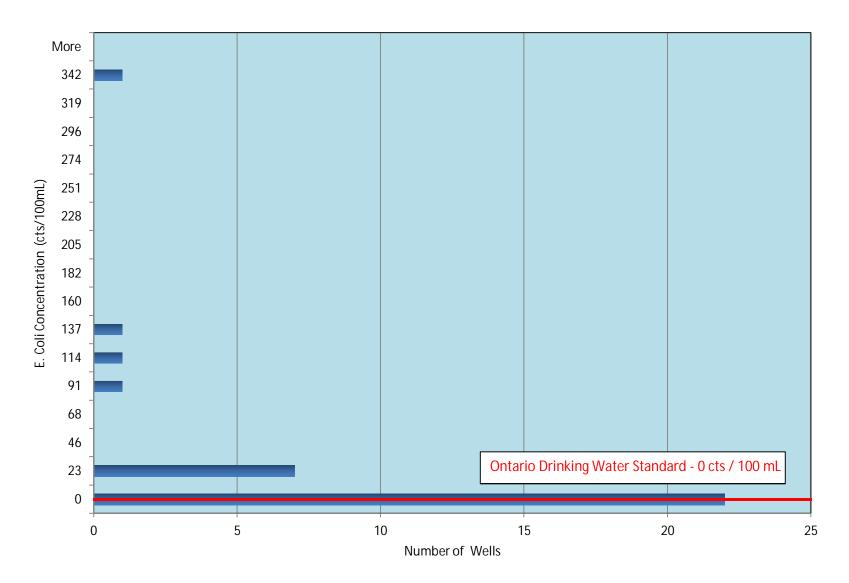
Completed By:

Date: _____

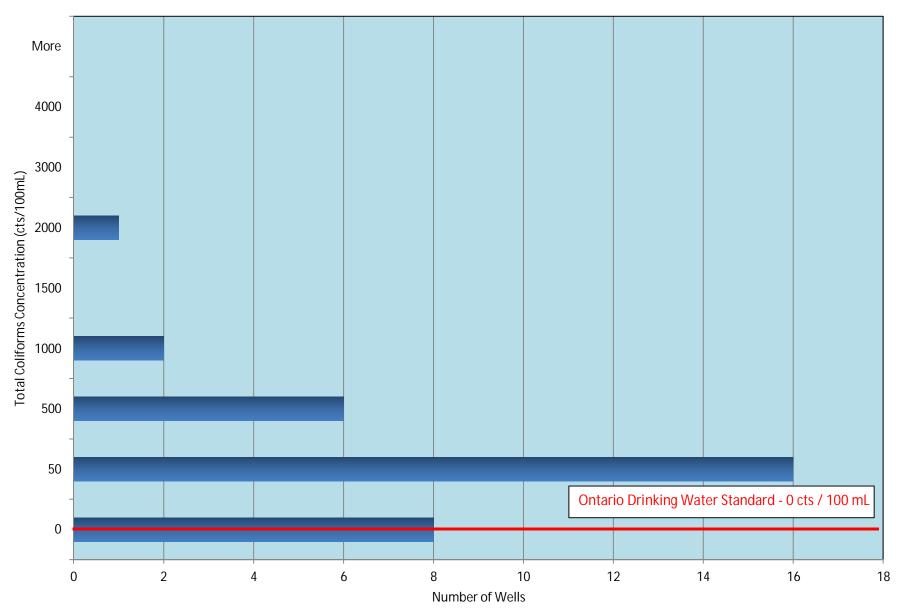
APPENDIX D

WATER QUALITY RESULTS AND ANALYTICAL DATA QA/QC EVALUATION

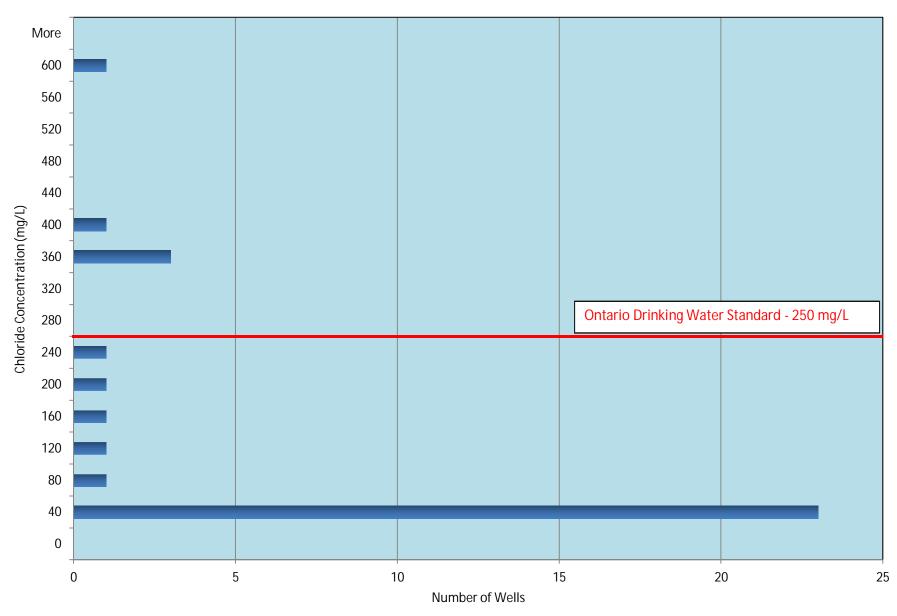
E.Coli

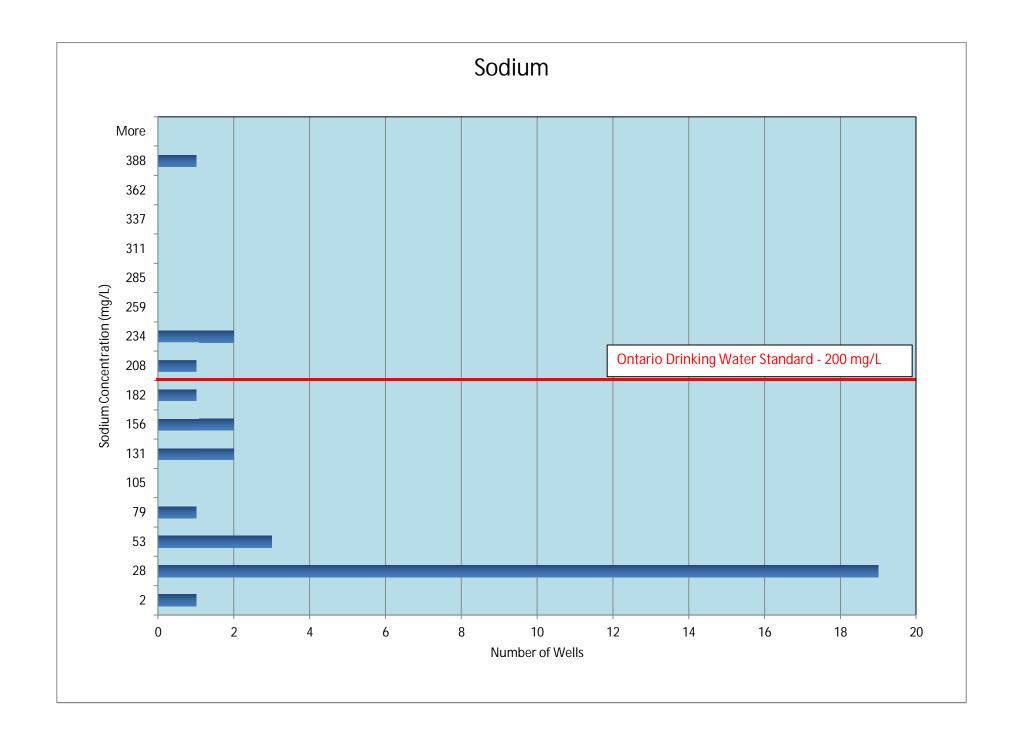


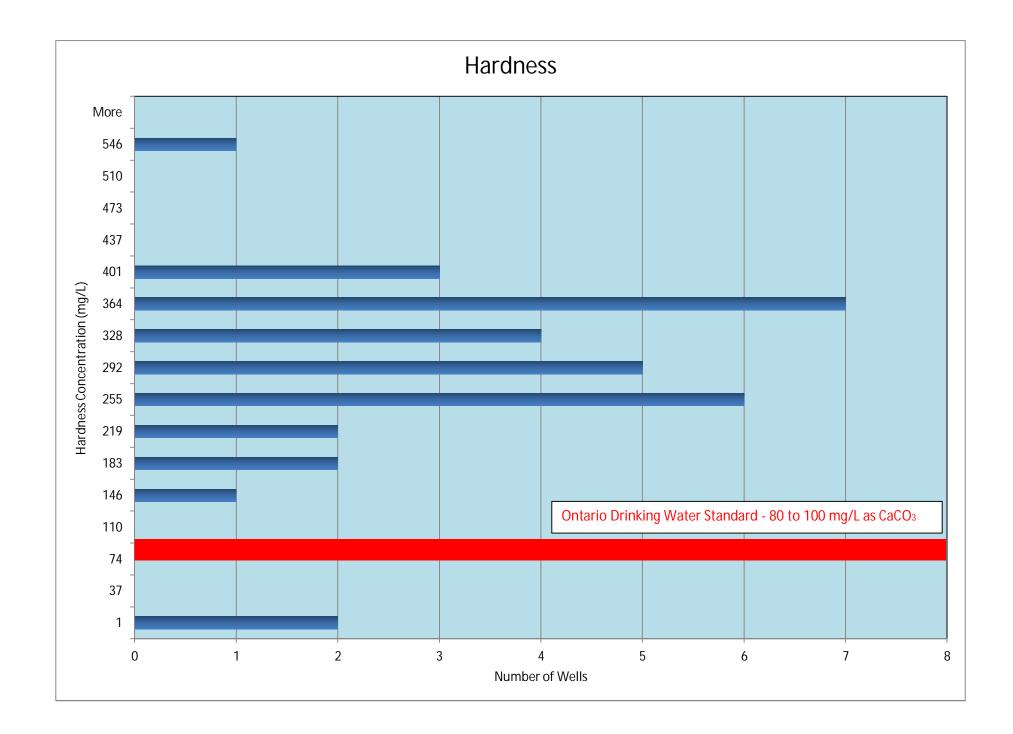
Total Coliforms

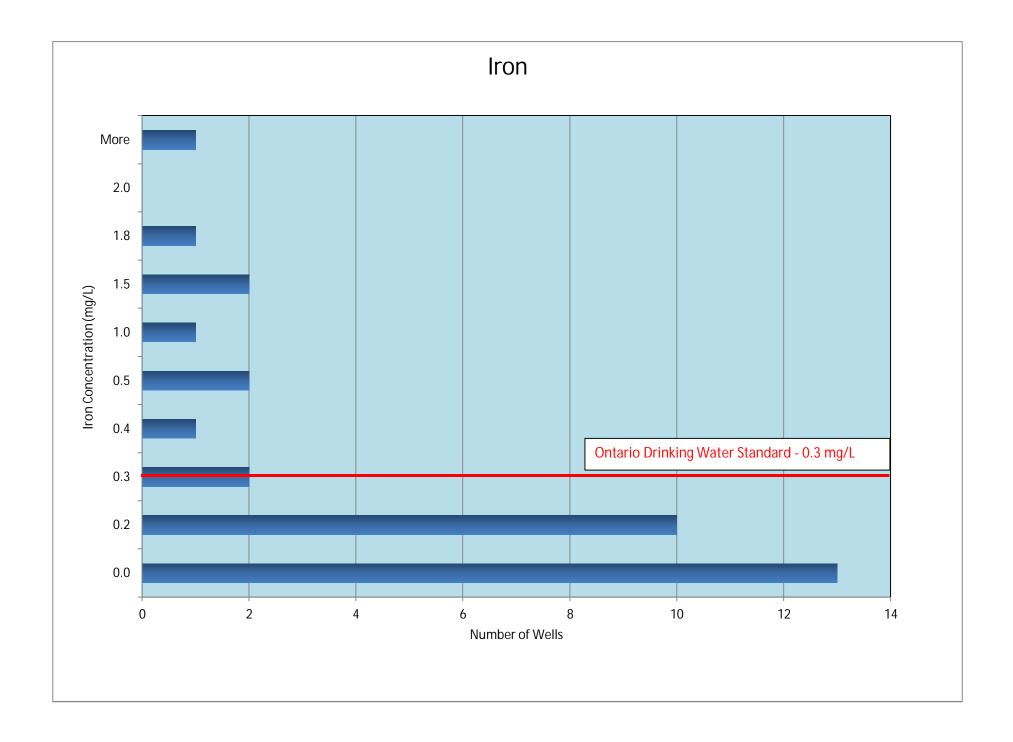


Chloride

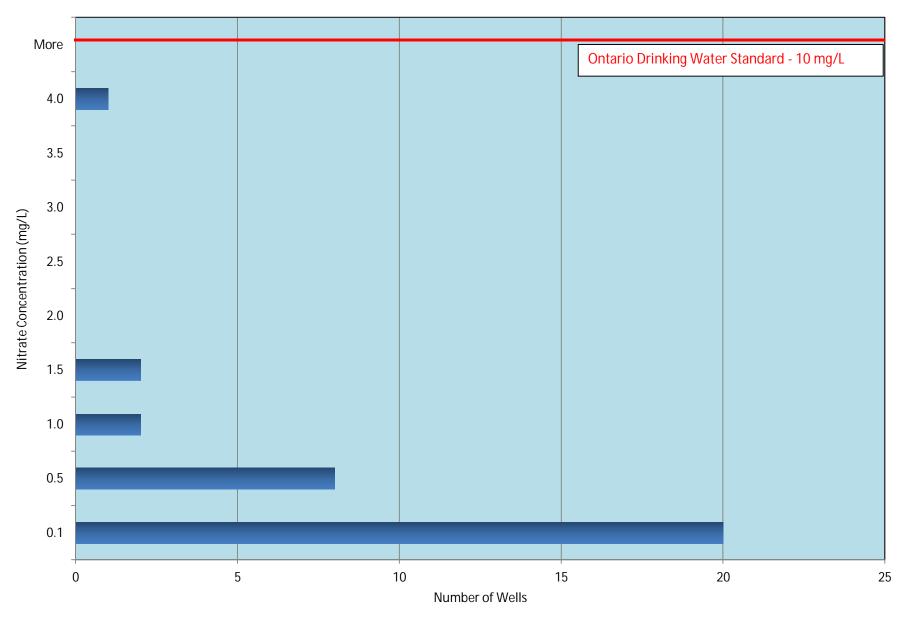




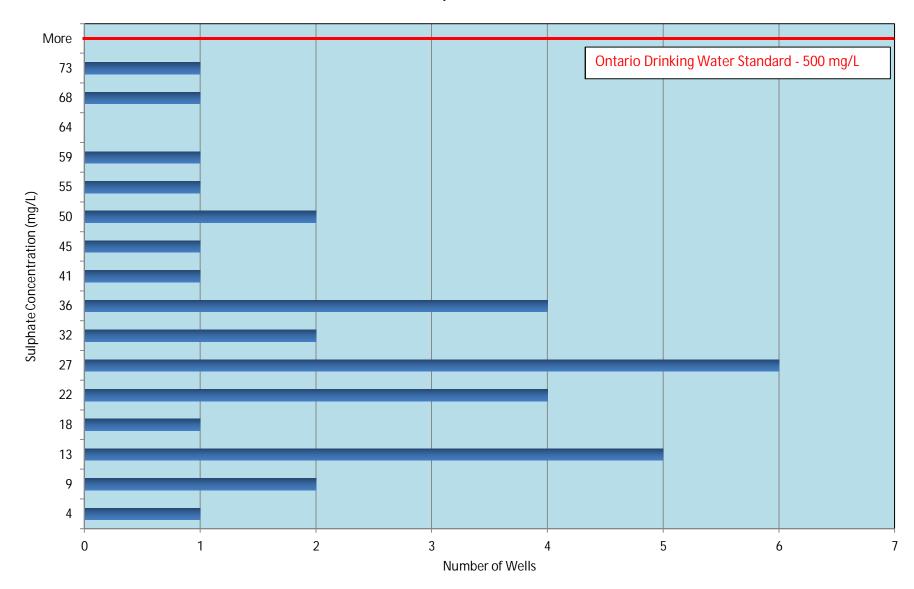




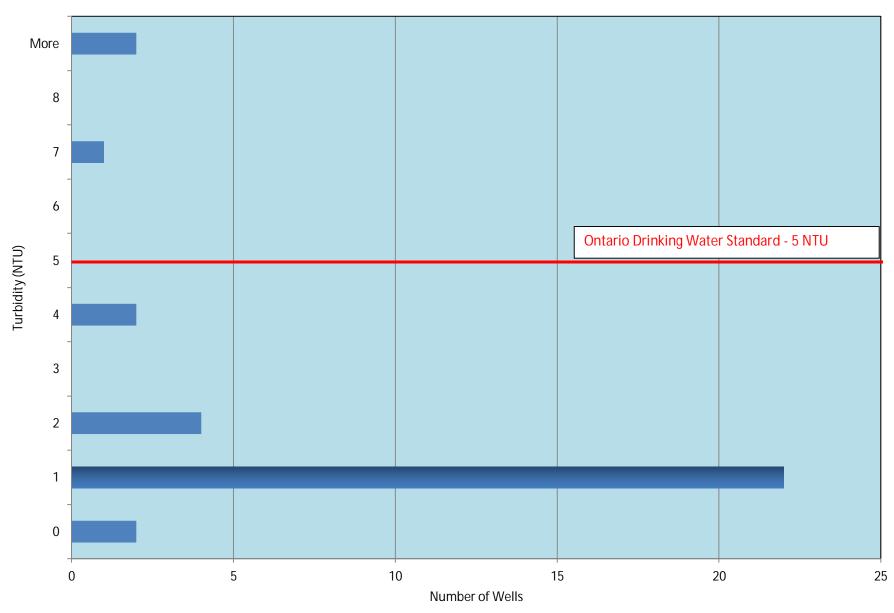
Nitrates



Sulphate



Turbidity



Groundwater Analytical Results - QA/QC Assessment Kingston Solar LP

| - | | | Site | 23 | 23 | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|------|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----|
| | | | Laboratory ID | 963971 | 963972 | RPD |
| | | | Sample Date | 6/11/2012 | 6/11/2012 | |
| Parameter | Units | RDL | ODWS | | | |
| Inorganics | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity as CaCO3 | mg/L | 5 | 30-500 (OG) | 373 | 371 | 1% |
| Chloride | mg/L | 1 | 250 (AO) | 6 | 6 | 0% |
| Colour | TCU | 2 | 5 (AO) | 2 | 3 | 40% |
| Conductivity | uS/cm | 5 | NV | 732 | 731 | 0% |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | mg/L | 0.5 | 5 (AO) | 3 | 2.8 | 7% |
| N-NH3 (Ammonia) | mg/L | 0.02 | NV | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0% |
| N-NO2 (Nitrite) | mg/L | 0.1 | 1 (MAC) | <0.10 | <0.10 | N/V |
| N-NO3 (Nitrate) | mg/L | 0.1 | 10 (MAC) | <0.10 | <0.10 | N/V |
| рН | NV | NV | 6.5 - 8.5 (OG) | 7.63 | 7.71 | 1% |
| Sulphate | mg/L | 3 | 500 (AO) | 36 | 36 | 0% |
| Total Dissolved Solids (COND - CALC) | mg/L | 1 | 500 (AO) | 476 | 475 | 0% |
| Turbidity | NTU | 0.1 | 5 (AO) | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0% |
| Hardness as CaCO3 | mg/L | 1 | 80-100 (OG) | 341 | 349 | 2% |
| Calcium | mg/L | 1 | NV | 112 | 115 | 3% |
| Magnesium | mg/L | 1 | NV | 15 | 15 | 0% |
| Potassium | mg/L | 1 | NV | 2 | 2 | 0% |
| Sodium | mg/L | 2 | 200 (AO) | 16 | 15 | 6% |
| Iron | mg/L | 0.03 | 0.3 (AO) | 0.04 | 0.05 | 22% |
| Manganese | mg/L | 0.01 | 0.05 (AO) | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0% |

RDL Laboratory Reported Detection Limit

RPD Relative Percent Difference

NV No Value

ODWS Ontario Drinking Water Standards, June, 2003 (Revised, 2006)

MAC (Maximum Acceptable Concentration, AO - Aesthetic Objective; OG - Operational Guidelines

Prepared By: D.Burr

APPENDIX E

LABORATORY CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS

| EXOV | Α οτταψα | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|---|
| Client: | Dillon Consutting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Kingston Report: Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | K12-1478 1212082 2012-06-15 2012-06-20 |
| Attention: PO#: Invoice to: | Mr. Darin Burr Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 2 | Project: COC #: | Ki ngs ton Solar 149766 |

....

Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:



Dragana Dzeletovic Acting Supervisor, Microbiology

Exova (Ottawa) is certified and accredited for specific parameters by:

CALA, Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (to ISO 17025), OMAF, Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs(for farm soils), Licensed by Ontario MOE for specific tests in drinking water.

Please note: Field data, where presented on the report, has been provided by the client and is presented for informational purposes only.

EXOVA OTTAWA

Certificate of Analysis



| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
| | London, ON |
| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| PO#: | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Kingston Report: | K12-1478 |
|------------------|---------------|
| Report Number: | 1212082 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-15 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-20 |
| Project: | Kingston Sola |
| COC #: | 149766 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964461 Water | 964462 Water | 964463 Water | 964464 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | 61 I. | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | | <20 | 320 | <20 | <20 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | | <20 | 620 | <20 | 20 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964465 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | | <20 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | 10.000 | 80 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request. MRL = Method Reporting Limit, AO = Aesthetic Objective, OG = Operational Guideline, MAC = Maximum Acceptable Concentration, IMAC = Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration, STD = Standard, PWQO = Provincial Water Quality Guideline, IPWQO = Interim Provincial Water Quality Objective.

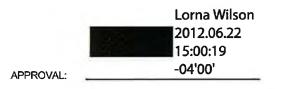
| EXOV | Α οτταψα | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|---|---|
| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Kingston Report: Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: Project: | K12-1478 1212156 2012-06-15 2012-06-22 Kisseten Solar |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | Page 1 of 3 | Project: COC #: | Kingston Solar 149766 |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 3 | | |

.....

Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:



Lorna Wilson Inorganic Laboratory Supervisor

Exova (Ottawa) is certified and accredited for specific parameters by:

CALA, Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (to ISO 17025), OMAF, Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs(for farm soils), Licensed by Ontario MOE for specific tests in drinking water.

Please note: Field data, where presented on the report, has been provided by the client and is presented for informational purposes only.



| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
| | London, ON |
| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| PO#: | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Kingston Report: | K12-1478 |
|------------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1212156 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-15 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-22 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149766 |
| | |

| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. Guideline | 964651 Water | 964652 Water | 964653 Water | 964654 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 111 | mg/L | 1 | 383 | 263 | 111 | 356 |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 1180 | 371 | 211 | 1190 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 335 | 264 | 99 | 326 |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 340 | 7 | 25 | 364 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 1810 | 571 | 325 | 1830 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | 0.45 | 0.27 | 0.40 |
| 1 | pН | 1.00 | | | 7.97 | 7.99 | 8.11 | 7.98 |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 68 | 32 | 21 | 29 |
| | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 4.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| Metals | Са | 1 | mg/L | | 112 | 79 | 33 | 121 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | | 0.44 | <0.03 | 0.11 | < 0.03 |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | | 5 | <1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | 25 | 16 | 7 | 13 |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | 0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | | 210 | 8 | 13 | 219 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | | 0.12 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request. MRL = Method Reporting Limit, AO = Aesthetic Objective, OG = Operational Guideline, MAC = Maximum Acceptable Concentration, IMAC = Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration, STD = Standard, PWQO = Provincial Water Quality Guideline, IPWQO = Interim Provincial Water Quality Objective.

Certificate of Analysis



Client: Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 Attention: Mr. Darin Burr PO#: Invoice to: Dillon Consulting Limited (London)
 Kingston Report:
 K12-1478

 Report Number:
 1212156

 Date Submitted:
 2012-06-15

 Date Reported:
 2012-06-22

 Project:
 Kingston Solar

 COC #:
 149766

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964655 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|--|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | |
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 1 | mg/L | | 204 |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 403 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 213 |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 62 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 30 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 620 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 7.4 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 |
| | pH | 1.00 | | | 8.10 |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 11 |
| | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 0.7 |
| Metals | Ca | 1 | mg/L | | 67 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | | 0.37 |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | | 2 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | 9 |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | 0.03 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | 10.000 | 37 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | | 0.14 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

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| EXOV | Α ΟΤΤΑΨΑ | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|---|--|
| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Kingston Report: Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | - K12-1668 1213871 2012-07-05 2012-07-06 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | | Project: COC #: | Kingston Solar 149944 |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 4 | | |

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Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:

| | Krista Quantrill 2012.07.06 |
|-----------|--------------------------------|
| APPROVAL: | 13:38:20 -04'00' |

Krista Quantrill Microbiology Laboratory Supervisor

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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 |
|--------------------|--|
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Kingston Report: | K12-1668 |
|------------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1213871 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-07-05 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-07-06 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149944 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 969339 Water | 969340 Water | 969341 Water | 969342 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 32* | 144* | 0 | 0 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Samole I.D. | 969343 Water | 969344 Water | 969345 Water | 969346 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | 1 | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 0 | 7* | 0 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 60* | 1* | 18* | 6* |

Guideline = ODWSOG

* = Guideline Exceedence

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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |
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| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
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| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Kingston Report: | K12-1668 |
|------------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1213871 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-07-05 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-07-06 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149944 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 969347 Water | 969348 Water | 969349 Water | 969350 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 2* | 0 | 0 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 14* | 2* | 2* |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 969351 Water | 969352 Water | 969353 Water | 969354 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | 1 | | 6 | P I |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 0 | 2* | 14* |

Guideline = ODWSOG

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.

Certificate of Analysis



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| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

EXOVA OTTAWA

| Kingston Report: | K12-1668 |
|------------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1213871 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-07-05 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-07-06 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149944 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 969355 Water | 969356 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 1* | 1* |

Guideline = ODWSOG

* = Guideline Exceedence

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Certificate of Analysis



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| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| PO#: | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Kingston Report: | K12-1669 |
|------------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1213966 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-07-05 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-07-09 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149946 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 969580 Water | 969581 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | l |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 2* | 100* |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 19* | 1000* |

Guideline = ODWSOG

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.

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|--------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Kingston Report: Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | - K12-1669 1213966 2012-07-05 2012-07-09 | |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | | Project: COC #: | Kingston Solar 149946 | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 2 | | | |

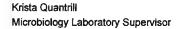
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Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:





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|--------------------|--|-------------|--|---|--|
| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Niagara Report: Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | N12-1053 1212002 2012-06-15 2012-06-20 | |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | | Project: COC #: | Kingston Solar 753633 | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 2 | | | |

Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:

| | Dragana |
|-----------|------------|
| | Dzeletovic |
| | 2012.06.2 |
| | 0 12:02:20 |
| APPROVAL: | -04'00' |
| | |

Dragana Dzeletovic Acting Supervisor, Microbiology

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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
|--------------------|---|
| | London, ON |
| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Niagara Report: | N12-1053 |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1212002 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-15 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-20 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 753633 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964289 Water | 964290 Water | 964291 Water | 964292 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | | 12 | 2 | 342 | 117 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | | 230 | 81 | 1900 | 550 |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964293 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | | 0 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | 1 | 0 |

Guideline = * = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.

| EXOV | Α οτταψα | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Niagara Report: Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | N12-1053 1211865 2012-06-12 2012-06-21 | | |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | | Project: COC #: | Kingston Solar 149816 | | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 3 | | | | |

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Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:

| | Lorna Wilson |
|-----------|--------------|
| | 2012.06.21 |
| | 12:14:50 |
| APPROVAL: | -04'00' |
| | |

Lorna Wilson Inorganic Laboratory Supervisor

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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |
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| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
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| Attention: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| PO#: | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Niagara Report: | N12-1053 |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1211865 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-12 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-21 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149816 |
| | |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 963966 Water | 963967 Water | 963968 Water | 963969 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | 1 | |
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 1 | mg/L | | 272 | 344 | 232 | 158 |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 368 | 1050 | 345 | 254 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 292 | 265 | 231 | 176 |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 6 | 330 | 19 | 18 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 2 | 5 | 6 | 40 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 566 | 1620 | 531 | 390 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 8.3 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | 0.57 | 0.91 | <0.10 |
| | рН | 1.00 | | | 7.83 | 7.72 | 7.83 | 7.90 |
| 1.0 | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 18 | 57 | 23 | 5 |
| | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| Metals | Ca | 1 | mg/L | | 86 | 123 | 83 | 50 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | 0.45 |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | | <1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | 14 | 9 | 6 | 8 |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | 0.09 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | | 8 | 190 | 12 | 12 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | 0.06 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 |
|--------------------|--|
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Niagara Report: | N12-1053 |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1211865 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-12 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-21 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149816 |

| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. Guideline | 963970 Water | 963971 Water | 963972 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 11 | mg/L | | 246 | 341 | 349 |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 318 | 476 | 475 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 239 | 373 | 371 |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 3 | 6 | 6 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 490 | 732 | 731 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | C | 1.6 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| | pН | 1.00 | | | 7.89 | 7.63 | 7.71 |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 26 | 36 | 36 |
| | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Metals | Ca | 1 | mg/L | | 92 | 112 | 115 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | - | <0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | | <1 | 2 | 2 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | 4 | 15 | 15 |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | <0.01 | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 3 | 16 | 15 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | 3 | <0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

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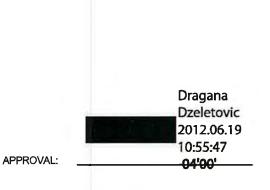
| EXOV | Α ΟΤΤΑΨΑ | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova | |
|-------------|--|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | 1212164 2012-06-18 2012-06-19 | |
| Attention: | Mr. Darin Burr | | Project: COC #: | Kingston Solar 149773 | |
| PO#: | | Deer 1 of 2 | COC #. | 149773 | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 2 | | | |

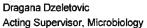
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Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:





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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |
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| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| PO#: | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Report Number: | 1212164 |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-18 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-19 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149773 |
| | |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964665 Water | 964666 Water | 964667 Water | 964668 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | B | | 1 |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78* |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 0 | 0 | 6* | 420* |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Samole I.D. | 964669 Water | 964670 Water | 964671 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | 1 |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 1* | 0 | 0 |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | MAC-0 | 260* | 50* | 6* |

Guideline = ODWSOG

* = Guideline Exceedence

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| EXOV | Α ΟΤΤΑΨΑ | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 | | Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: | 1212221 2012-06-18 2012-06-26 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | | Project: COC #: | Kingston Solar 149773 |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 4 | | |

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Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:



Lorna Wilson Inorganic Laboratory Supervisor

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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
| | London, ON |
| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

 Report Number:
 1212221

 Date Submitted:
 2012-06-18

 Date Reported:
 2012-06-26

 Project:
 Kingston Solar

 COC #:
 149773

| | | | 11-74- | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964807 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|--------|--|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | <1 |
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 1 | mg/L | | - |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 404 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 284 |
| | Cl | 1 | mg/L | 1 | 14 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 9 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 621 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 3.3 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 |
| | рН | 1.00 | | | 7.88 |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 24 |
| | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 0.3 |
| Metals | Са | 1 | mg/L | | <1 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | | <0.03 |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | | <1 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | <1 |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | <0.01 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | | 146 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | | < 0.02 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request. MRL = Method Reporting Limit, AO = Aesthetic Objective, OG = Operational Guideline, MAC = Maximum Acceptable Concentration, IMAC = Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration, STD = Standard, PWQO = Provincial Water Quality Guideline, IPWQO = Interim Provincial Water Quality Objective.

Page 2 of 4

Certificate of Analysis



Client: Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 Attention: Mr. Darin Burr PO#: Invoice to: Dillon Consulting Limited (London)

| Report Number: | 1212221 |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-18 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-26 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149773 |
| | |

| | | | Sample Samplin | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964808 Water | 964809 Water | 964810 Water | 964811 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | | |
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 1 | mg/L | | 276 | 153 | 332 | 370 |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 643 | 251 | 510 | 515 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 266 | 174 | 369 | 361 |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 132 | 17 | 22 | 16 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 8 | 58 | 7 | 6 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 989 | 386 | 784 | 792 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 3.6 | 8.4 | 5.2 | 3.0 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| 1.1 | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.31 | <0.10 |
| | pH | 1.00 | | | 7.99 | 8.05 | 8.00 | 7.92 |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 34 | 4 | 27 | 51 |
| | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Metals | Са | 1 | mg/L | 6 | 79 | 54 | 118 | 117 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | AL 2010 | 0.21 | 1.13 | <0.03 | 0.08 |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | | 10 | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | 19 | 10 | 9 | 19 |
| 1 | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | <0.01 | 0.08 | <0.01 | 0.02 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | | 66 | 12 | 29 | 15 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | | 0.51 | 0.09 | <0.02 | 0.03 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.



| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 | | | | |
| | London, ON | | | | |
| | N6A 5R2 | | | | |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr | | | | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | | | | |

| Report Number: | 1212221 |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-18 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-26 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149773 |
| | |

| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. Guideline | 964812 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|---|-----------------|
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 1 | mg/L | | <1 |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 332 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 223 |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 24 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 8 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 510 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 2.4 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 |
| | рН | 1.00 | | 1 | 8.30 |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 10 |
| 1 | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 0.3 |
| Metals | Са | 1 | mg/L | | <1 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | | <0.03 |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | | <1 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | <1 |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | <0.01 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | | 120 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | | 0.02 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.

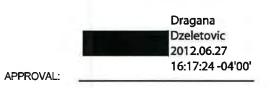
| ΕΧΟΥΑ ΟΤΤΑΨΑ | | Certificate of Analysis | | Exova | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Client: Attention: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON N6A 5R2 Mr. Darin Burr | | Niagara Report: Report Number: Date Submitted: Date Reported: Project: | - N12-1069 1211831 2012-06-12 2012-06-27 Kingston Solar | | |
| PO#: Invoice to: | Nir. Dann Burr | Page 1 of 2 | COC #: | 149764 | | |

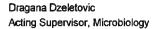
. . . .

Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

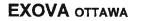
Report Comments:





Exova (Ottawa) is certified and accredited for specific parameters by:

CALA, Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (to ISO 17025), OMAF, Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs(for farm soils), Licensed by Ontario MOE for specific tests in drinking water.





| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
| | London, ON |
| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| N12-1069 |
|---------------|
| 1211831 |
| 2012-06-12 |
| 2012-06-27 |
| Kingston Sola |
| 149764 |
| |

| | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 963883 Water | 963884 Water | 963885 Water | 963886 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Guideline | | | | |
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | | 0 | 4 | OG | OG |
| | Total Coliforms | 0 | ct/100mL | | 35 | 15 | OG | OG |

| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Samble I.D. Guideline | 963887 Water | 963888 Water | 963889 Water |
|--------------|------------------|-----|----------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Microbiology | Escherichia Coli | 0 | ct/100mL | - | OG | OG | OG |
| | Total Coliforms | | ct/100mL | | OG | OG | OG |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted. Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.

EXOVA OTTAWA

Certificate of Analysis



| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | | Niagara Report: | N12-1069 | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| | 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 | | Report Number: | 1211922 | |
| | London, ON | | Date Submitted: | 2012-06-13 | |
| | N6A 5R2 | | Date Reported: | 2012-06-21 | |
| Attention: | Mr. Darin Burr | | Project: | Kingston Solar | |
| PO#: | | | COC #: | 149764 | |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) | Page 1 of 3 | | | |

Dear Darin Burr:

Please find attached the analytical results for your samples. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call (613-727-5692).

Report Comments:

| | Lorna Wilson |
|-----------|--------------|
| | 2012.06.21 |
| | 16:48:18 |
| | -04'00' |
| APPROVAL: | |

Lorna Wilson Inorganic Laboratory Supervisor

Exova (Ottawa) is certified and accredited for specific parameters by:

CALA, Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (to ISO 17025), OMAF, Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs(for farm soils), Licensed by Ontario MOE for specific tests in drinking water.



| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 London, ON |
|--------------------|---|
| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Niagara Report: | N12-1069 |
|---|--|
| Report Number: | 1211922 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-13 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-21 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149764 |
| Date Submitted: Date Reported: Project: | 2012-06-13 2012-06-21 Kingston Solar |

| | Analyte | | | | | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. | 964120 Water | 964121 Water | 964122 Water | 964123 Water |
|--|---------------------|------|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|--|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Group | | MRL | Units | Guideline | | ř | (c) | | | |
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 1 | mg/L | 1 | 302 | 254 | 257 | 386 | | |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 366 | 354 | 382 | 1880 | | |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 287 | 267 | 277 | 431 | | |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 2 | 5 | 17 | 590 | | |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 2 | 2 | 6 | 7 | | |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 563 | 544 | 587 | 2900 | | |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 1.7 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 4.9 | | |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | | |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.36 | <0.10 | | |
| | рН | 1.00 | | 1 | 8.10 | 8.10 | 8.02 | 7.98 | | |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 22 | 23 | 16 | 73 | | |
| A second se | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 0.6 | 8.4 | 0.8 | 8.1 | | |
| Metals | Ca | 1 | mg/L | | 98 | 77 | 83 | 125 | | |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | | 0.15 | 0.98 | 0.15 | 1.07 | | |
| | К | 1 | mg/L | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 | <1 | | |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | 14 | 15 | 12 | 18 | | |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | 0.08 | <0.01 | 0.03 | 1.41 | | |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | h | 4 | 11 | 16 | 388 | | |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 0.03 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.05 | | |

Guideline =

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| Client: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) 130 Dufferin Ave., Suite 1400 |
|--------------------|---|
| | London, ON |
| | N6A 5R2 |
| Attention: PO#: | Mr. Darin Burr |
| Invoice to: | Dillon Consulting Limited (London) |

| Niagara Report: | N12-1069 |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Report Number: | 1211922 |
| Date Submitted: | 2012-06-13 |
| Date Reported: | 2012-06-21 |
| Project: | Kingston Solar |
| COC #: | 149764 |

| Group | Analyte | MRL | Units | Lab I.D. Sample Matrix Sample Type Sampling Date Sample I.D. Guideline | 964124 Water | 964125 Water | 964126 Water |
|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Calculations | Hardness as CaCO3 | 1 | mg/L | | 349 | 216 | 321 |
| | TDS (COND - CALC) | 1 | mg/L | | 884 | 318 | 578 |
| General Chemistry | Alkalinity as CaCO3 | 5 | mg/L | | 303 | 216 | 276 |
| | CI | 1 | mg/L | | 207 | 20 | 109 |
| | Colour | 2 | TCU | | 10 | 21 | 5 |
| | Conductivity | 5 | uS/cm | | 1360 | 489 | 889 |
| | DOC | 0.5 | mg/L | | 3.4 | 4.2 | 2.7 |
| | N-NO2 | 0.10 | mg/L | | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| | N-NO3 | 0.10 | mg/L | | 3.64 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| | рН | 1.00 | | | 8.13 | 8.09 | 8.03 |
| | SO4 | 3 | mg/L | | 47 | 13 | 9 |
| | Turbidity | 0.1 | NTU | | 1.8 | 6.8 | 0.5 |
| Metals | Ca | 1 | mg/L | | 120 | 75 | 104 |
| | Fe | 0.03 | mg/L | | 0.14 | 2.09 | <0.03 |
| | K | 1 | mg/L | | 6 | 1 | 2 |
| | Mg | 1 | mg/L | | 12 | 7 | 15 |
| | Mn | 0.01 | mg/L | | 0.01 | 0.54 | <0.01 |
| | Na | 2 | mg/L | | 131 | 12 | 47 |
| Nutrients | N-NH3 | 0.02 | mg/L | | <0.02 | 0.06 | <0.02 |

Guideline =

* = Guideline Exceedence

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APPENDIX I

COMMUNITY CORRESPONDENCE

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|--|---|--|
| 28-Jul-11 | Phone Call | Stakeholder received the Notice. His land is outside of the boundary but would like to be considered for the Project west of Hwy 38. | AMEC indicated that the Project is currently confined to the boundary defined. Recommended the stakeholder to come to the Open House. | 28-Jul-11 |
| 28-Jul-11 | Phone Call | Stakeholder expressed concerned after receiving the Notice that his land property was shown within the boundary but was not considered part of the Project. | Indicated that the boundary refers to the overall study area. | 28-Jul-11 |
| 8-Aug-11 | E-mail | A landowner inquired who to contact to provide comments on the Project. | Contact information was provided. | 8-Aug-11 |
| 8-Aug-11 | E-mail | Individual inquired who to contact regarding the search of artifacts in the area of interest for the project. | Kingston Solar LP spoke with the individual and provided contact information. | 8-Aug-11 |
| 9-Aug-11 | Phone Call | Individual called with concerns about ploughing as the need for ploughing was not addressed when the lease was signed. | Individual was assured that the project would still allow haying and pasturing. | 9-Aug-11 |
| 15-Aug-11 | E-mail | Individual sent request to correct their mailing address | N/A - Correction made | N/A |
| 22-Sep-11 | E-mail | How does Samsung recycle the used or broken solar panels? Do you have a plan for in 15-20 years when they are worn out? What if a panel is broken in the field? I will be living right across from them. Reading on line there is some harmful green house gasses (Silicon, cadmium, selenium, sulfur hexafluoride and many others) in them. Will you supply local residence with a MSDS sheet? Does the gas become a solid mixed with air? And if so then possible ground pollution. I was informed at your open house that fencing would be place around the solar fields. What about animal routes to water and breeding grounds (Snapping turtles)? As your Whippoorwill Will study how long should a person sit in the car and listen for a Whippoorwill Will before moving on. I ask this because a car pulled up in front of my house at dusk one night. I observed someone get out of the car. I went to my door and & yelled out can I help you. The person then turned and got back into their car and left. I got in my truck and followed (we were having a problem with break-ins and people throwing garbage into people's fields). The car pulled over around the corner I pulled up and that is when they told me they were doing a study for Samsung. The total time the car was in front of my house was no more than 50 seconds. Just so you are aware I will be contacting my local MNR and CRCA. About how long a study wait should be. Is Samsung going to plant any trees as to block the view of the solar panels? You have dug test holes across from my home. I built my home to see trees animals and hay blowing in the wind. Not an ocean of solar panels with high fencing and barb wire on top. If you plant a forty foot deep berm with pine trees down the road side, I think we might both win. And the trees can maybe help off-set the potent green house gases that are in in solar panels as some described in question 1. Also I won't have my home value drop do to the solar panels as not everyone wants to look at them and you | alternate animal movement routes are available in the area. Whip-poor-will point counts typically take under 60 seconds at each survey station. Kingston Solar LP has modified the layout to provide a greater distance between the solar arrays and residences in this area of the project. Planting of trees will be assessed during the detailed design phase. Ditches and stormwater control will be further defined during the detailed design phase. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| 19-Oct-11 | Phone Call | Stakeholder wanted to know about the timing for all the required studies. Stakeholder reiterated she has nothing against the project but it will be in her 'front yard' and wondered about screening. She heard about the possibility of berms and trees as solar panels on their own look too industrial. | AMEC provided a general overview of field studies to be conducted | 19-Oct-11 |
| 21-Oct-11 | E-mail | Landowner sent email to confirm receipt of letter from project team requesting access to their property. Landowner provided permission based on a number of conditions: Please call us in advance and advise when they will be on the property. Please ensure they leave nothing behind. We were lucky enough to have an AMEC employee leave her empty box from the original notifications in our recycling box. Unfortunately, it was a a windy day and she couldn't be bothered to break down the cardboard box and put it in properly so we got to chase it through the scrub brush. Be advised that we will not accept any liability for injury or loss while on the property. All persons enter at their own risk and only for the stated purpose. As a side note, you may want to reconsider the wording of the letter. It starts out asking for permission to enter but continues on as if the entry will proceed; permission or not. There really isn't any information on how to grant or deny permission which leaves one with the impression that it really isn't a choice. | Landowners were notified in advance of property surveys. All project consultants and contractors were made aware that all wastes generated during the project are to be removed from the project area. Comment noted. | Throughout the field studies phase of the Project. |
| 24-Oct-11 | E-mail | Acknowledged receipt of letter from Samsung on Friday. Asking permission to come on land with AMEC to do a plant and wildlife surveys. The answer is no, you and AMEC or any other person working with Samsung in regards to the Kingston Solar LP do not have my permission to come on my land. And I have informed my neighbours that you are not allowed on my land. And Mr. Moore's why is it that I have not heard from Samsung in regards to the email I sent on Sept 22/11? | No response required. | N/A |
| 25-Oct-11 | E-mail | Individual emailed to acknowledge receipt of letter requesting access to property for survey by AMEC. Individual responded on behalf of property owner (father) to deny access to property for surveys and request that all inquiries be addressed to the tenant. | No response required. | N/A |
| 26-Oct-11 | E-mail | Email from landowner granting permission to access their property. Written in response to a letter requesting permission to access their land. | No response required. | N/A |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|--|---|---|
| 31-Oct-11 | E-mail | Follow-up on September 23 unanswered questions and provided additional questions. How many Solar Panels does this project require? In my math it is about 2,128,000. Does Ontario have a recycle program for Solar Panels.(In one article I read they say 8% of Solar Panels are damaged or leaking from transit. If that is the case about 170,240 solar panels will be broken or leaking) That's a lot of panels to recycle. And I am really concerned about the gases in solar panels and if they are leaking is my families health @ risk ? | Kingston Solar LP proposed a meeting with local neighbours. (Individual responded that the preference would be to receive answers in writing). | 31-Oct-11 |
| 2-Nov-11 | E-mail | Email from concerned landowner on Quabbin Road in Kingston. After reviewing the Project Description, the individual has questions they would like to pose to a project team member. | The Project Team has been available to address questions and concerns. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| 4-Nov-11 | E-mail | Individual thanking a member of the project team for a past phone meeting. Individual providing a record of concerns and requesting a response to their email. 1) What are you proposing as a buffer so that I am not looking out at 50 acres of solar panels and your fencing - I would suggest a treeline with trees that are green from top/bottom (pine/spruce) that are purchased and planted almost full grown so that I see trees along your fence line and nothing beyond. I also wonder if it is necessary that you bring the project right to the road but rather start 100 feet back so that the project does not begin "right in my face". 2) In the City of Kingston our properties are pretty much the very end of the woodlands. There are not many trees left AND within the boundaries of your proposal there are a few areas with a number of trees. One of these fields is across from my front door without looking to the left or to the right are rows of trees? Two sides of the 20 acres directly across from my front door without looking to the left or to the right are rows of these trees. Will these trees be destroyed to accommodate your project? 3) Is there a "reflection study and report" being done. This is an issue that I am just beginning to look at and so don't know today exactly what my concerns are but I will certainly be back to you on the issue. The Town of Greater Napanee has hired a consultant to provide a report on the possible effects (proposed project in their town). I understand that these are to absorb not reflect so I am not sure why Napanee feels this study is absolutely essential. 4) My neighbours and I have hired an Appraiser to prepare a report for us on the effect this will have on the value of our property. This became necessary when a deal on a 2 acre property fell through and the potential buyer stated that he was not building where he would be looking at solar panels all around him. | During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review setbacks and landscaping on a case-by- case basis. The Project layout is in the process of being finalized and specific locations within the Study Area have not been confirmed pending completion of natural heritage and archaeological studies. A reflection study and report is not being considered at this time. Comment noted. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| 10-Nov-11 | E-mail | Son provided consent for the studies to take place. | No response required. | N/A |
| 21-Nov-11 | E-mail | If the natural drainage of the surrounding lands are changed what is the impact to my well? My business relies on the well to water the horses (also serves the house) which I use approx 800-900 gallons per day. Are you going to use pesticides to keep the vegetation down? Property values are my concern also. I recently had my house appraised. Is the project going to lower my property value? Are you going to tree the property line? Will the solar panels that are going directly south of me going to be set back from the road? | Natural drainage patterns will be maintained. No herbicides | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| 22-Nov-11 | Meeting | What happens if drinking water is affected from panel installations and/or blasting? Natural water drainage? Herbicides/pesticides – will Samsung use these? Will there be a horticulturist and/or Arborist used to determine what growth (if any) will be used? Will solar panels be harmful to me and my family (concerns about his young daughter). Is Samsung willing to draft a letter stating that we are committed to working with everyone? What is the definition of "Adjacent Landowner"? Is Samsung willing to do "personalized reports" for each landowner in the project area? Is Samsung willing to have a group breakfast/lunch meeting with all adjacent landowners? What are the limits of the panels (i.e. setback from roads?) Can you release a preliminary layout/design of the panels? Can we provide newsletters to the community in layman's terms on a monthly basis? Are we willing to do a reforestation program? (this was highly recommended). Estimates that we are dealing with 9-12 people in the community, who have concerns. How will property values be effected? Visual impacts | Kingston Solar LP will work with the landowner to determine the cause and if the well has been damaged by construction activities it will be replaced. No spraying will be used to control vegetation. Solar panels are inert and not harmful. Kingston Solar LP will continue to work with all stakeholders as part of its public consultation process. An 'adjacent landowner' is a landowner located beside a landowner that has agreed to lease lands to Kingston Solar LP for the project. All Draft REA reports will be made available to the public 60 days in advance of the final Open House. Kingston Solar LP has made a continuous efforts to held various types of individual meeting such as a kitchen table meeting with each of adjacent landowners who have voiced their opinion on the Sol-luce Project throughout the course of the Project. The Project layout is in the process of being finalized and specific locations within the Study Area have not been confirmed pending completion of natural heritage and archaeological studies. Kingston Solar LP will issue the Project Newsletter on a regular basis to update the progress of the Project to the community and all relevant stakeholders. Kingston Solar LP will work with the City of Kingston, Loyalist | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|---|--|--|
| | | | Township and Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority to identify appropriate mitigation plantings to meet the requirements of municipal tree bylaws. 11. No response required. 12. There is currently no information available on the effect of solar projects on property value. 13. During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review setbacks and landscaping on a case-bycase basis. | |
| 22-Nov-11 | Meeting | Prefer face-to-face group meetings Don't agree with newsletter format Concerned about the loss of power in the community (i.e. a neighbour can ruin my property value by signing up for solar). If my home value decreases because of solar, there should be compensation for this? Can there be a "window of protection for property value"? Water issues. Pesticides and/or herbicides Can we provide a preliminary layout? How is Samsung dealing with environment, natural heritage, cultural heritage etc? | Comment noted. Comment noted. There is currently no information available on the effect of solar projects on property value. Water issues will be addressed in the Water Assessment and Water Body Report that will be prepared for the REA application. No spraying will be used to control vegetation. The Project layout is in the process of being finalized and specific locations within the Study Area have not been confirmed pending completion of natural heritage and archaeological studies. Kingston Solar LP completed environmental, natural heritage, cultural heritage, and archaeological field investigations and the reports are currently being prepared. | 22-Nov-11 |
| 23-Nov-11 | E-mail | Missing the September 1 email (Andrew Moores) | Email sent to individual apologizing for delayed response to their September 1 email and reaching out to arrange a landowners meeting to discuss issues. | 23-Nov-11 |
| 23-Nov-11 | Meeting | Face-to-face meeting to address landowner concerns. Major Concerns include: Health concerns, Visual impact, setbacks, water, property value | No response required. | N/A |
| 23-Nov-11 | Meeting | Are Samsung willing to commit to the follow items in writing: Setbacks from adjacent landowners, setbacks from public roadways, berms and other plantings (size, height, vegetation) Herbicides and Pesticide use Impact on land values, groundwater preservation, fencing types and if it will be behind berm, verbal statement to work with adjacent landowners If Samsung representatives turn-over, need follow through on commitments Can Samsung comment on if there is a "Solar Ombudsman" to protect landowners? | During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review setbacks and landscaping on a case-by-case basis. No spraying will be used in vegetation control. There is currently no information available on the effect of solar projects on property value. Kingston Solar LP has been working with adjacent landowners throughout the Project study and planning stages. This will continue regardless of staff turn-over. Kingston Solar LP is not aware of a "Solar Ombudsman" | 23-Nov-11 and throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| 24-Nov-11 | E-mail | My only concerns are: The project south of my property will it be set back from the road? Will you tree this project 1. The project east of me are you going to strip the land of its soil? a) Are you going to blast or drill ?(I have a limestone estate, could also change paths of water) b) Are you going to tree the property line? c) What happens if my well goes dry? d) Are you going to spray to keep the weeds away? e) f) Are property values going to drop? | During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review setbacks and landscaping on a case-by-case basis. 1. a) The need for drilling or blasting will be determined during the detailed design phase. b) See 1) above. c) Kingston Solar LP will work with the landowner to determine the cause and if the well has been damaged by construction activities it will be replaced. d) No spraying will be used in vegetation control. e) There is currently no information available on the effect of solar projects on property values. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| 24-Nov-11 | E-mail | As a follow-up to the November 23 meeting, individual seeks Samsung's commitment in writing to the following: Setbacks from adjacent landowners Setbacks from public roadways Berms and other plantings (size, height, vegetation) Herbicides and Pesticide use Impact on land values Groundwater preservation Fencing types and if it will be behind berm | During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review setbacks and landscaping on a case-by- case basis. No spraying will be used in vegetation control. There is currently no information available on the effect of solar projects on property value. Kingston Solar LP has been working with adjacent landowners throughout the Project study and planning stages. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| | | Verbal statement to work with adjacent landowners If Samsung representatives turn-over, need follow through on commitments Can Samsung comment on if there is a "Solar Ombudsman" to protect landowners? | This will continue regardless of staff turn-over.Kingston Solar LP is not aware of a "Solar Ombudsman" | |
| 25-Nov-11 | E-mail | With the amount of construction that will be going on and the number of large trucks that will be travelling on our roads (to clear vegetation and bring in gravel/panels and installation - I am assuming) - who is responsible to ensure that the roads will be restored to good order. Hundreds of trucks travelling for a period of up to one year is going to contribute greatly to the breakdown of our roads. Will you be clearing all vegetation and bringing in gravel to cover our fields or will there be a certain amount of vegetation left. If it is left, will you be spraying to keep it under control? How are you going to be able to ensure that these chemicals do not get into our water table? During construction how are you going to manage the incredible amounts of dust that will be in the air - settling on my property/vehicles/pool/windows/brick etc? One of my daughters is a triathlete and is training for the Ontario Summer Games. Your project area is her training ground. How are you going to be able to assure me of her safety as she and her coach train, with all the added traffic and construction vehicles? What if, in 5 years, the Ontario Government decides that this type of energy is too expensive (as has happened in many parts of Europe) - who is responsible to remove all the panels ,their bases/fencing etc? I understand you have a 20 year contract but what if? I worked as Director of Business Operations (Finance and HR)for a company that bid on Airports and Military Bases as the Federal Government made decisions to privatize many of their operations. There is always the chance that as the economy changes or the face of government changes that the mandate also changes. In my experience, there is always a way to buy out a contract. What if your company decides it is not cost effective to continue operations? What do you have in place, contractually, to ensure your responsibility to return our fields to the fields they are today? Again, I ha | The construction contractor will be responsible to repair damage to roads caused by trucks associated with the construction of the project. There will be gravel access roads, however, the remainder of the site will be seeded. No spraying will be used for vegetation control. Measures will be put in place by the construction contractor to minimize dust. The construction contractor will implement a traffic management plan for the project and will ensure safe driving practices by its employees. Kingston Solar LP prepared a Decommissioning Plan Report as part of the REA application process. This plan will provides details on the measures that will be taken to decommission the project. This Plan is available on the Project website (www.samsungrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review landscaping on a case-by-case basis. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| 27-Nov-11 6-Dec-11 | E-mail | Do to the resignation of the project team contact, a request was made to the team members for the name and contact information for the replacement team member. Follow-up email thanked them for meeting with a number of individuals. In addition, a recap of the discussion and additional concerns were provided by the individual. Regular public meetings to be held by Samsung at 3-4 week intervals, along with public newsletter - we as stakeholders (residents effected) of your project need as much detailed information about the project as a whole, ongoing updates on the status of the project and next steps at each stage. We would expect that all formal documents would be provided in a timely fashion and an opportunity given in a face to face public session to address questions/concerns. Assurance that wells will not be effected (study and action plan to assure this, to be implemented) - you advised that a "water assessment study" was performed, which is a general report, not covering the impact of water quality or quantity on the specific residents properties which are in the project area. As we mentioned, due to limestone in this area, numerous residents have shallow dug wells. While others have drilled wells, our water in this area is not supplied, treated or monitored by the City of Kingston. We are dependent on water from veins below and rain above to provide this life necessity. This being said, with the project changing the topography of the lands, removal of trees, earth scrapped to bear rock, drilling/blasting and the use of herbicides on these adjacent lands, it is critical that specific studies be undertaken to ensure that wells remain unaffected by your project. Well testing should be done prior to, during and continued after the project completion. Written assurances on house values - with the newness of solar farms to Canada and the true long term effects on house values within the immediate area of these farms unknown, written guarantees of the saleability of | Kingston Solar LP provided name and contact information. Newsletters were distributed in December, 2011 and June, 2012. An Interim Community Session was held in April, 2012 and Final Open Houses August 15 and 16, 2012. Kingston Solar LP was in regular contact with several individuals throughout the Project study and planning stages. Opportunities to address questions/concerns were provided at public meetings as well as face-to-face meetings, emails, or phone calls. During the months of June and July (2012) Kingston Solar LP conducted Well Water Surveys throughout the project area. Water samples were obtained from over thirty (30) properties that were adjacent to the proposed development. Well water samples were collected following standard industry protocols and submitted to Exova laboratory (Kingston). Analyses were conducted for bacteria, alkalinity, ammonia, nitrate, nitrite, calcium, chloride, colour, conductivity, DOC, hardness, iron, magnesium, manganese, pH, potassium, sodium, sulphate, TDS and turbidity. A final report (contingency program included) was made available to the public. There is currently no information available on the effect of solar projects on property value. Project layout is still under development. Once the layout has been finalized, it will be available for public review. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |
| | | | Kingston Solar LP identified to the individual that this is not a developable area. | |
| 10-Dec-11 | E-mail | Request for information about project start dates and contractor | Response sent to the individual outlining the current project status, providing future dates and contractor information, and referring them to the project website for future information. | 19-Dec-11 |
| 15-Dec-11 | E-mail | Request for information regarding electricity discounts for residents of Quabbin Road and Unity. | Kingston Solar LP does not set the rates as they are set by the local utility company. | Throughout the Project |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|--|--|---------------|
| 28-Dec-11 | E-mail | Individual emailed to follow-up on unanswered early request for information. | Email response was sent to stakeholder regarding this issue. An apology for not meeting and assurance that on the next visit, the team would make all reasonable efforts to personally visit and try to address the concerns. | 28-Dec-11 |
| 28-Dec-11 | E-mail | What are the short term effects of construction on our shallow / dug wells, ground cover, wildlife, roadways, transmission lines, real estate values and tax assessments? Will there be Ministry of Environment confirmation of the long term effects of the project on water and natural habitat beyond your studies? Will there be Ministry of Environment confirmation of the long term effects of the project on water and natural habitat beyond your studies? Wihat setback distances from the house and property lines are you proposing? Wihat will the secondary construction roads be located, how will they be maintained? Will residents have input? Will residents have input? Will residents have of construction be? Will residents have assurances of the hours? Will a dispute resolution mechanism be created to hear resident concerns? Will the be of panels will be installed, ow rise, tall, tracker, fixed pole etc? Will the object of brothering? Wint will the collect of the srun, above ground, in concret or below ground? Will blasting be involved, how deep will each post be drilled? What is the plan for reforestation? What is the plan for reforestation? What is the plan for the additional transmission, underground or above? What is the leasesed escletd? What is the leasese escletd? What considered a cost benefit analysis of areas located farther north and can they be shared with us? How wore the leasese selectd? What considered and wores be offer advised areas with or if recovering reduction real state values? How wore to be doffer optic protection for the indivision of areas forced farther north and can they be shared with us? How wore to be doffer advised areas with or if reconstruction real state values? Will resident have | Independent consulting engineering contractors will be conducting studies over the next few months to explore whether there will be any impact to well water during construction (if any). If there is any impact to be found we will mitigate it accordingly. Please see answer to question one (1) Above. As I mentioned above The Ministry of Environment (MOE) is thoroughly involved our project through the REA process. At this point our layouts are very preliminary; a finalized layout will be generated once all the approval from government entities is attained. We will build either berms or plant trees (i.e. pine, cedar or other) on strategic areas to mitigate visual impact. Additionally a fence will be installed throughout the perimeter of the installation for safety and to avoid vandalism Yes, that is the reason 1 am writing this e-mail to you (a resident in the area) to hear your concerns and try to address them. It is in our best interest to build a relationship with our neighbours. Moreover community members will be able to bid for work, local business will flourish throughout the construction and operations period as this project will generate demand for their services. Again everything is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated once all the approval from government entities is attained. Most of the construction will take place inside of private properties, but we will require the use of existing roads for equipment transportation, in this case there might be signs posted. is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated once all the approval from government entities is attained. Most of the construction will take place the first quarter of 2012. Additionally Kingston Solar LP will address your concerns throughour team members throughout the lifetime of the project (eg. prior to REA, after REA, prior to construction, after cons | 29-Dec-11 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| | | | Again everything is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated once all the approval from government entities is attained. The Ontario's Ministry of Natural Resources is thoroughly involved our project through the REA process, and we are abiding by their guidelines. Again everything is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated once all the approval from government entities is attained. The existing distribution line in the area will be used. If required we will upgrade the existing infrastructure. Project Owner (Kingston Solar LP) will bear the cost for it if required. We will fully decommission the solar installation remove the posts and restore the grounds to its original condition. Moreover a decommissioning plan will also be prepared by our consultants. Our Land acquisition agent was responsible for getting land owners interested. There were many factors considered when the leases were selected amongst them was land area, interest shown by the land owner, non-densely forested properties, non-prime agricultural soils, proximity to an existing Transmission line, existent capacity on the closest transmission station. All the financial information regarding our projects is highly confidential. All the financial information regarding our projects is highly confidential. All the financial information regarding our projects is highly confidential. All the financial information regarding our projects is highly confidential. There is no price protection offered for real estate values. Once we attained the REA from Ontario's Ministry of Environment (MOE) this information will be made public. We do not intent to use pesticides. There will be an | |
| 12-Jan-12 | E-mail | Questions and concerns in regards to the Samsung Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Project Concerns: 1. Property Value Dropping. 2. Well Water 3. Noise from invertors and substations Questions: 1. How many homes will a 100 MW Solar Array produce power for in optimal conditions and do have documentation to prove these numbers? 2. How will The Samsung Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Project benefit the city of Kingston? 3. What will Samsung do to assure no property value loss due to the Solar Arrays? 4. What will Samsung do to assure no water loss or water contaminations for during the project and up to one year after the project is completed. 5. What will Samsung do to assure there will be no noise heard from invertors or substations what so ever? The country is very quiet. We like it that way 6. How deep are the holes for the post for mounting the solar panels? 7. Will there be berms if yes How far back from roads and property lines How high will the berms be? Wow far back from roads and property lines How high will the berms be? Will security fencing be inside or outside of the berm? | Operations and maintenance (O&M) on site team during the operational period. 1) Approximately 12,000 to 14,000 homes could be powered with a 100 MW solar facility. 2) Our Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV project will: a) create approximately 500 jobs at construction peak, b) Additionally it will benefit dozens of businesses in the Kingston area, including but not limited to, engineering and design firms, construction subcontractors, suppliers and multiple service providers (e.g. Hotels, restaurants, et. al). c) our project will increase the local tax revenues as jobs are generated and sales from local businesses increase. d) Moreover there is the evident environmental benefits which is the reduction of green house emissions. 3. We are unable reassure unforeseen speculative events. Historically real estate values have a tendency to fluctuate due to multiple factors. 4. Independent consulting engineering contractors will be conducting studies over the next few months to explore whether there will be any impact to well water during construction (if any). If there is any impact to be found we will mitigate it accordingly. | 19-Jan-12 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| | | Will there be buffering is Evergreens between the road/property berm? Where will the soli come from to create the berm? In your draft report Page 8 Solar Farm Sites/Landscaping (Topsoil replacement) Please explain in detail In your draft Page 9 Solar Panels/Ground Keeping. What keeping entail. (Spraying Cutting Grass) Please Explain. Will there be grass under and between the rows of Solar Panels? In in your draft Page 9 Decommissioning/Solar Panels/Gathering Lines/Switchyard and Interconnection It states "as necessary in accordance with the land lease agreement? Please explain in more details. In your draft Page 9 Decommissioning "Site Restoration" Please explain in more detail? Why could this Solar Arany not be put under the hydro line? In your draft Page 13 Environmental Components/Potential Effects: "Aquifers can be susceptible to land use impacts depending on the type and thickness of the versburden and/or shallow depth to groundwater. Dewatering of aquifers is not anticipated as part of the project". If dewatering does happen what is Samsung's plan Is Samsung still planning a small get together for concerned citizens all who have contacted you currently or Mr. Moore in the past? | 5. An noise assessment report is ongoing and is being generated by our consultant AMEC, it will be published later this year once all project documentation is finalized and approved by all the ministries involved. 6. Everything is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated once all the approvals from government entities are attained. Most likely we will have to drill approximately 6 feet underground. 7. Yes, there might be berms located at strategic locations to mitigate visual impact. a) How far back from roads and property lines Everything is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated b) How high will the berms be? Everything is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated c) Will security fencing be inside or outside of the berm? The security fence will be inside of the berm (e.g. Road, berm, fence, solar installation). d) Will there be buffering is Evergreens between the road/property berm?. Yes, there will be buiffering located at strategic locations to mitigate visual impact. e) Where will the soil come from to create the berm? Again everything is very preliminary at this point a finalized construction plan will be generated once all the approval from government entities is attained. 8. During construction some of the existing soil might be displaced, our EPC contractor will have to replace (back to it's original location) the displaced soil. 9. During the operation of the facility there will be an Operations and Maintenance team that will keep the solar installation running efficiently. This might include keeping the vegetation at bay by mitigating unwanted vegetation growth. We do not intent to use presticides. 10. We might consider grass, clover or other low lying vegetation to provide an aesthetically pleasing view from the air. 11. We will fully | |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| | | | If there is any impact to be found we will mitigate it accordingly. 14. Yes, I will be travelling to Kingston constantly, we could set up a meeting with you and your wife. In fact I should be in Kingston the week of January 30th. | |
| 20-Jan-12 | E-mail | Follow-up Additional Questions to January 19th response: Question #1 A little more detail please. Approximately 12,000 to 14,000 homes could be powered with a 100 MW solar facility. Is that powered per day per year???? And do you have documentation to prove it ???? Question #2 A little more detail please How much green house gas was created in making the solar panels and how much green house gas will be produced on installing the solar panels? Question #5. I think the people living beside the solar arrays should have the final impute on the noise before it is approved by the ministries. You are letting the people who aren't living beside them make the decisions. The country is quite. That is why we moved out here. | Met with stake holder to discuss some of these questions and inquiries Specific answers were not provided. | 31-Jan-12 |
| 24-Jan-12 | E-mail | Individual thanked Samsung for response to questions and posed additional questions. Q1A: Correct me if I am wrong but the public gets to see all applications and final construction plans before they are sent in for assessment and approval. Right??? B: If no why not. Q2A: Power for 12-14000 homes is that per day, per week, per month or per year? B: And do you have documentation to prove it? C: And if you have documentation, my I have a copy? Q3A: Why were the plants to produce the solar panels not put in Kingston? B: How much green house emissions are created in making solar panels? C: How much green house emissions are created in creating and installing a solar array? Q4A: Who is the independent consulting engineering contractors doing the water study? B: Will their information be made public? Q5A: What ministries are involved in a noise assessment report for final approval? B: When the report is finalized my I have a copy? Or should I contact AMEC? Q6A: Who or what is a EPC Contractor? B: When will the EPC contractor replace the displaced soil back to its original location? Q7: Why are you concerned about a aesthetically pleasing view from the air??(I am personally more concerned about the view from the ground) Q8: What will Samsung do to assure there will be no noise heard from invertors and substations what so ever? Q9: Where will the soil come from to create the berms? | Kingston Solar LP representative provided responses to some of the questions; identifying that others would be answered and that an FAQ was being developed. Q3A: We explored the possibilities of setting up manufacturing facilities in different municipalities throughout Ontario, there was an intensive analysis behind our decision to set up our solar manufacturing facility in London, Ontario. Amongst the factors that were considered were: Qualified human resources Existent Manufacturing Infrastructure Proximate accessibility to other (US) markets, Employment rates, Proximity to potential research institutions, Incentives from the municipalities. Q4A: Most likely AMEC will be performing the water Studies B: Yes, the water studies will be made public Q5A: The Ministry of Environment B: Yes, the noise assessment report will be made available to the public. We should have this report published around August 2012 Q6: Engineering Procurement and Construction (EPC). We have not chosen a final EPC company. Q7A: As mentioned we will consider using berms in strategic locations to mitigate any visual impact. Q8: Our consultants will perform all the necessary noise studies, this will allow us to place invertors and substations at strategic locations. | 7-Feb-12 |
| 26-Jan-12 | E-mail | Individual concerned about the consultation process and potential health impacts of the project. | Arranged for a meeting on February 3, 2012. | 30-Jan-12 |
| 30-Jan-12 | E-mail | Individual had questions regarding the production of the solar panels, the amount of homes that would receive energy, water and noise surveys and visual mitigation. | Since then some of these questions have been addressed in our website. We are no longer building on property 11B, and there will be visual mitigation measures taken on the western border of property 11A | N/A |
| -Feb-12 | E-mail | Individual thanked Samsung for the meeting. Concerned about visual impacts. | Comment noted. | N/A |
| B-Feb-12 | E-mail | Individual forwarded contact information regarding the Cataraqui Regional Conservation Authority to Samsung Representatives. | Kingston Solar LP representative acknowledged receipt of information. | 3-Feb-12 |
| -Feb-12 | E-mail | Individual expressed dismay about the project and voltage/setbacks. | Kingston Solar LP representative acknowledged receipt of email from the individual. | 3-Feb-12 |
| -Feb-12 | E-mail | Individual expressed concern about previous discussions and requested response to some earlier questions posed to Samsung. | Reply to some of these questions via e-mail on Tuesday Feb 7 2012 | 7-Feb-12 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| 8-Feb-12 | E-mail | Email from individual inquiring about a status of the land deal with Samsung for their mother's property. They had entered into an agreement with Samsung through genGROWTH in September 2011 and have yet to hear back from the company about the status. They would like a response as soon as possible as they would like to move forward with the sale of the property with a private realtor if Samsung is no longer interested. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
| 8-Feb-12 | E-mail | Individual expressed concern to Samsung representatives about the project and requested further clarification. | Kingston Solar LP representative corrected erroneous statements and provided clarification. | 14-Feb-12 |
| 22-Feb-12 | E-mail | Email from individual expressing frustration about the Project. Requesting an updated map of the Project, setbacks to be established, plans should water become undrinkable and increased consultation. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
| 22-Feb-12 | E-mail | Individual requested for confirmation and information from Samsung Representatives. | Had a phone conversation on Friday February 24 2012 to discuss visual impact assessment, an update on the FAQ section of our website and keep him informed about the potential timeline for the Interim Community Session | DATE |
| 24-Feb-12 | E-mail | Link provided to Kingston EMC article entitled "proposed solar project has Loyalist residents fighting to be heard" | No response required. | N/A |
| 24-Feb-12 | E-mail | Correspondence attempting to setup a phone call | A phone conversation was held in the afternoon hours of Friday February 24 th . | 24-Feb-12 |
| 27-Feb-12 | E-mail | Email from individual outlining a number of concerns and recommendations. Concerns: Property Values Well Water (As a majority of our wells are blasted or dug in the area) Use of Prime Agricultural Farm Land Noise from Invertors and Substations Recommendations: Property value guarantee. Any property within 1000 feet of solar array project gets assessed for property value. If home is listed and sold within 3 months of Solar Array Completion and sells below assessed value the Solar Company compensates the rest. (Read more below) A aquifer study done by Solar Company in the projected area. Then submitted to the City of Kingston and the CRCA for review for project to proceed any further or not. Well testing (GPM and Bacteria) done on any wells within 1000 feet of a proposed solar sight to be paid for by Solar Project Company. Any loss of water or new well replacement within one year of completed solar project is to be paid for by Solar Project Company. Any loss of water or new well replacement within one year of completed solar project is to be paid for by adjacent Solar Project Company. All topsoil to be left under solar arrays and to be cut and maintained by Solar project. Or cut by the city of Kingston and reimbursed for cost by Solar Project. All solar arrays 300 foot setback of roads and property lines with trees (evergrens) planted within the 300 foot setbacks. Recommend Ontario's 50 million reforest program working with the Cataraqui Regional Conservation Authority. Property line Setbacks not required if adjacent to another property of solar arrays by ame company. If not same company decision is left to land owners. (Read more below) Any leoning required for around a solar array must be installed on the inside of the berms. All solar arrays have a bern high enough to hide the fencing @ the 300 foot property and road set back mark made from soil, and hay. Recommend using expired round hay bales | There is currently no information available on the effect of solar projects on property value. During the months of June and July (2012) Kingston Solar LP conducted Well Water Surveys (WWS) throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) will be available to the public. The Project is utilizing lands that have been classified CLI land class 4 – 7. Solar projects are not permitted under the Feed-In-Tariff rules on CLI land classes 1 – 3 (suitable for agriculture). This will be addressed in the Noise Study Report being completed for the project. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages. |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| | | 14. All construction roads taken down to 50 KMH for duration of project. 15. Solar Arrays only to be installed on Land Class 5-7 as stated by the Ontario Farmers Association in a article in The Review March 5/ 2010 "Debate over agricultural land solar heats up, cools down". 16. Any and all Herbicides must be stored in a appropriate building no closer than 1500 feet of any home, creek or drainage | | |
| | | ditch. 17. City of Kingston must have 2-4 staff members to take calls from concerned citizens and deal with situations immediately. (IE Speeding construction vehicles, exceeding work times. The city staff would come out and review the situation and call the proper people (IE Police). Not concerned residents job to figure out who to call. MNR, MOE, Police, City Bylaw 18. City of Kingston staff members for concerned citizens are on call and or working during all solar project construction times. 19. City of Kingston wages for 2-4 staff members for concerned citizens paid for by solar projects Continued Recommendations: 1. People tell me there will be no home value loss due to living so close to the solar fields well it isn't there home or part of their retirement plans is it. Mine is and I want to protect it. So if the Solar Companies and politicians want to say there will be no loss of value due to forcefully living next to a solar array then put their money on the line and give me a home price guarantee. And if I decide to live there past 3 months after solar job completion then my loss. 5. The 300 foot setback. I got that distance from when I was looking at putting in a Solar Micro Kit on my property and my insurance company asked me to keep the solar panels 300 feet from the road so no one could damage them by throwing stones or other items at them. 7. My concern is soil displacement to create the berms I realize that the hay will break down over time and the berm will decrease in height. My thoughts on that are by the time the berm starts to decrease in height the trees between the road and property berm have grown. The evergreens planted by the CRCA on my property 2 years ago this spring are over 2 feet tall. Some I planted 3 years ago are pushing 3 1/2 feet. 10. In regards to a bond in trust for decommissioning. It was a suggestion from Lauren Ornelas at the Silicone Valley Toxics Coalition (www.svtc.org). With all the stuff g | | |
| | | saying PC will stop GEA if elected in. Why take a chance with lands in our municipality ending up with a mess to clean up after Solar Companies go bankrupt or just walk away. How binding are these contracts of decommissioning if the company no longer exists. Then where does the money come from or does it fall on the land owner. 11. I think Kingston should get more out of these solar projects then the title most Sub Stainable City. Make it work to help our | | |
| | | children learn about why we need alternative energy and how it works. Right from Kindergarten up. | | |
| 27-Feb-12 | E-mail | Individual providing Samsung with the link to a newspaper article in which they are featured. | Thank you email sent by Kingston Solar LP. | 27-Feb-12 |
| 28-Feb-12 29-Feb-12 | E-mail E-mail | Individual requested that Samsung find another location for its solar installation. Email from stakeholder thanking the Samsung team for their visit and requesting a response to the concerns and recommendations provided earlier. Email from the stakeholder requesting comments related to their concerns and recommendations, and providing a time that they are available. | Comment noted. Email from project team member to stakeholder and providing information about an upcoming interim meeting that will be held. | N/A 1-Mar-12 |
| 1-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | Email from individual regarding a number of outstanding questions related to the project. 1. Have any endangered species been located around our property? We are aware of a number of endangered species here, such as the blue spotted salamander found across the street from our home where your panels/service roads are proposed to be located. | Email response that comments/questions have been received and that Kingston Solar LP is currently reviewing them and will have answers to some of them next week. | 9-Mar-12 |
| | | 2. What types of trucks will be used on the service road by our home during construction?3. What types of ongoing traffic will there be once the project is complete? | A number of these questions were addressed under the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) the Project website. | April 2012 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|----------|-----------------|---|---|---------------|
| | | 4. Our family requires Samsung to have a minimum setback from our home of 550 meters. We feel solar should, at least, be on parity with wind. This is the minimum setback to ensure our children's health. How far back then will substations and inverters be from homes? We require at least 700 meters. 5. As my wife mentioned at the meeting, we require that all new hydro lines be installed along the 401 and not along Mud Lake Road/Unity Road to ensure safety for our children from EMF. We assume then that there will be no changes whatsoever to our current small scale power lines along our roadis this correct?? 6. Does Samsung have the ability, through leased land with locals, for the company to have most of the traffic for construction occur along the 401 on service roads made on the site and NOT along Mud Lake Road/Unity Road? 7. When will residents hear about when the proposed meeting? 9. Will Samsung enter into MEANINGFUL negotiations with locals at that time regarding setbacks, landscaping, hydro lines, and construction? If not, why not? 10. Specifically, what local companies/experts has Samsung consulted with in their studies regarding local wildlife, wells in the area, our vulnerable aquifer? If you have not consulted with local companies/experts, why not? 11. What date did Samsung complete their ecological study? | | |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
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| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A |
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| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A |
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| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
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| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A |
| 2-Mar-12 | E-mail | Email from stakeholder providing a list of issues/questions in follow-up to the Rural Affairs meeting that was held and requesting that a generic answer not be provided. Issues are as follows: 1. A March or April meeting was mentioned by Samsung. Will Samsung be open to discussing and negotiating setbacks with local residents at that time? 2. At this proposed meeting, will Samsung have a definitive plan to present to residents should wells be affected by construction/implementation? We are hoping for specific initiatives, not that the issue will be mitigated if and when it occurs. 3. Will your people be in our area over the next two weeks? We would like to know so that we are aware that they are your people and not simply people snooping around our properties. If so, where and when. We will not be a disturbance to their work. 4. Will Samsung be responding to the recommendations made at the Rural Affairs meeting? If so, in what format will this occur? When will this occur? Will local residents receive receipt of this? If not, why not? | Email response that comments/questions have been received and that Kingston Solar LP is currently reviewing them and will have answers to some of them next week. A number of these questions were addressed under the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) the Project website. | 9-Mar-12 April 2012 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|--|---------------|--|
| | | 5. Has Samsung made any plans for hours of operation during construction? What is Samsung's CURRENT feeling on hours of operation? Is it possible that construction could extend 24 hours a day, 7 days a week? 6. Where will the access roads be to the project? How many of these will there be? 7. Due to the number of people at the Rural Affairs meeting who require a significant setback to Samsung's project, what is Samsung's current position about your previous position of not feeling setbacks were required? 8. Is Samsung planning on providing a decommissioning bond to Kingston and Loyalist Townships? If not, why? 9. Will Samsung guarantee home owners value on their properties? If not, why not considering Samsung has previously stated that property values will not declineif Samsung is so confident of this statement, why not guarantee our property values?" | | | |
| 3-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (www.Kingston Solar LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A | |
| 4-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (www.Kingston Solar LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A | |
| 4-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | N/A | |
| 5-Mar-12 | E-mail | Email from individual requesting the name of the person completing the bird studies for the project. | A response was sent with the name of the biologist | 5-Mar-12 | |
| 5-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention that the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer." Please refer to the Cataraqui Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A | |
| 5-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual requested from Samsung the name of the person completing the bird studies. | Kingston Solar LP representatives provided the name of the individual and pointed out that the study was still in progress. | 5-Mar-12 | |
| 7-Mar-12 | Phone Call | Discussion regarding development of property bordering Quabbin Road (Property 11B) | Kingston Solar LP representative assured the individual that there was a 90% chance that property 11B will not be developed | 7-Mar-12 | |
| 9-Mar-12 | E-mail | Email from stakeholder providing an additional list of issues/questions in follow-up to the Rural Affairs meeting. We would also add the following questions to our list below: 1. Has Samsung investigated the importance of riparian buffers in your proposed area? 2. If you have begun to study riparian buffers, who have you consulted? Have you consulted local experts? If so, who specifically? If not, why not? 3. As Samsung is proposing to remove all trees within their paneled areas which, evidently, will have great effects on riparian buffers, what specific considerations is Samsung giving to mitigate the effects it will have on ground water? 4. If, due to the loss of riparian buffers in the area, Mud Lake and surrounding water channels develop algae blooms and become contaminated (a possible effect of the installation of your project) how will Samsung rectify this problem? | Verbally indicated to stakeholder that these questions will be answered as part of our Frequently Asked Questions section on the Website. | 26-Mar-12 | |
| 9-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual alerted Samsung representative to the classification of the local aquifers the Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority. | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) | N/A | |
| 12-Mar-12 | E-mail | In view of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luce project in my area, I would like to bring to your attention, a study by the Ministry of the Environment, which according to the Intrinsic Susceptibility Index protocol, classified the area I live in as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer". My sole source of drinking water on my acreage is from my well. What guarantee will Samsung give me as a home owner to ensure the safety and integrity of my well-water? Will you provide me, in advance of your development, with a written guarantee that protects me from any and all negative outcomes that may put my drinking water at risk in the future because of your project? | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> <u>LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u>) Comment noted. | N/A | |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|---|---------------|--|
| | | Highly Vulnerable Aquifers | | | |
| | | A vulnerability assessment was completed using a 2002 amendment to the Ministry of Environment Intrinsic Susceptibility Index | | | |
| | | protocol. This method was also used by the adjacent source protection regions, which have similar geology and groundwater | | | |
| | | characteristics. The findings are described in detail in Chapter 5. | | | |
| | | Given the geological complexity of the Cataraqui Source Protection Area, with vulnerable bedrock aquifers very close to the | | | |
| | | surface, a majority of the Cataraqui Source Protection Area should be considered a highly vulnerable aquifer for the purpose of | | | |
| | | source protection planning. The highly vulnerable aquifer area is assigned a vulnerability score of six. | | | |
| | | Chloride, sodium, nitrate, and microbiological contaminants (total coliform, fecal coliform and Escherichia coli) are considered to | | | |
| | | be drinking water issues in the highly vulnerable aquifer. The vulnerability scoring of the aquifer means that moderate and low- ranked threats may exist in that area. In accordance with provincial rules, these threats have not been counted for this report. | | | |
| | | http://www.cleanwatercataraqui.ca/assessmentReportSummary.html | | | |
| 12-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual asked whether Samsung would guarantee the safety and integrity of wells within the project area. | During the months of June and July (2012) Kingston Solar LP | | |
| | | | conducted Water Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final | | |
| | | | report (contingency program included) is available for public | | |
| | | | viewing on the Project website | | |
| | | | (www.samsungrenewableenergy.ca/kingston | | |
| 12-Mar-12 | E-mail | In light of the proposed Samsung Sol-Luc e project for our area, I would like to bring to your attention the Cataraqui Region | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar | N/A | |
| | | Conservation Authority has classified our entire area as having a "highly vulnerable aquifer". Please refer to the Cataraqui | LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water | | |
| | | Source Protection Area map on their website. What guarantee will Samsung give home owners to ensure the safety and integrity | Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report | | |
| | | of wells within your project area? Please answer as soon as possible. | (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on | | |
| | | | the Project website (<u>www.Kingston Solar</u> LPrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | | |
| 13-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual requested a meeting with a Samsung representative. | Meeting held with individual on Wednesday March 14. Discuss an | 14-Mar-12 | |
| 13-1112 | | individual requested a meeting with a Samsung representative. | article that came out public and also de probabilities of not | 14-10101-12 | |
| | | | developing property 11 b. | | |
| 14-Mar-12 | E-mail | Follow-up email from individual requesting a response to earlier questions submitted to Samsung (following to Samsung's March | Verbally indicated to stakeholder that these questions will be | 26-Mar-12 | |
| | | 9, 2012 response that responses will follow). | answered as part of our Frequently Asked Questions section on | | |
| | | | the Website. | | |
| 14-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual expressed concern regarding the project and sent Samsung representatives a report of a groundwater study completed | Meeting held with individual on Wednesday March 14. Discuss an | 14-Mar-12 | |
| | | on a solar farm in Welland, Ontario. | article that came out public and also de probabilities of not | | |
| | | | developing property 11 b. | | |
| | | | Based on concerns identified by the community, Kingston Solar | | |
| | | | LP during the months of June and July (2012) conducted Water | | |
| | | | Well Surveys throughout the project area. A final report | | |
| | | | (contingency program included) is available for public viewing on the Project website (www.samsungrenewableenergy.ca/kingston) | | |
| 14-Mar-12 | Meeting | Individual concerned about visual effects, particularly property 11B. | Kingston Solar LP indicated there was a 90% chance that | 14-Mar-12 | |
| | Weeting | | property 11B would not be used. | | |
| 19-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual followed up on outstanding questions and requested faster response times to questions. | Kingston Solar LP identified that some of the answers to the | 19-Mar-12 | |
| | | | questions provided by have been answered | | |
| | | | internally over a week ago. There is an internal vetting process in | | |
| | | | conjunction with our consultant before I am able to release the | | |
| | | | answers to you. Rest assure that as soon as I receive feedback | | |
| | | | from our consultant I will be forwarding them to you. | | |
| 27-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual requested a meeting with Samsung representatives. | Kingston Solar LP representatives invited the individuals to an | 27-Mar-12 | |
| | | | Interim Community Session at the Invista Center on Tuesday April | | |
| 0 Mar 10 | Mostin | | 17th. | 20 Fab 40 | |
| 28-Mar-12 | Meeting | Discussion regarding setbacks from their house and the access roads, pending house sale and electromagnetic fields from the collector lines on March 28 2012 | Kingston Solar LP representative indicated that there was a | 28-Feb-12 | |
| | | | setback already established by the two property owners under the lease agreement, consequently solar panels will not be installed | | |
| | | | north of the pipeline and this would provide a setback of over 200 | | |
| | | | meters away from their house. | | |
| 29-Mar-12 | E-mail | Letter to local and provincial members of parliament outlining perceived health effects of project with request to halt the REA | No response required. | N/A | |
| · · · · · · · · | | application. | | | |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|---|--|--|
| 29-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual concerned about cumulative human health effects of solar projects in the area. Specific concerns include: * Construction and operational effects on the air quality in the affected construction radius; * Construction drilling, blasting that produces noise, in the affected construction radius; * Operational noise in the affected radius from inverters, substations and transmission lines; * The effects of herbicides or panel detergents leaching into the fragile limestone below; * Unknown risks for residents living within close proximity to the transmission of high voltage; * Unknown risks for unborn children and infants in proximity to the transmission of high voltage | Air quality effects of the Project were addressed in the Construction Plan Report and Design and Operations Report. Noise effects of the Project were addressed in the Noise Assessment Report. All Technical Reports are available on Project website via <u>http://www.samsungrenewableenergy.ca/kingston</u> | Throughout the Project study and planning stages |
| 29-Mar-12 | E-mail | Individual thanked AMEC for the meeting and listed their concerns about the project and forward email from February 27, 2012 with concerns and recommendations. | No response required. | N/A |
| 29-Mar-12 | Meeting | The URRPA is opposed to industrialisation of a rural area. URRPA would like to see proper archaeology, hydrology, studies, and well monitoring program. URRPA is asking that Samsung provide a \$5M community bond, offset property value loss, decommissioning bond (20%), and to respond to letters from concerned citizens. Field staff should be clearly identified when working in the area. URRPA concerned that the bird studies were not conducted properly, about noise and traffic during construction, about ground water resources, that setback concerns have not been addressed, visual impacts. There are a number of projects going on in the area and the cumulative effects are concerning. | Concerns were addressed with URRPA membership at the Interim Community Session and second Open Houses. | 17-Apr-12 15-Aug-12 16-Aug-12 |
| 5-Apr-12 | E-mail | Individual requested letter outlining location of the panels and the set back distance for sale of property. | Had a meeting in their residence in the afternoon hours of Wednesday March 28 and indicated to them that panels will be installed south of the pipeline, well over 100 meters away from her residential property, They kindly requested written commitment outlining this setback and I mentioned to them that this might not be possible. | 28-Mar-12 |
| 5-Apr-12 | E-mail | Individual requested a meeting with a Samsung representative. | Meeting held with the individual. Amongst the items discussed where, well water quality, whether or not property 11 B will be developed, visual screenings et.al. | 5-Apr-12 |
| 10-Apr-12 | E-mail | Individual sent comments about solar arrays and landscaping, including setbacks, that will help appease concerns. | Regarding the question about lighting, Kingston Solar LP responded that preliminary designs have no lighting on the open fields where the project will be located. | 11-Apr-12 |
| 11-Apr-12 | E-mail | Individual enquired whether the installation would include lighting and provided general comments regarding setbacks, landscaping and visual barriers. | Kingston Solar LP representative indicated that current plans do not include lighting. The Kingston Solar LP representative brought the project FAQ section to the attention of the individual (http://www.samsungrenewableenergy.ca/sites/default/files/Websi te%20FAQ%20April%205%202012_Final.pdf) and highlighted the Interim Community Session that was to take place at the Invista Centre on Tuesday April 17th in Kingston. | 11-May-12 |
| 18-Apr-12 | E-mail | What guarantee is Samsung going to give residents to assure the safety and integrity of wells in the project area? We have asked this question many times and it is a very valid concern. Again, when we asked one of your "experts" from AMEC at the Loyalist Township council meeting, he replied and I quote, "The water issue is a red herringwhat's your next question?" This response was flip, arrogant and completely unsatisfactory. Recently The Whig Standard of Kingston ran an article on the front page titled, "Ontario in way too deep", March 15, 2012, where residents of Rideau Lakes Township experienced well problems ranging from sediment, E. coli and chloroform seeping into their wells due to 14,000 holes drilled to support solar panels. This particular solar project was 10MW, one-tenth the size of Samsung's proposed project. The MOE was consulted and they determined the well contamination was a result of the 14,000 holes drilled. The proponent was required to install a water filtration system for the affected wells and they also paid the residents an undisclosed amount of money for their inconvenience. So, now that there is evidence of issues arising due to drilling thousands of holes into bedrock, what guarantee is Samsung going to give the residents affected by this mammoth, industrial project? What is Samsung's fire safety plan for the fields upon fields of panels and are you working with the Kingston and Loyalist Fire Departments to develop this safety plan? Bush and grass fires spread very quickly and it is not inconceivable they would sweep into a field of solar panels. Can the flames around a panel be extinguished with water or would you have to use a fire retardant chemical? Would an overheated or melting panel emit toxic fumes and if so, what is the plan to have residents and livestock evacuated? #3 - I am sure you and your company are starting to realize the level of frustration and disapproval coming not only from Unity Road, but the many, many negatively affected rural residents of Ontario. FYI | Although well water quality assessment is not part of the renewable energy approval (REA) process, Kingston Solar LP will take the initiative to conduct a well water quality assessment pre and post construction, this scope of work will be completed under the guidance of the Ministry of Environment. Kingston Solar LP and/or the relevant Contractor would finalize a detailed Emergency Response Plan for the project in collaboration with Loyalist Township and the City of Kingston's Emergency Services Departments. Kingston Solar LP representative directed the attention of the individual to a website regarding property values (http://www.thestar.com/business/article/1158851wind-turbines-don-t-affect-property-assessment-ontario-review-board-rules) and attached an official document from the Ontario Assessment review board. Sol-Luce Kingston's 100 MW will be built at once (not through phases). Currently our tentative plan is to start construction on the second quarter of 2013. The construction period will last between one and half to two years | 23-Apr-12 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| | | #4 - Lastly, I read the maximum size for a renewable energy project is 10MW, so anything larger would have to be done in "phases". Is this to say your project would have to be constructed in 10 phases?? How long will our residential community be a construction zone? If one phase takes approximately one year to construct, can we expect 10 years of construction??!!! I do truly hope I am wrong with this information, so please clarify. I have written the MOE with this question and am awaiting their reply. | | |
| 23-Apr-12 | E-mail | Will there be use of herbicide and if so, what information is there on its implementation? Requested information about property fencing, location of installations and barriers. | No herbicides will be used. During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review setbacks and landscaping on a case-by-case basis. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages |
| 23-Apr-12 | E-mail | 1) What is Samsung's fire safety plan for the fields upon fields of panels and are you working with the Kingston and Loyalist Fire Departments to develop this safety plan? Bush and grass fires spread very quickly and it is not inconceivable they would sweep into a field of solar panels. Can the flames around a panel be extinguished with water or would one have to use a fire retardant chemical? Would an overheated or melting panel emit toxic fumes and if so, what is the plan to have residents and livestock evacuated? 2) Kingston Solar LP and/or the relevant Contractor would finalize a detailed Emergency Response Plan for the project in collaboration with Loyalist Township and the City of Kingston's Emergency Services Departments. | The construction contractor and operations contractor will develop emergency response plans in collaboration with each municipality's emergency services departments. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages |
| | | The Emergency Response Plan would include a plan for the proper handling of materials and associated procedures to be undertaken during an emergency. The plan would also specify containment and clean-up materials and their storage locations as well as general procedures for personnel training. Developing this plan with local emergency services personnel would allow Kingston Solar LP and/or the Contractor to determine the extent of emergency response resources and response actions of those involved. | Comment noted. | |
| | | The plan would include key contact information for emergency service providers, a description of the chain of communications and how information would be disseminated between Kingston Solar LP and/or the Contractor and the relevant responders. The plan would also indicate how the Proponent and/or the Contractor would contact (via phone or in-person) Project stakeholders who may be directly impacted by an emergency so that the appropriate actions can be taken to protect stakeholders health and safety. | Comment noted. | |
| | | The communication plan for emergencies would be developed in collaboration with local emergency responders, and would be prepared following consultations with the Municipalities' Emergency Services Departments, including the local fire department. | Comment noted. | |
| 27-Apr-12 | Phone Call | Individual sought reassurance that property 11B would not be developed | No solar panels will be installed on property 11B | 27-Apr-12 |
| 1-May-12 | E-mail | URRPA expressed concerns about changing maps and disappointment in the consultation process. | AMEC responded and indicated they would review the concerns expressed with Kingston Solar LP. | 1-May-12 |
| 2-May-12 | E-mail | Individual stakeholder requests a meeting with Samsung representatives. | Kingston Solar LP and individual stakeholder arranged a date and time to meet. | 2-May-12 |
| | | Individual requested Samsung representative bring the site map that was presented at the open house to the meeting. Individual stakeholder cancelled the meeting due to illness | | |
| 4-May-12 | E-mail | Individual stakeholder thanked Samsung representatives for coming to visit. | Kingston Solar LP representatives indicated that it was a pleasure to talk to the individual stakeholders. | 4-May-12 |
| 10-May-12 | E-mail | Mr. Example contacted Mr. De Armas to enquire about the status of the projects final plan and to express his concerned for the project to date. | Mr. De Armas indicated that he would be in the Kingston area in the coming weeks and would meet with Mr. Compared and Second Se | 10-May-12 |
| 11-May-12 | E-mail | Individual stakeholder emailed Samsung representatives to confirm that the 90 day notice period had begun and to request a copy of the layout plan. | Kingston Solar LP representatives confirmed the 90 day notice period had begun and provided a portion of the full layout. | 11-May-12 |
| | | Individual stakeholder further enquired whether the layout was 100% or could still change and whether there would be berming and fencing. | Kingston Solar LP representatives confirmed that the layout confirmed and indicated that there would be visual impact assessment with appropriate mitigation measures. He also indicated that the fencing could be either inside the berm, a low tree line or other alternatives. | |
| 30-May-12 | Phone Call | Individual inquired about job opportunities. | Individual was thanked for their interest and told that there were no opportunities at this time. | 30-May-12 |
| 4-Jun-12 | E-mail | Individual asked if there had been any changes since meeting with URRPA and asked Samsung to propose three dates to meet with URRPA. | Kingston Solar LP indicated they were discussing the issues brought up during the meeting and have a full understanding of the URRPA's concerns. | 4-Jun-12 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|---|---|---------------|
| 4-Jun-12 | E-mail | Indicated that he had been in contact with consultant responsible for well water testing. Individual inquired about visual impacts and plans for berms in the area. | Had a phone conversation on Friday June 8 th . During our conversation I addressed some of his concerns regarding property 11B not being developed, vegetative screening, water well studies, et.al. | 8-Jun-12 |
| 5-Jun-12 | E-mail | Concerned citizens indicate they are very dissatisfied with the consultation process. Noted that Samsung's treatment of the community has been devoid of meaningful consultation to date. Requested immediate response from Samsung. | Concerns noted. Kingston Solar LP replied to the individual previously on June 4, 2012 (above). | N/A |
| 8-Jun-12 | Phone Call | Discussion regarding and vegetative screening on the west border of Property 11B and well water studies | Phone Conversation with individual to indicate to him that Kingston solar LP will take the necessary measures to mitigate any visual impact by planting vegetative screening. | 8-Jun-12 |
| 13-Jun-12 | E-mail | Could you help clarity when Dillon Consulting states a one sampling event, I take from that they are taking this one and only water sample? | We have taken the initiative to conduct a water well study based on the guidance provided by the Ministry of Environment's (MOE) Eastern Region Groundwater Unit. They have recommended that a groundwater monitoring program be implemented prior to the commencement of the construction phase. Yes, this will be the one and only sample. | 13-Jun-12 |
| | | Will there be other post construction samples? If yes how many samples? | As required by MOE's Eastern Region Groundwater Unit, Kingston Solar LP will develop a contingency plan that addresses complaints from neighbouring properties that relate to water quality / quantity issues. | |
| | | Will there be samples taken during construction? If yes how many samples? Will there be samples taken after construction? If yes how many samples? Will there be the same water testing at time of decommissioning? | In the event that a complaint arises against the construction activities, Kingston Solar LP should sample the complainant's well and appropriate monitoring well, if present. The water samples should be submitted as "high priority" to a qualified laboratory. If a problem is confirmed related to the construction activities at the site, then Kingston Solar LP should immediately provide bottled water to the impacted party and implement our contingency plan. | |
| 13-Jun-12 | Phone Call | Discussion regarding water well related Items. Individual proposed the idea of conducting a 3 well water studies for each, prior to construction, during construction and after construction, consequently a total of 9 studies. | Indicated to stakeholder that the water well study was being conducted under the guidance of the MOE. Additional possible measures could take place at a later stage. | 13-Jun-12 |
| 18-Jun-12 | E-mail | Individual indicated they had received the Samsung newsletter and that Dillon consulting had been in contact regarding the well water survey. Arranged for a meeting with Samsung. | Met two stakeholders at once the items discussed were. 1. The run-off that runs through property 11B onto the stakeholder's land this stream of water runs from late Sept-May. The stakeholder hopes that this water course is not changed or redirected in anyway. 2. Trees between property 11A and property 10. 3. Visual impact assessment 4. Water Testing with stakeholder suggesting that Kingston Solar LP possibly should conduct 3 pre-construction, 3 construction, 3 post construction. | 20-Jun-12 |
| 20-Jun-12 | E-mail | Now that the studies and applications for the Sol-luce PV Energy Project have been completed by Samsung, I would like to know if a decision has been made regarding the setbacks of solar panel installations from neighbouring property lines. As you are well aware, our riding facility sits very close to the property line adjacent to farm, where one of the largest of your installations is slated to be installed. Both myself and another neighbour, have petitioned you on a number of occasions to refrain from installing solar panels in the front field (next to the gas pipeline right-of-way) on fact the largest of your and pressure from your company. This particular field is very closely surrounded by our homes and should be excluded from the project. To date, Samsung has provided me no information regarding exclusions, screenings or setbacks in this very sensitive area. I would appreciate some information in this regard as I am sure it is readily available to you. I might add that at your Interim Community meeting that was held at the Kingston Invista Centre, both were sand would gladly remove their land from the project if that were possible. The elderly were signing a contract with Samsung and would gladly remove their land from the project if that were possible. The elderly were signing a contract with Samsung and would gladly remove their land from the project a glossy mail-out piece from Samsung yesterday by mail. In the second paragraph, Mr. Simon Kim proudly states that, "Kingston Solar LP has proactively addressed reasonable and tangible inquiries raised by members of the community, as a result, | Thank you for your email, I hope this email finds you well. I have had the pleasure to speak with you a few times: 1) One morning on the week of December 19th 2011. I (with Simon Kim) asked you about property and you were kind enough to guide us. I gave you my business card and clearly said that if you had any questions please feel free to contact me. I did not hear from you again until I contacted you again. | 28-Jun-12 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
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| | I ype | we have modified our preliminary project layout. These layout changes took place well in advance of the municipal and public consultation activities. ¹ I ask you, how could you make changes based on consultation with the municipalities and members of the community when the consultation had not yet been conducted? So far as I know, any input from me or my neighbours has been completely ignored by Samsung. As I am sure you are aware, most people in this community are extremely unhappy about sharing our beautiful homes with an industrial style energy installation of this size. Anything that might be done to reduce it or make it recede into the distance from our homes would be greatly appreciated. I await your reply. | 4) Tuesday April 17th during the Interim Community Session: In the feedback form you clearly wrote that you will like setbacks of 30 meters from properties. As you will be able to notice on our preliminary layout we are well over 30 meters away from your residential property. Additionally you wrote (in the feedback form) that water well should be tested, since then we have taken the initiative to test your well water multiple others. The water well study is being conducted under the guidance provided by the Ministry of Environment's (MOE) Eastern Region Groundwater Unit. They have recommended that a groundwater monitoring program be implemented prior to the commencement of the construction phase. As required by MOE's Eastern Region Groundwater Unit, Kingston Solar LP will develop a contingency plan that addresses complaints from neighbouring properties that relate to water quality / quantity issues. In the event that a complaint arises against the construction activities, Kingston Solar LP would sample the complainant's well and appropriate monitoring well, if present. Thus I kindly differ from you statement, as there have not been petitions in "numerous" occasions from you or for the second understand that we have secured land to develop this project and it is our intent to maximize the use of available "developable" land while still taking into consideration some of the issues raised by stakeholders. You have written some your concerns in the feedback form and we have addressed most of them. Under the REA guidelines there is a consultation process to review the Draft REA reports for the municipalities and stakeholders to comment. The municipal consultation is 90 days prior to the second open house. Kingston Solar LP's public and municipal consultation has been ongoing for more than a year. Since then we have held meetings with municipalities, stakeholders and multiple ministries, based on the feedback provided, we have made modifications to our preliminary | |
| | | | or your neighbours. | |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|--|---|---------------|
| 21-Jun-12 | Meeting | Discussed items related to his mother's lease agreement and setbacks, access roads on Rock Road. | Discussed mother's lease agreement, setbacks and access roads. Clearly stated to the land owner that it is our intent to maximize the developable area and that setbacks will be considered during the detailed engineering stages. | 21-Jun-12 |
| 25-Jun-12 | E-mail | Concerns expressed from individual. 1. Most significant are the claims that your company "understand(s) what is important to local community members and to incorporate their priorities into the project design". As quoted from the laminated document, "Kingston Solar LP has proactively addressed reasonable and tangible inquiries raised by members of the community, and as a result, we have modified our preliminary project layout". How have you accomplished this? It is URRPA's understanding that we have been the most vocal members of the community regarding concerns about your project. What consultation have you engaged in with stakeholders that has modified your layout? I certainly do not led as though Samsung do ur concerns with any seriousness. If I am mistaken, please correct me by outlining specifically how my/URRPA's concerns have altered your original plans. I am disgusted by Samsung's claim that the company understands what is important to community members. We, as a community, have been buildozed by Samsung and it is my expressed opinion that there has been no meaningful consultation to date with any members of Kingston or Loyalist Township. I feel it is completely and uterly dishonest for Samsung to claim that the company has shown compassion or understanding to local residents. The bullying nature that has been undertaken by at least a few of Samsung's employees to convince local landowners to sign on the dotted line is byeoud shameful. My previous next door neighbour, who is a senior citizen, is one and I have often found him in tears over the situation. How has understanding due there is no "program" in place. A program is defined as an ordered list of events to take place or vanous procedures to be followed; a schedule. Correct une [1 am wrong, but there is no on-going testing of well water. Samsung has hired a company to take well samples from a number of properties ONCE. This, therefore, simply gives a unreasonable as this project and all negative implications have been forced upun t | Regarding the section on the newsletter which reads "Kingston Solar LP has proactively addressed reasonable and tangible inquires raised by members of the community, and as a result, we have modified our preliminary project layout." Kingston Solar LP's public and municipal consultation has been ongoing for more than a year. Since then Kingston Solar LP has held meetings with municipalities, stakeholders and multiple ministries, based on the feedback provided, we have made modifications to our preliminary layout. Therefore the layout that is publicly available is the result of an extensive consultation process. The following items are the result of our consultation process to date: a. Hydro Poles: We will not build additional Hydro poles throughout our project, instead, Kingston Solar LP will route the collector lines through a joint use agreement with Hydro One and possibly Bell Canada. b. Setbacks: We are no longer building on the property just to the East of Quabbin Road. The installation will be over 200 meters away from your residential property. c. Roads: We will not be using Hegadorn Road to access our installation. Regarding the location of our access roads we consulted with Loyalist Township, County of Lennox and Addington and the City of Kingston prior to the crystallization of our layout. d. Visual Impact: We will be placing vegetative screens, berms or other alternatives in strategic locations to mitigate any potential visual impacts. e. Endangered Species: Our consultations with MNR have prevented us from using certain (sizable) properties where Endangered Species currently have their breading habitat. The water well study is being conducted under the guidance provided by the Ministry of Environment's (MOE) Eastern Region Groundwater Unit. They have recommended that a groundwater monitoring program be implemented prior to the commencement of the construction phase. As required by MOE's Eastern Region Groundwater Unit, Kingston Solar LP will develop a contingency plan that addresses complaints from n | 3-Jul-12 |
| 3-Jul-12 | E-mail | Follow-up response from individual regarding Samsung's comments (July 3, 2012). 1. I must agree that Samsung has met with local residents and municipalities over the proposal of your solar project. One must not, however, confuse meetings with consultation and implementation. The simple fact that Samsung has met with stakeholders does not mean that the feedback they have received has been taken into consideration and applied to the planning. My email to you asked for specific instances where consultation has modified the layout of your project. I will break down your response in more detail: | Kindly understand that meetings must occur before any implementation is considered this is just part of any consultation process. <u>Hydro Poles:</u> Our intention has always been to have a joint use agreement with Hydro One and Bell, thereby avoiding the construction of additional infrastructure in the municipal/county | 31-Jul-12 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date |
|-----------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | | a Hydro Poles: For months, the response of Samsung to stakeholders with respects to hydro generation, hydro poles etc. was "we are in the preliminary stages of development". It should be noted that it is my distinct impression that this response by Samsung was willing to address the topic of hydro was after the Rural Affairs meeting at the beginning of the year. At this time Samsung's position, in response to my strong feeling that all hydro generated should be tunneled toward the 401 and away from the homes along Mud Lake Road and Unity Road, was that they would be using existing hydro poles because any other method would be significantly more expensive. Therefore, the lack of installation of new hydro poles was strictly to save Samsung wore, not to adapt their project based on feedback from the community. I will also remind you and Mr. Kim that the strong feelings from the community to move electricity generated from the project along the 401 was ignored. Destbacks: As you do not state the reason, I am not sure why you are no longer building on the site east of Quabbin Road. I am confident, however, that this is not because Samsung has decided to listen to the heartache of local residents. My suspicion is that this part of your project has been altered due to the designation of the agricultural land your panels would have been installed on, not in any way due to setbacks. Correct me if I am wrong. ""Jose, you certainly have personally indicated to both and myself that the installation across the road from the staback has anything to do with stakeholder input and concern. Samsung must set their installation back 200 meters from our previous property because they are mandated to do so by the lease agreement signed with that practural rand nowner. It was the landowner's request that there be a 200 meter setback. Neither my concerns, nor Samsung's sincere commitment to maintain constructive dialogue' had anything to do with its lakeholders. You are mandated to so by the leases agreement signed with | Right of Way (ROW). There are sections in our layout that currently do not have any existing distribution infrastructure on the ROW, and we have decided not build distribution poles on those areas. Please understand this is industry standard (joint use agreements) not only within the renewable energy industry but also in telecommunications and power distribution. b. Setbacks: There has been an extensive consultation process with specific residents in Quabbin Road, and that is one of the key reasons why we decided not to build on the one field located right beside (to East side) of Quabbin Road. c. I would like to make it absolutely clear that I have never claimed that the setback (south of the TransCanada pipeline) across the road from 241 Mud Lake Road had anything to do with yours or request. This setback was established by the landowners with who we started consulting in 2011. I have clearly stated this to you and and I am reiterating it once again. 2. The well water study was conducted under the specific guidance provided by the local Ministry of Environment (MOE) office. After we consulted with MOE's Eastern Region Groundwater Unit we generated the scope of work which was tailored to MOE's directions. 3. Yes, I agree that for the most part our meetings have been cordial. I truly hope that the e-mails could get to be as cordial as our meetings. | |
| 8-Jul-12 | E-mail | meaning - of actually listening, genuinely trying to understand, and absorbing what is heard. Individual inquired whether there would be visual barriers such as berms from solar panels. | During the detailed design phase of the project, Kingston Solar LP will review setbacks and landscaping on a case-by-case basis. | Throughout the Project study and planning stages |
| 12-Jul-12 | E-mail | Individual concerned about the pipes and suggested the use of aluminum pipes. Also suggested cement blocks to eliminate the need for drilling. | Phone conversations with individual where it was clearly stated to the stakeholder that concrete blocks will not be considered as part of our design | 16-Jul-12 |
| 15-Jul-12 | E-mail | Individual requested to speak with Samsung prior to the August 15 2012 open house. | Discussed project over the phone with the individual. | 16-Jul-12 |
| 16-Jul-12 | E-mail | Individual inquired about receiving responses following the July 5th 2012 conference call. | Kingston Solar LP indicated it was still too early to make decisions regarding visual impacts mitigation. | 16-Jul-12 |

| Date | Contact Type | Comment | Response | Response Date | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|---|---------------|--|
| 24-Jul-12 | E-mail | Individual inquired about getting well water test results. | Provided update on well water tests by phone. | 24-Jul-12 | |
| 24-Jul-12 | E-mail | Individual concerned about berms and water quality. Individual asked for visual effects mitigation plans in writing. Samsung and individual arranged to speak by phone. | Phone conversation with stakeholder and communicated to him that visual mitigation measures will be taken into account. At that time Kingston Solar LP's representative indicated that most likely there will not be a written commitment. | 16-Jul-12 | |
| 26-Jul-12 | Phone Call | Discussion regarding vegetative screening, visual impact assessment amongst other items | There will be visual mitigation measures taken on the western border of property 11A | 26-Jul-12 | |
| 30-Jul-12 | Phone Call | Discussion regarding concerns about visual impact assessment | There will be visual mitigation measures taken on the western border of property 11A | 30-Jul-12 | |
| 6-Aug-12 | E-mail | issues that were raised in this email. Clearly stating to her (and him) that vegetative screening will be taken into account and setbacks could possibly be considered at a later stage during the detail engineering stages. | | 8-Aug-12 | |
| 8-Aug-12 | Phone Call | | | 8-Aug-12 | |
| 18-Aug-12 | E-mail | | | 21-Aug-12 | |
| 30-Aug-12 | E-mail | Individual submitted an email to various MPPs, Samsung and other persons outlining concerns: Adverse Health Effects on the residents of the greater Unity Road, Kingston and Loyalist Township Re: The combined solar development projects, submitted by Axio Power Canada Inc./SunEdison Canada on behalf of the Kingston Gardiner TS Unity Road, The SunE Westbrook Solar Factory project, and the soon to be applied for Samsung Sol-Luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project, and the SKyPower Sunspark Loyalist project Total anticipated output, 131 MW Dear Sir, Please accept this letter as my official comment as a resident of the greater Unity Road area which includes but is not exclusive to the hamlets of Sharpton, Westbrook, Glenvale, Elginburg, Glenburnie and Ernestown. Given the overall size and scope of the combined projects within our relatively narrow and densely populated area and the limited scientific evidence produced by developers indicating the construction and subsequent operation of these projects will not adversely affect ground water the residents urge your support. In project plans and draft proposals developers fail to acknowledge the fragile state of the highly vulnerable aquifers found below us that currently yield only shallow and dug well offerings for local residents. Additional health concerns related to the effects of large scale topsoil removal, concentrated drilling and proximity to high voltage are also yet to be scientifically addressed and the include: * Construction and operational effects on the air quality in the affected construction radius * Operational noise in the affected radius from inverters, substations and transmission lines * The effects of herbicides or panel detergents leaching into the fragile limestone below * Unknown risks for unborn children and infants in proximity to the transmission of high voltage Until this research is conducted and the resident concerns are met the Unity Road Rate Payers Association (URRPA), advises that industrial solar factory plans be h | No response required. | N/A | |



APPENDIX J

AGENCY AND MUNICIPAL CONTACT LIST

Agency and Municipal Contact List

| Agency or Municipaility | Office or Department | Title | First Name | Last Name | Mailing Address | City | Province | Postal Code |
|--|---|---|------------|--------------|---|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Federal | | | | | | | | |
| Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada | | Program Officer | Allison | Berman | Terrasses de la Chaudière, 10 Wellington, North Tower | Gatineau | Quebec | K1A 0H4 |
| Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada | | Director | | | Terrasses de la Chaudière, 10 Wellington, North Tower | Gatineau | Quebec | K1A 0H4 |
| Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada | | Senior Claims Analyst | Don | Boswell | 10 Wellington Street | Gatineau | Quebec | K1A 0H4 |
| Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada | | Claims Assessment Officer | Nicole | Cheechoo | 10 Wellington Street | Gatineau | Quebec | K1A 0H4 |
| Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada | Litigation and Portfolio Operations | | Franklin | Roy | 25 Eddy Street | Gatineau | Quebec | K1A 0H4 |
| Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada | | Claims Analyst | Janet | Townson | 10 Wellington St. | Gatineau | Quebec | K1A 0H4 |
| Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency | Ontario Regional Office | Project Manager | Stephanie | Davis | 55 St-Clair Ave. East, Room 907 | Toronto | Ontario | M4T 1M2 |
| Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency | Media Enquiries | | Lucille | Jamault | 22nd Floor, Place Bell | Ottawa | Ontario | K1A 0H3 |
| Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency | Ontario Regional Office | Director | Louise | Knox | 55 St-Clair Ave. East, Room 907 | Toronto | Ontario | M4T 1M2 |
| Environment Canada | | | Gayle | Thody | 4905 Dufferin St. | Toronto | Ontario | M3H 5T4 |
| Environment Canada | National Inquiry Response Team | | | | 77 Westmorland Street, Suite 260 | Fredericton | New Brunswick | E3B 6Z3 |
| Provincial | | | | | | | | |
| Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs | Aboriginal and Ministry Relationships Branch | Director | Pam | Wheaton | 160 Bloor Street East, 9th Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2E6 |
| Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs | | Deputy Minister | Lori | Sterling | 160 Bloor Street East, 4th Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2E6 |
| Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs | Corporate Communications | Director | Annie | Côté-Kennedy | 1 Stone Road West | Guelph | Ontario | N1G 4Y2 |
| Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Sports | Culture Programs Unit | Archaeology Review Officer | Katherine | Cappella | Suite 1700, 401 Bay St | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 0A7 |
| Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Sports | Culture Programs Unit | Archaeology Review Coordinator | Abbey | Flowers | Suite 1700, 401 Bay St | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 0A7 |
| Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Sports | Culture Programs Unit | Archaeology Review Officer | Andrew | Hinshelwood | 435 James Street South, Suite 334 | Thunder Bay | Ontario | P7E 6S7 |
| Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Sports | Culture Services | Archaeology Review Officer-Southwest Region | Shari | Prowse | 900 Highbury Avenue | London | Ontario | N5Y 1A4 |
| Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Sports | Culture Services | | Winston | Wong | 400 University Avenue, 4th Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2R9 |
| Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Sports | Culture Services Unit | Heritage Planner | Laura | Hatcher | 401 Bay St | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 0A7 |
| Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Sports | Development, Tourism and Culture | Director | Cindy | Ball | Hearst Block, 9th Floor, 900 Bay Street | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2E1 |
| Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure | Energy Supply and Competition Branch, Energy Markets | Team Leader, Project Management Office | Sunita | Chander | 880 Bay Street, 3rd Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2C1 |
| Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure | Regulatory Affairs & Strategic Policy Division | | Jennifer | Block | 2nd Floor, 880 Bay St. | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2C1 |
| Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure | Regulatory Affairs & Strategic Policy Division | | Denton | Miller | 2nd Floor, 880 Bay St. | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2C1 |
| Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure | Regulatory Affairs & Strategic Policy Division | | Robert | Patrick | 2nd Floor, 880 Bay St. | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2C1 |
| Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing | Communications | Director | Laura | Blondeau | 777 Bay Street, 17th Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M5G 2E5 |
| Ministry of Natural Resources | Aurora District | District Planner (Acting) | S. | Strong | 50 Bloomington Road West | Aurora | Ontario | L4G 3G8 |
| Ministry of Natural Resources | Peterborough District | Renewable Energy Planning Ecologist | Eric R. | Prevost | 300 Water Street, 1st Floor | Peterborough | Ontario | K9J 8M5 |
| Ministry of Natural Resources | Peterborough District | Manager | Karen | Bellamy | 615 John St. N | Aylmer | Ontario | N5H 2S8 |
| Ministry of Natural Resources | Aurora District | District Planner (Acting) | S. | Strong | 50 Bloomington Road West, RR#2 | Aurora | Ontario | L4G 3G8 |
| Ministry of the Attorney General | Programs and Community Development | Acting Director | Linda | Haldenby | McMurtry-Scott Building, 7210 Bay Street, 11th Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M7A 2S9 |
| Ministry of the Attorney General | | Attorney General | Chris | Bentley | 720 Bay Street, 11th Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M5G 2K1 |
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| Ministry of the Environment | EA and Approvals Branch, Project Coordination Section | Senior Program Support Coordinator | Narren | Santos | 2 St Clair Avenue West, 14th Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M4V 1L5 |
| Ministry of the Environment | Environmental Assessment and Approvals Branch/Air and Noise | | Doris | Dumais | 2 St Clair Ave W | Toronto | Ontario | M4V 1L5 |
| Ministry of the Environment | Kingston Regional and District | Director | Gayla | Campney | Box 22032, 1259 Gardiners Road | Kingston | Ontario | K7M 8S5 |
| Ministry of the Environment | Minister's Office | | Phil | Brennan | 12th Flr 135 St Clair Ave W | Toronto | Ontario | M4V 1P5 |
| Ministry of the Environment | Operations Division/EA and Approvals Branch | | Vic | Scroter | 2 St Clair Ave W | Toronto | Ontario | M4V 1L5 |
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| Ministry of Transportation | Planning and Environmental Office | | Gord | McRae | 1201 Wilson Avenue, Building D, 3rd Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M3M 1J8 |
| Ministry of Transportation | Planning and Environmental Office | | Stacy | Sweezey | 1201 Wilson Avenue, Building D, 3rd Floor | Toronto | Ontario | M3M 1J8 |
| Ministry of Transportation | Kingston Area | Regional Director | Kathryn | Moore | 1355 John Counter Blvd, PO Bag 4000 | Kingston | Ontario | K7L 5A3 |
| Ontario Federation of Agriculture | Ontario Federation of Agriculture | OFA Member Services Representative | Jim | Hair | 100 Stone Rd W, Suite 206 | Guelph | Ontario | N1G 5L3 |
| Municipal | | | | | | | | |
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| Loyalist Township | | Director, Planning & Development | Murray | Beckel | P.O. Box 70, 263 Main Street | Odessa | Ontario | K0H 2H0 |
| Loyalist Township | | | Ed | | P.O. Box 70, 263 Main Street | Odessa | Ontario | K0H 2H0 |
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| Loyalist Township | | | Alex | Scott | P.O. Box 70, 263 Main Street | Odessa | Ontario | K0H 2H0 |
| Loyalist Township | | Municipal Clerk | | | P.O. Box 70, 263 Main Street | Odessa | Ontario | K0H 2H0 |
| Loyalist Township Council | | | Ric | Bresee | 18 Cambridge | | Ontario | K7N 1R7 |
| Loyalist Township Council | | Councillor | Jim | Hegadorn | 1275 Kelly Rd | Picton | Ontario | K0K 2T0 |
| Loyalist Township Council | | Councillor | John | lbey | 82 Oxford Cres | Amherstview | Ontario | K7N 1P9 |
| Loyalist Township Council | | Mayor | Bill | Lowry | 26 Green Drive | Amherstview | Ontario | K7N 1W4 |
| Loyalist Township Council | | Councillor | Penny | Porter | | | Ontario | |
| | | | | | 040 Outerie Otre et | 12 in materia | Ontario | K7L 2Z3 |
| City of Kingston | | City Clerk | | | 216 Ontario Street | Kingston | Unitario | |
| | Planning & Development Department | City Clerk Director | Grant | Bain | 216 Ontario Street 216 Ontario Street | Kingston | Ontario | K7L 2Z3 |

Kingston Solar LP Sol-luce Kingston Solar PV Energy Project September 2012

Agency and Municipal Contact List

| Agency or Municipaility | Office or Department | Title | First Name | Last Name | Mailing Address | City | Province | Postal Code |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|----------|-------------|
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| City of Kingston | | | George | Wallace | 1794 Unity Road | Glenburnie | Ontario | K0H 1S0 |
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| County of Lennox & Addington | | Operations & Development Technologist | Jim | Klaver | 97 Thomas Street East | Napanee | Ontario | K7R 4B9 |
| County of Lennox & Addington | | | Steve | Roberts | 97 Thomas Street East | Napanee | Ontario | K7R 4B9 |
| County of Lennox & Addington | | County Clerk | | | 97 Thomas Street East | Napanee | Ontario | K7R 4B9 |